# **PLANNING REPORT**

# 1242-1260 Gordon Street and 9 Valley Road City of Guelph

# **Prepared on behalf of Tricar Properties Limited**



Kasian Architecture Ontario Inc.

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Project No. 1944

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### 1. Introduction

This report has been prepared on behalf of Tricar Properties Limited (Tricar) in support of Official Plan Amendment, Zoning Amendment and Draft Plan of Subdivision applications for the properties municipally addressed as 1242-1260 Gordon Street and 9 Valley Road and legally described as Part of Lot 6, Concession 8 (Geographic Township of Puslinch) and Lot 15, Registered Plan 488, City of Guelph. The total area of the property subject to this application is 3.121 hectares.

The proposed development for the subject property consists of two, 12 storey apartment buildings including a total of 377 apartment units. A total of 586 parking spaces are proposed. 63 surface parking spaces (including 57 visitor parking spaces) are to be provided along with 523 underground parking spaces on two levels. The Common Amenity Area is proposed to have a total area of 3,642 m<sup>2</sup>.

The existing dwellings on the property have been, or will be demolished. The demolition of these four dwellings will create Development Charge credits for this development.

A pre-consultation meeting was held with the City on June 13, 2018. This Planning Report was requested by the City as a requirement for a complete application.

## 2. Existing Conditions and Surrounding Land Uses

The Hydrogeological Assessment prepared by Stantec dated April 2020 identifies topographic high points within the central portion of the site, with the topography generally sloping to the northeast toward Torrance Creek and to the southwest toward Gordon Street. The Functional Servicing Report prepared by Stantec dated April 2020 describes the existing conditions as being split between two catchments with the easterly catchment flowing overland eventually discharging to the Torrance Creek Swamp and the westerly catchment draining to an existing storm sewer on Gordon Street.

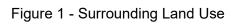
The Environmental Impact Study prepared by Stantec dated May 22, 2020 describes the existing site conditions as:

"The Subject Property is comprised of four residential properties, three fronting on Gordon Street and one fronting on Valley Road. Beyond the landscaping and hedgerows associated with each of the residential areas, the Subject Property consists of culturally influenced lands, including a centralized disturbed meadow surrounded by woodland, plantation, and hedgerow communities.

Adjacent lands consist of residential areas and roads, as well as forest and wetland features associated with the Torrance Creek and Hanlon Creek PSW."

The existing surrounding land uses include;

- North Large lot residential and vacant land condominium single detached dwellings.
- East Torrance Creek Wetland Natural Heritage System.
- South Five storey apartment buildings.
- West Five storey apartment building at the intersection of Gordon Street and Edinburgh Road South.



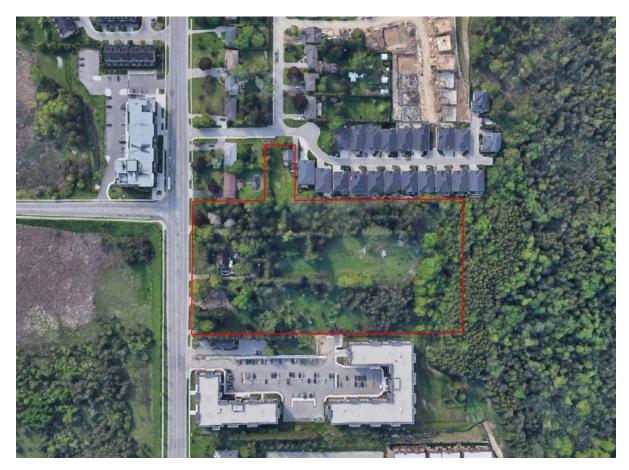


Figure 2 - 5 Storey Apartment Building Located to the South



Figure 3 - 5 Storey Apartment Building Located to the West



## 3. **Description of the Proposal**

Tricar Properties Limited is the owner of the properties municipally addressed as 1242-1260 Gordon Street and 9 Valley Road with a total area of 3.121 hectares. The proposed development for the subject property consists of two, 12 storey apartment buildings including a total of 377 apartment units. A total of 586 parking spaces are proposed. 63 surface parking spaces are to be provided along with 523 underground parking spaces on two levels. 57 surface visitor parking spaces are proposed. The Common Amenity Area is proposed to have a total area of 3,642 m<sup>2</sup>.

### 3.1 Draft Plan of Subdivision

The proposed Draft Plan of Subdivision will create a new municipal road to complete the signalized intersection at Gordon Street and Edinburgh Road South. A municipal park is included within the Draft Plan of Subdivision which will have frontage on this new municipal road. In addition to providing a neighbourhood amenity, this park will provide separation and a buffer between the single detached homes located to the north of the property and the proposed apartment buildings.

Figure 4 – Proposed Land Use

Figure 4 – Proposed Land Use						
Land Use	Block	Units	Proposed Official Plan Designation	Proposed	Area	
				Zoning	(hectares)	
Apartment	1	377	High Density Residential with a Special	Specialized	1.392	
			Policy to permit a Building Height of 12	R.4B		
			storeys and a density of 271 units per			
			hectare			
Park	2		Open Space and Parks	P.2	0.209	
Open Space	3		Significant Natural Areas and Natural	P.1	1.293	
			Areas			
Road					0.227	
Total	3	377			3.121	

Section 51.1(1) of the Planning Act allows a maximum of 5% of land for a "park or other public recreational purposes" to be dedicated to the City where residential development occurs within a Draft Plan of Subdivision.

#### "51.1 Land conveyed or dedicated for parkland

(1) The approval authority may impose as a condition to the approval of a plan of subdivision that land in an amount not exceeding, in the case of a subdivision proposed for commercial or industrial purposes, 2 per cent and in all other cases 5 per cent of the land included in the plan shall be conveyed to the local municipality for park or other public recreational purposes."

The proposed municipal parkland has an area of 0.209 hectares which equals 11.43% of the property area once the Open Space Block has been net out of the total area. The parkland proposed to be provided exceeds the maximum 5% permitted by the Planning Act. The parkland provided above the maximum 5% should be acknowledged by the City as a parkland credit for Tricar to apply to another property that they own within the city of Guelph. In this case a municipal trail is shown conceptually within the Open Space Block which is also proposed to be conveyed to the City, however, a parkland credit is not being sought by Tricar for these trail lands being provided to the City for "other recreational purposes".

The Draft Plan of Subdivision proposes to create a signalized access to Gordon Street with Edinburgh Road South. This signalized intersection will provide access to Gordon Street for the residents of the apartment buildings located south of the subject property and for Valley and Landsdown Drive residents located to the north. This new signalized intersection will be a positive contribution by this proposal to provide a controlled access for a significant number of dwellings located to the east of Gordon Street.

A conditional access easement in favour of the property to the south is proposed across the Tricar property. This access easement will be provided based on maintenance, cost sharing, liability and any additional issues being addressed to the satisfaction of Tricar.

The Traffic Impact Study prepared by Stantec dated May 22, 2020 identifies that the subject property is located on Gordon Street which is a major transit route within the City. As indicated on Figure 5, the site is provided service by Guelph Transit as well as GO and Greyhound buses and states that;

"Guelph Transit provides regular transit service within the study area through Route 1 Edinburgh College, Route 2 College Edinburgh, Route 5 Goodwin, and Route 99 Mainline. GO Transit provides bus service to the study area through Route 29 Guelph/Mississauga, and Route 48 407 West Bus.

The subject site will be well serviced by transit during the AM and PM peak hours. The closest bus stops are located on the north approach to the intersection of Gordon Street with Edinburgh Road South, which is approximately 100 metres from the subject site."

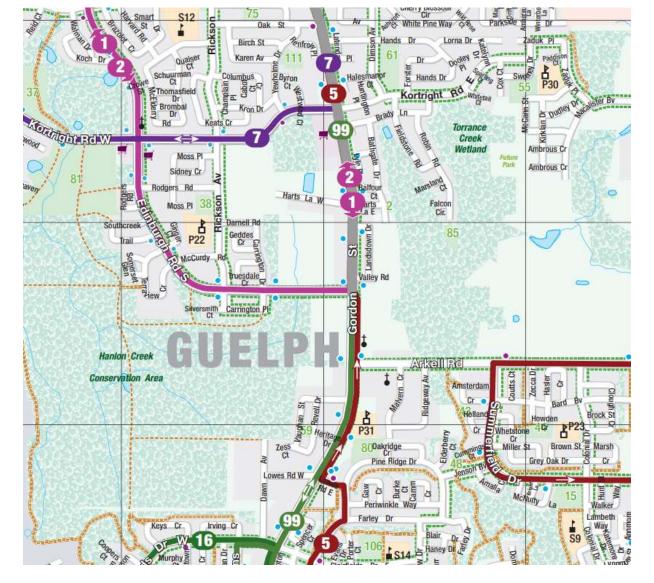


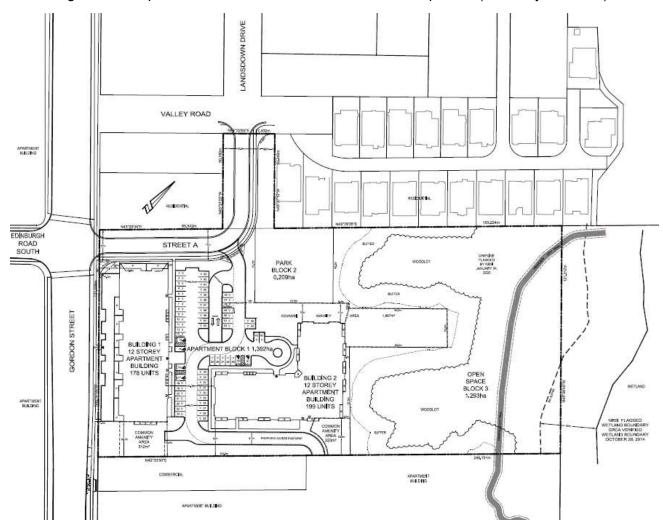
Figure 5 - Excerpt from Guelph Transit Route Map

The Traffic Impact Study prepared by Stantec also confirms the Active Transportation facilities available to the subject property;

"Sidewalks are currently provided on both sides of Gordon Street, Kortright Road, and Edinburgh Road. Sidewalks are available on one side of Landsdown Drive and Valley Road.

Bicycle lanes are provided on both sides of Gordon Street. The bicycle lanes along Gordon Street provide long-distance north-south connections."

In addition to the existing sidewalks and bike lanes, an off-road City-wide trail is proposed through the proposed Open Space Block.



### 3.2 Official Plan Amendment

An Official Plan Amendment is required to implement the proposed development. The subject property is located within an Intensification Corridor and along a major transit route and active transportation route. The site is appropriate for the proposed high density residential development. In order to accommodate this development proposal, the following changes are requested to the Official Plan;

- That a portion of the property designated "High Density Residential" by <u>Land Use Schedule 2</u> be changed to the "Park and Open Space" designation to accommodate a municipal park.
- That a site specific special policy be added to allow the maximum building height to be 12 storeys when section 9.3.5.2 of the High Density Residential policies permit a maximum building height of 10 storeys.
- That a site specific policy be added to allow the maximum net density to be 271 units per hectare
  when section 9.3.5.3 of the High Density Residential policies permit a maximum net density of
  150 units per hectare.

The proposed Official Plan designations are shown within Figure 7. The limit between the "High Density Residential" and "Significant Natural Areas & Natural Areas" designations are proposed to be refined by an Environmental Impact Study which does not require an Official Plan Amendment in accordance with section 4.1.1.17 of the Official Plan which states that;

"4.1.1.17 Boundaries of natural heritage features and areas that make up the Natural Heritage System shown on Schedules 2, 3, 4, and 4AE and shall be delineated using the criteria for designation and the most current information, and are required to be field verified and staked as part of an EIS or EA, to the satisfaction of the City, in consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources (MNR) and/or the Grand River Conservation Authority (GRCA), as applicable. Once confirmed in the field, and approved by the City, boundaries of natural heritage features and areas and established buffers shall be required to be accurately surveyed and illustrated on all plans submitted in support of development and site alteration applications. Such boundary interpretations will not require an amendment to this Plan. Minor refinements to the boundaries may be made on the basis of the criteria for designation, without an amendment to this Plan."

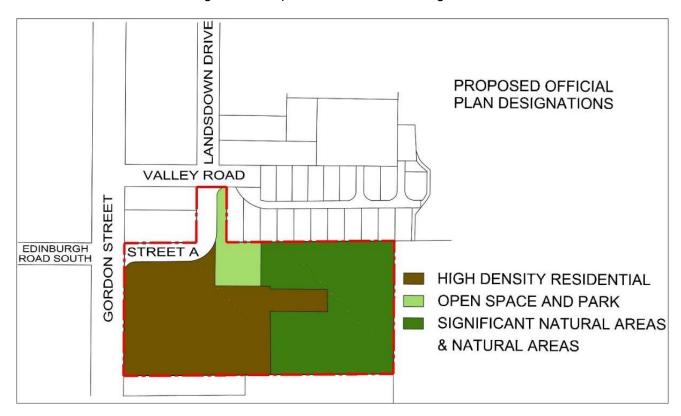


Figure 7 - Proposed Official Plan Designations

The Guelph Official Plan includes a definition of Net Density. This definition calculates Net Density by excluding roads and any lands that have been dedicated to the City. The definition of Net Density as it appears in the Official Plan is found below;

"Net Density means: the concentration of residential development, calculated by dividing the total number of dwellings by the net area of the site developed for residential purposes. This term excludes roads and road rights-of-way and areas that have been dedicated to the City or another public agency."

In this case, the road to be conveyed to the City and to be constructed by Tricar, will provide a significant benefit to the City by providing a signalized intersection which will greatly improve traffic access to Gordon Street for current and proposed residents located on the east side of Gordon Street. The provision of the municipal park is a benefit to the City by providing this public recreational amenity for residents within the intensification corridor and high density residential area. In addition, the conveyance of the Open Space Block to the City by Tricar will allow the City to complete the City-wide trail network in this area. Tricar will be conveying the lands to benefit the City. On this basis, if the total area of the property of 3.121 hectares is used to calculate the density before the road, park and trail have been dedicated to the City, the density of the site would be 121 units per hectare. This provides some context for the Net Density of 271 units per hectare that has been requested.

Tricar has included more smaller units to target the PPS affordability definition. Affordability is reached by providing smaller units. These smaller units and more units help offset the cost of capital common items in the building (ie. mechanical systems, roof coverage, elevators, electrical systems, security systems), as well as, the operational and future maintenance costs (ie. utilities, maintenance fees, building management cost). Smaller units, therefore, mean more suites to reach a balance of optimization for the building design and economics. Affordability equals, smaller units and more units, resulting in the higher density being requested.

Recent and ongoing changes to the Planning Act through Bill 108 have removed the Height and Density provisions within the Act. Where increases in height and density could have been implemented without an Official Plan Amendment previously where a community benefit is being provided, this ability has now been removed from the Planning Act. This change has necessitated that proposed increases in height and density be requested through this Official Plan Amendment.

The proposed height of 12 storeys is appropriate along the identified Intensification Corridor within the Built Boundary of the City. The subject property is located along a major transit route and active transportation route. To the south and west of the property are existing apartment buildings. A municipal park is proposed to provide separation and a buffer from the existing single detached homes located to the north.

The Guelph Official Plan includes criteria to be met for apartment intensification proposals. An outline of these policies and how they have been addressed by the proposal has been included in Figure 8.

Figure 8 - Official Plan Criteria for Multi-Unit Residential Buildings and Intensification Proposals

9.3.1.1 Development Criteria for Multi-Unit Residential Buildings and Intensification Proposals
The following criteria will be used to assess development proposals for multi-unit residential development
within all residential designations and for intensification proposals within existing residential neighbourhoods.
These criteria are to be applied in conjunction with the applicable Urban Design policies of this Plan.

#### Official Plan Policy **Analysis** 1. Building form, scale, height, The proposed 12 storey building form has a scale, height, setbacks, setbacks, massing, appearance appearance and siting compatible in design, character and orientation and siting are compatible in with buildings in the immediate vicinity of the site. The abutting land uses design, character and orientation include 5 storey apartment buildings located to the south and east. The with buildings in the immediate proposed park provides a buffer and setback to the single detached residential dwellings located to the north. vicinity. 3. The residential development can be The residential development can be adequately served by shopping adequately served by local facilities, schools, trails, parks, recreation facilities and public transit. convenience and neighbourhood There are grocery stores and other commercial areas located in shopping facilities, schools, trails, proximity to the site. The site is well served by public transit. A municipal parks, recreation facilities and public park is being provided as part of the proposal. transit. 4. Vehicular traffic generated from The property is proposed to create a municipal road with access to the proposed development will not Gordon Street at a signalized intersection. The Traffic Impact Study have an unacceptable impact on prepared by Stantec did not identify an unacceptable impact on the the planned function of the planned function of the adjacent roads and intersections. adjacent roads and intersections. Vehicular access to the site from Gordon Street can be adequately 5. Vehicular access, parking and circulation can be adequately provided. The proposed parking on-site meets the total parking required provided and impacts mitigated. by the City's zoning. That The Functional Servicing Report prepared by Stantec has determined adequate municipal infrastructure, services and that adequate municipal services can be provided. Common Amenity amenity areas for residents can be Areas and a municipal park are proposed to provide adequate amenity provided. areas for residents. 7. Surface parking and driveways Surface parking has been minimized by providing two levels of underground parking. The existing driveways on the site have been shall be minimized. reduced to the one driveway proposed. 8. Development shall extend, establish The proposed new municipal road will extend the publicly accessible or reinforce a publicly accessible street street grid network and ensure appropriate connectivity for pedestrians, grid network to ensure appropriate cyclist and vehicular traffic. connectivity for pedestrians, cyclist and vehicular traffic, where applicable. The Wind Study prepared by RWDI determined that appropriate wind 9. Impacts on adjacent properties are minimized in relation to conditions are expected at the sidewalks along Gordon Street within grading, drainage, location of most of the site. Between the two proposed buildings, on the patios and service areas and microclimatic common amenity area less than ideal wind conditions are predicted conditions, such as wind and therefore wind mitigation is recommended. shadowing. The Shadow Study prepared by Kasian concludes that the shadows cast during the summer solstice have no impact on existing developments adjacent to the site, and little impact on each other. Morning shadowing will primarily impact the parking areas during this time. The shadows cast during the spring/fall solstice have minor impacts on the existing developments adjacent to the site, primarily impacting the sites to the north during a short window in the morning hours. Before sunset, the property to the south may experience minor impacts from the proposed buildings. The shadowing impacts during the winter solstice may impact

the properties to the north from sunset to around 3:00 pm.

The proposed Official Plan Amendment which implements the proposed development is appropriate for the subject property located within a High Density Residential designation in an Intensification Corridor and along a major transit route and active transportation route.

### 3.3 Zoning By-law Amendment

A Zoning By-law Amendment is required to implement the development proposal for 377 units within two 12 storey apartment buildings. The proposed Specialized R.4B-\_\_ Zone implements the High Density Residential designation in the Official Plan applicable to the subject property. The proposed zoning is shown by Figure 9. The P.2 Zone will apply where the municipal park is proposed. The P.1 Zone will ensure that the natural features and their buffers are protected.

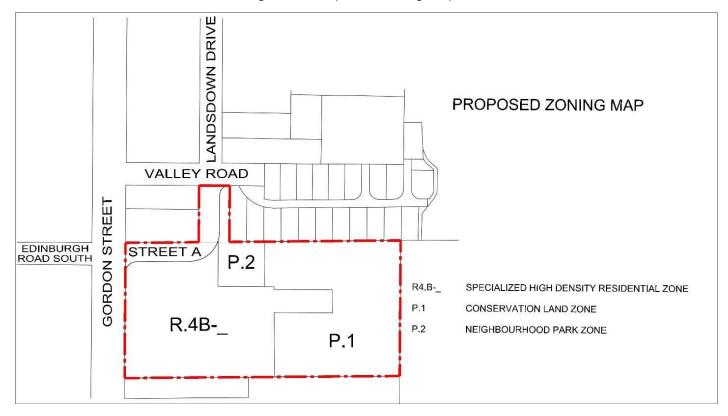


Figure 9 - Proposed Zoning Map

An analysis of the zoning regulations has been undertaken and is summarized within Figure 10. The required specialized zoning regulations have been identified.

Figure 10 – Zoning Compliance

High Density Apartment R.4B Zone					
Zoning Regulation	Required	Provided	Compliance		
Minimum Lot Area	650 m <sup>2</sup>	13,920 m <sup>2</sup>	Yes		
Minimum Lot Frontage	15 m	82 m (Street A)	Yes		
Maximum Density units/ha	150 (377 units)	271 units/ha	No		
Minimum Front Yard	6 m	0.8 m (Street A)	No		
Minimum Exterior Side Yard	6 m	1.2m (Gordon St.)	No		
Minimum Side Yard	Building 1 - 22.34 m	2.4 m	No		
(Section 5.4.2.1) half the <b>Building Height</b> , and	(Building height 44.68 m)				
in no case less than 3 m.	Building 2 – 20.74 m				
	(Building height 41.48 m)				
Minimum Rear Yard 20% of lot depth or half	20.7 m	18.4 m	No		
the building height whichever is greater, not	(20% of 103.5 m)	(Building 1)			
less than 7.5 m					
Maximum Building Height	10 storeys	12 storeys	No		
Minimum Distance Between Buildings	43.08 m	24.3 m	No		
5.4.2.2.1 distance between Buildings which					
contain windows of Habitable Rooms, be half	Building 1 - 44.68 m				
the total height of the two Buildings and in no case less than 15 metres.	Building 2 – 41.48 m				
Minimum Common Amenity Area (Section	7 740 m²	Total CAA 2 642 m <sup>2</sup>	No		
5.4.2.4) 30 m <sup>2</sup> per dwelling unit for each unit	7,740 m <sup>2</sup>	Total CAA 3,642 m <sup>2</sup>	No		
up to 20. For each additional dwelling unit, 20	077	1-1			
m <sup>2</sup> of <b>Common Amenity Area</b> shall be	377 units	Indoor CAA 940 m <sup>2</sup>			
provided and aggregated into areas of not less		Outdoor CAA 2,702m <sup>2</sup>			
than 50 m <sup>2</sup> .					
Minimum Landscape Open Space - 40% of the	40%	41.8%	Yes		
Lot Area for buildings from 5 - 10 storeys	(5,827m <sup>2</sup> )	11.67	.00		
Off-Street Parking (Section 4.13) for the first	477 parking spaces	63 surface	Yes		
20 units: 1.5 per unit, and for each unit in	Tr pariting spasse	523 underground	103		
excess of 20: 1.25 per unit		586 total			
20% Visitor Parking 4.13	96 parking spaces	57 parking spaces	No		
4.13.2.2 Parking Space shall be located in the S			No		
4.13.2.2.1 Despite Section 4.13.2.2, only visitor			Yes		
parking required) may be located in the Front Ya					
required Front or Exterior Side Yard.	•				
4.13.2.2.2 surface Driveway or Parking Area sha	all be a minimum of 3 m from a	Building entrance or	Yes		
window of a Habitable Room.					
4.13.3.2.2 Despite Section 4.13.3.2.1, the	Underground	Underground	No		
minimum Parking Space dimensions for R.4	3 m x 6 m	2.74 m x 5.486m			
Zones are 3 metres by 6 metres within a					
Garage. The minimum exterior Parking Space	Surface	Surface			
dimensions are 2.5 metres by 5.5 metres.	2.5 x 5.5 m	2.74 m x 5.486m			
Engineering Standard for parking aisle width is	7 m	6.6 m	No		
a minimum of 7 m		5.5 III	. 10		
4.16.1 "Angular Plane from a Park"	40 degrees from the lot	Building 2 from the	No		
Ü	line abutting the park.	park 77 degrees			
"Angular Plane from a Street"	45 degrees from the centre	Building 1 from Gordon	No		
7 angular i lano mom a ou oot	line of the abutting road.	Street 60°	110		
	· ·	Building 1 from Street A 71°			
4.13.3.4.2 underground Parking not within 3 m of a Lot Line.					
4.6.1 Corner Lots sight line triangle 9 m at the streetline					
4.6.2.1 driveway sightline triangle 4 m x 5 m					
Accessible Parking FADM 6 Type A (Van) - 6 Type B					
Buffer Strips Required abutting a Residential Z			Yes		
	Iding floor area 49,921.01 m <sup>2</sup>	3.59	No		
4.9.1 garbage stored within building.			Yes		

It should be noted that while it seems that the frontage should be Gordon Street, for the purposes of the zoning by-law definitions, the frontage is considered to be the proposed Street A which can create additional specialized zoning regulations. The following Specialized Zoning Regulations are being requested as part of the High Density Apartment R.4B-\_\_ Zone;

- That a Maximum Density of 271 units per hectare be permitted where the zoning permits a maximum of 150 units per hectare.
- That a Minimum Front Yard of 0.8 m be permitted where the zoning requires a minimum of 6 m.
- That a Minimum Exterior Side Yard of 1.2 m be permitted where the zoning requires a minimum of 6 m.
- That a Minimum Side Yard of 2.4 m be permitted where the zoning requires a minimum of 20.74 m
- That a Minimum Rear Yard of 18.4 m be permitted where the zoning requires a minimum of 20.7 m.
- That a Maximum Building Height of 12 storeys be permitted where the zoning permits a maximum of 10 storeys.
- That a Minimum Distance between Buildings with windows to habitable rooms of 24.3 m be permitted where the zoning requires a minimum of 43.08 m.
- That a Minimum Common Amenity Area of 3,642 m<sup>2</sup> be permitted where the zoning requires a minimum of 7,740 m<sup>2</sup>.
- That 57 surface Visitor Parking Spaces be provided where the zoning requires a minimum of 96 visitor parking spaces.
- That parking spaces be permitted to be provided within the municipal park block where the zoning requires parking spaces to be located a minimum of 3m from any Lot Line.
- That a minimum underground parking space dimensions of 2.74 m by 5.486 m be permitted where the zoning requires a minimum of 3 m by 6 m.
- That the minimum exterior parking space dimensions of 2.74 m by 5.486 m be permitted where the zoning requires a minimum of 2.5 m by 5.5 m.
- That the angular plane from a park be permitted to be 77 degrees where the zoning requires a minimum angular plane of 40 degrees.
- That the angular plane from Gordon Street for Building 1 be permitted to be 60 degrees where the zoning requires a minimum angular plane of 45 degrees.
- That the angular plane from Street A for Building 1 be permitted to be 71 degrees where the zoning requires a minimum angular plane of 45 degrees.
- That a building be permitted within the 9 m corner sight line triangle where the zoning does not permit a building to be located within the 9 m corner sight line triangle.
- That a Maximum Floor Space Index of 3.59 be permitted when the zoning permits a maximum of 1.5.

### **Density**

A Maximum Density of 271 units per hectare is being requested where the zoning permits a maximum of 150 units per hectare. In this case, the road to be conveyed to the City and to be constructed by Tricar, will provide a significant benefit to the City by providing a signalized intersection which will greatly improve traffic access to Gordon Street for current and proposed residents located on the east side of Gordon Street.

The provision of the municipal park is also a benefit to the City by providing this public recreational amenity for residents within the intensification corridor and high density residential area. In addition, the conveyance of the Open Space Block to the City by Tricar will allow the City to complete the City-wide trail network in this area. On this basis, if the total area of the property of 3.121 hectares is used to calculate the density before the road, park and trail have been dedicated to the City, the density of the site would be 121 units per hectare. This provides some context for the Net Density of 271 units per hectare that has been requested.

### **Building Setbacks**

The design of the site is being led by a few different considerations including providing an enhanced setback from the single detached homes located to the north, buffering and protecting the natural heritage features on the property and ensuring that the majority of the parking is provided underground, among others.

The specialized zoning regulations related to building setbacks reflect the two underground parking level limits. The towers of the apartment buildings are setback further than the minimum that has been applied for the podium in the zoning.

The Urban Design Brief describes the transition treatment along Gordon Street and the additional setbacks provided;

"Along the Gordon Street site edge, Residence 1 has townhouses facing this street with the main tower set back 10.7 metres from the existing property line. From the extension of Edinburgh Road, Residence 1 has a 6.4m setback. From both roads, patio spaces for each of the nine townhouse units extends closer to the right-of-way, providing a transition from the activities of the sidewalks to the residential units. The tower of Residence 1 is stepped at the fourth floor to push the highest portions back further away from the street. In doing so, an appropriate angular plane transition is incorporated into the design with a 60-degree transition between Residence 1 and Gordon Street."

#### **Common Amenity Area**

A request to permit a minimum Common Amenity Area of 3,642  $\rm m^2$  where the zoning requires a minimum of 7,740  $\rm m^2$  has been applied for. The Common Amenity Area provided includes an area that will be surrounded by the existing trees on the property and will be a special area for residents to enjoy nature. Sustainability is provided with high densities that maintain natural heritage features and provide amenity space for residents at the same time. In addition to the Common Amenity Areas provided both indoors and outdoors on the subject property, a municipal park is being provided as part of the proposal consisting of 2,090  $\rm m^2$ . Together these recreational spaces will ensure that adequate amenity space is provided for residents.

The zoning requested for the proposal is appropriate for the development of this site and will ensure that proper development standards are established while maintaining compatibility with the surrounding development and ensuring that sufficient on-site parking will be provided without potentially negatively impacting the neighbouring area.

### 4. Planning Framework

### 4.1 Provincial Policy Statement 2020

Provincial Policy Statement, 2020 Approved by the Lieutenant Governor in Council, Order in Council No. 229/2020 This Provincial Policy Statement was issued under section 3 of the Planning Act and comes into effect May 1, 2020. It replaces the Provincial Policy Statement issued April 30, 2014.

The Provincial Policy Statement is issued under the authority of section 3 of the Planning Act and comes into effect on May 1, 2020. In respect of the exercise of any authority that affects a planning matter, section 3 of the Planning Act requires that decisions affecting planning matters "shall be consistent with" policy statements issued under the Act. Comments, submissions or advice that affect a planning matter that are provided by the council of a municipality, a local board, a planning board, a minister or ministry, board, commission or agency of the government "shall be consistent with" this Provincial Policy Statement.

The Provincial Policy Statement provides policy direction on matters of provincial interest related to land use planning and development. (**bolding** added for emphasis)

- "1.1 Managing and Directing Land Use to Achieve Efficient and Resilient Development and Land Use Patterns
- 1.1.1 Healthy, liveable and safe communities are sustained by:
- a) **promoting efficient development and land use patterns** which sustain the financial well-being of the Province and municipalities over the long term;"
- e) promoting the integration of land use planning, growth management, transit-supportive development, intensification and infrastructure planning to achieve cost-effective development patterns, optimization of transit investments, and standards to minimize land consumption and servicing costs;

#### 1.1.3 Settlement Areas

The vitality and regeneration of settlement areas is critical to the long-term economic prosperity of our communities. Development pressures and land use change will vary across Ontario. It is in the interest of all communities to use land and resources wisely, to promote efficient development patterns, protect resources, promote green spaces, ensure effective use of infrastructure and public service facilities and minimize unnecessary public expenditures.

- 1.1.3.1 Settlement areas shall be the focus of growth and development.
- 1.1.3.2 Land use patterns within settlement areas shall be based on densities and a mix of land uses which:
  - a) efficiently use land and resources;
  - e) support active transportation;
  - f) are transit-supportive, where transit is planned, exists or may be developed;

- 1.1.3.3 Planning authorities shall identify appropriate locations and promote opportunities for transit-supportive development, accommodating a significant supply and range of housing options through intensification and redevelopment where this can be accommodated taking into account existing building stock or areas, including brownfield sites, and the availability of suitable existing or planned infrastructure and public service facilities required to accommodate projected needs.
- 1.1.3.4 Appropriate development standards should be promoted which facilitate intensification, redevelopment and compact form, while avoiding or mitigating risks to public health and safety."
- "1.4 Housing
- 1.4.3 Planning authorities shall provide for an appropriate range and mix of housing options and densities to meet projected market-based and affordable housing needs of current and future residents of the regional market area by:
  - a) establishing and implementing minimum targets for the provision of housing which is affordable to low and moderate income households and which aligns with applicable housing and homelessness plans.
  - directing the development of new housing towards locations where appropriate levels of infrastructure and public service facilities are or will be available to support current and projected needs;
  - d) promoting densities for new housing which efficiently use land, resources, infrastructure and public service facilities, and support the use of active transportation and transit in areas where it exists or is to be developed;
  - e) requiring transit-supportive development and prioritizing intensification, including potential air rights development, in proximity to transit, including corridors and stations: and
  - f) establishing development standards for residential intensification, redevelopment and new residential development which minimize the cost of housing and facilitate compact form, while maintaining appropriate levels of public health and safety."
- "1.5 Public Spaces, Recreation, Parks, Trails and Open Space
  - 1.5.1 Healthy, active communities should be promoted by:
  - planning public streets, spaces and facilities to be safe, meet the needs of pedestrians, foster social interaction and facilitate active transportation and community connectivity;
  - planning and providing for a full range and equitable distribution of publicly accessible built and natural settings for recreation, including facilities, parklands, public spaces, open space areas, trails and linkages, and, where practical, waterbased resources;

1.6.7.4 A land use pattern, density and mix of uses should be promoted that minimize the length and number of vehicle trips and support current and future use of transit and active transportation."

"Affordable: means

- a) in the case of **ownership** housing, the least expensive of:
- 1. housing for which the purchase price results in annual accommodation costs which do not exceed 30 percent of gross annual household income for low and moderate income households: or
- 2. housing for which the purchase price is at least 10 percent below the average purchase price of a resale unit in the regional market area;
- b) in the case of **rental** housing, the least expensive of:
- 1. a unit for which the rent does not exceed 30 percent of gross annual household income for low and moderate income households; or
- 2. a unit for which the rent is at or below the average market rent of a unit in the regional market area."

The city of Guelph has confirmed that the 2020;

- affordable housing ownership benchmark purchase price is \$421,836 and
- affordable **rental** housing benchmark price is \$1,245 per month.

With respect to affordable housing, Tricar is proposing to include 8 apartment units which will meet the Guelph affordable housing benchmark. (One studio suite and seven 1 bedroom suites)

The proposed development is consistent with the Provincial Policy Statement 2020 in the following manner:

- promoting efficient development and land use patterns
- promoting transit-supportive development and intensification
- planning to achieve cost-effective development patterns, optimization of transit investments, and standards to minimize land consumption and servicing costs
- using land and resources wisely
- supporting active transportation
- promoting opportunities for transit-supportive development
- accommodating a significant supply and range of housing options through intensification
- promoting appropriate development standards which facilitate intensification, redevelopment and a compact form
- planning public streets, spaces and facilities to be safe, meet the needs of pedestrians, foster social interaction and facilitate active transportation and community connectivity
- planning and providing for a full range and equitable distribution of publicly accessible built and natural settings for recreation, including facilities, parklands, public spaces, open space areas, trails and linkages
- promoting a land use pattern and density that minimizes the length and number of vehicle trips and supports the current and future use of transit and active transportation.

### 4.2 A Place to Grow (2019)

A Place to Grow May 2019 was approved by the Lieutenant Governor in Council, Order in Council No 641/2019. "The Growth Plan for the Greater Golden Horseshoe 2019 was prepared and approved under the Places to Grow Act, 2005 to take effect on May 16, 2019. This Plan applies to the area designated by Ontario Regulation 416/05 as the Greater Golden Horseshoe growth plan area. All decisions made on or after May 16, 2019 in respect of the exercise of any authority that affects a planning matter will conform with this Plan, subject to any legislative or regulatory provisions providing otherwise. As provided for in the Places to Grow Act, 2005, this Plan prevails where there is a conflict between this Plan and the PPS. The only exception is where the conflict is between policies relating to the natural environment or human health. In that case, the direction that provides more protection to the natural environment or human health prevails."

Excerpts from the Growth Plan are included in this report. **Bolding** has been added for emphasis.

"2 Where and How to Grow

#### 2.1 Context

It is important to **optimize the use of the existing urban land supply** as well as the existing building and housing stock to avoid over-designating land for future urban development while also providing flexibility for local decision-makers to respond to housing need and market demand. **This Plan's emphasis on optimizing the use of the existing urban land supply represents an intensification first approach to development and city-building, one which focuses on making better use of our existing infrastructure and public service facilities, and less on continuously expanding the urban area."** 

#### "2.2.2 Delineated Built-up Areas

- 1. By the time the next municipal comprehensive review is approved and in effect, and for each year thereafter, the applicable **minimum intensification target** is as follows:
  - a) A minimum of 50 per cent of all residential development occurring annually within each of the Cities of Barrie, Brantford, Guelph, Hamilton, Orillia and Peterborough and the Regions of Durham, Halton, Niagara, Peel, Waterloo and York will be within the delineated built-up area;"

The proposal for the subject property will assist the City in meeting the Place to Grow 2019 minimum target for the Built-up Area and to optimize the use of the existing urban land supply utilizing an intensification first approach to development and city-building focused on making better use of existing infrastructure and public service facilities, and less on continuously expanding the urban area.

### 4.3 City of Guelph Official Plan (March 2018 Consolidation)

The City of Guelph Official Plan (March 2018 Consolidation) includes the subject property within the Builtup Area and Intensification Corridors as shown on Schedule 1 – Growth Plan Elements. (Figure 11) The subject property is outlined in red. In accordance with the Official Plan, the proposed development has been planned to be compact and at a density that supports walkable communities, cycling and transit.

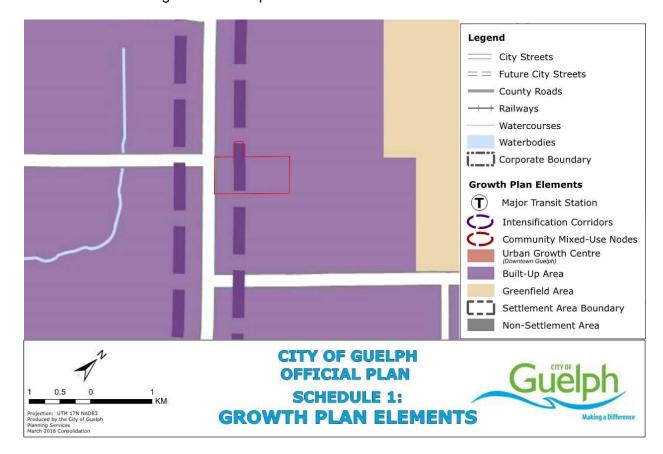


Figure 11 – Guelph Official Plan – Growth Plan Elements

### "3.3 Settlement Area Boundary

- 1. The City's future development to the year 2031 will be accommodated with the City's settlement area boundary identified on Schedule 1 of this Plan.
- 2. The City will meet the forecasted growth within the settlement area through:
  - *i)* promoting compact urban form;
  - ii) intensifying generally within the built-up area, with higher densities within Downtown, the community mixed-use nodes and within the identified intensification corridors:"

#### "3.7 Built-up Area and General Intensification

- 1. To ensure development proceeds in accordance with the objectives of Section 3.1 and to achieve the intensification targets of this Plan, significant portions of new residential and employment growth will be accommodated within the built-up area through intensification.
- 2. The built-up area is identified on Schedule 1 of this Plan. The built-up area has been delineated in accordance with the Growth Plan and is based on the limits of the developed urban area as it existed on June 16, 2006. The built-up area will remain fixed in time for the purpose of measuring the density and intensification targets of the Growth Plan and the Official Plan.
- 3. Within the built-up area the following general intensification policies shall apply:
  - i) by 2015 and for each year thereafter, a minimum of 40% of the City's annual residential development will occur within the City's built-up area as identified on Schedule 1. Provisions may be made for the fulfillment of this target sooner than 2015.
  - ii) the City will promote and facilitate intensification throughout the built-up area, and in particular within the urban growth centre (Downtown), the community mixed-use nodes and the intensification corridors as identified on Schedule 1 "Growth Plan Elements".
  - iii) vacant or underutilized lots, greyfield, and brownfield sites will be revitalized through the promotion of infill development, redevelopment and expansions or conversion of existing buildings.
  - iv) the City will plan and provide for a diverse and compatible mix of land uses, including residential and employment uses to support vibrant communities.
  - a range and mix of housing will be planned, taking into account affordable housing needs and encouraging the creation of accessory apartments throughout the builtup area.
  - vi) intensification of areas will be encouraged to generally achieve higher densities than the surrounding areas while achieving an appropriate transition of built form to adjacent areas.
  - vii) the City will plan for high quality public open space with site design and urban design standards that create attractive and vibrant spaces.
  - viii) development will support transit, walking, cycling for everyday activities.
  - ix) the City will identify the appropriate type and scale of development within intensification areas and facilitate infill development where appropriate."

#### "3.10 Intensification Corridors

- 1. Intensification Corridors are identified on Schedule 1 of this Plan and will be planned to provide for mixed-use development in proximity to transit services at appropriate locations.
- 2. Intensification corridors will be planned to achieve:

- i) increased residential and employment densities that support and ensure the viability of existing and planned transit service levels;
- ii) a mix of residential, office, institutional, and commercial development where appropriate; and
- iii) **a range of local services, including recreational**, cultural and entertainment uses where appropriate.
- 3. Development within intensification corridors identified on Schedule 1 will be directed and oriented toward arterial and collector roads."

The City of Guelph Official Plan (March 2018 Consolidation) designates the subject property as "High Density Residential", "Significant Natural Areas and Natural Areas" and "Low Density Residential" as shown on Schedule 2 - Land Use Plan. (Figure 12) The subject property is outlined in red.

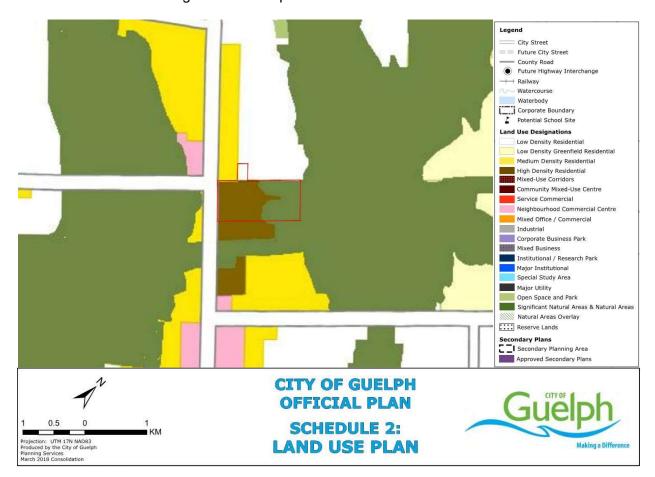


Figure 12 - Guelph Official Plan - Land Use Plan

#### "9.3 Residential Designations

The following objectives and policies apply to the Residential designations identified on Schedule 2:

- Low Density Residential
- Low Density Greenfield Residential
- Medium Density Residential
- · High Density Residential.

### **Objectives**

- a) To ensure that an adequate amount of residential land is available to accommodate the anticipated population growth over the planning horizon.
- b) To facilitate the development of a full range of housing types, affordability, densities and tenure to meet a diversity of lifestyles and the social needs, health and well-being of current and future residents, throughout the city.
- d) To provide for higher densities of residential development in appropriate locations to ensure that transit-supportive densities, compact urban form, walkable communities and energy efficiencies are achieved.
- e) **To ensure compatibility between various housing forms** and between residential and non-residential uses.
- f) To maintain the general character of built form in existing established residential neighbourhoods while accommodating compatible residential infill and intensification.
- g) To direct new residential development to areas where municipal services and infrastructure are available or can be provided in an efficient and cost effective manner.
- i) To ensure new development is compatible with the surrounding land uses and the general character of neighbourhoods.
- j) To promote innovative housing types and forms in order to ensure accessible, affordable, adequate and appropriate housing for all socioeconomic groups.
- k) To ensure that existing and new residential development is located and designed to facilitate and encourage convenient access to employment, shopping, institutions and recreation by walking, cycling or the use of transit."

#### "9.3.5 High Density Residential

The predominant use of land within the High Density Residential Designation shall be high density multiple unit residential building forms.

#### Permitted Uses

- 1. The following uses may be permitted subject to the applicable provisions of this Plan:
  - i) multiple unit residential buildings generally in the form of **apartments**.

### Height and Density

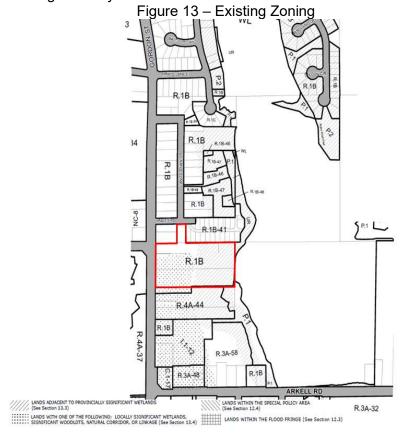
- 2. The minimum height is three (3) storeys and the maximum height is ten (10) storeys
- 3. The maximum net density is 150 units per hectare and not less than a minimum net density of 100 units per hectare."

The subject property is outlined in red in the excerpt from the Official Plan Land Use Schedule 2 which designates the property as High Density Residential, Low Density Residential and Significant Natural Areas and Natural Areas. (Figure 12) The site has frontage on Gordon Street, a major arterial road, transit corridor and active transportation link within the City. The Official Plan requires new development to be compatible with the surrounding land uses and the general character of the neighbourhood. There are three existing apartment buildings located to the west and south of the subject property. Traffic from the proposed apartments will have direct access to Gordon Street from proposed Street A and not impact any existing local residential streets. The proposal is compatible with the surrounding land uses and the general character of the neighbourhood.

## 4.4 Guelph Zoning By-law

The current zoning of the property does not permit the proposed apartment buildings. A zone change application has therefore been submitted to change the zoning to a Specialized High Density Apartment R.4B-\_\_ Zone. The current zoning of the property is show by Figure 13. The subject property is outlined in red. The current zoning of the property is;

- Residential R.1B Zone
- Lands Adjacent to Provincially Significant Wetlands overlay
- Lands with one of the following: Locally Significant Wetlands, Significant Woodlots, Natural Corridor or Linkage overlay



### 5 Summary of Supporting Reports

A summary of the supporting reports is provided herein. It should be noted that these report summaries are not complete and should not be relied upon. Please refer to the complete reports as the basis for any review.

### 5.1 Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management Report

The Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management Report prepared by Stantec dated April 13, 2020 concluded that:

- "Sanitary service is provided by the proposed upgrade to the municipal system located on Gordon Street just west of the site access.
- Water service is provided from the existing 400mm watermain on Gordon Street fronting this site.
- Enhanced (Level 1) water quality control will be provided for the site by a combination of OGS
  unit, and infiltration gallery. Adequate water quality volumes will be provided to meet the MOE
  water quality requirements associated with infiltration facilities.
- The proposed infiltration will infiltrate the 25 mm event to maintain predevelopment conditions.
- The proposed rooftop storage and detention tank will detain the 2- to 100-year peak flows to predevelopment levels prior to discharge to Gordon Street."

#### 5.2 Tree Preservation Plan

The Tree Preservation Plan prepared by Natural Resource Solutions Inc. dated March 2020 is summarized as follows:

- "In total, 707 trees were inventoried, comprising 9 species. Of the trees inventoried and assessed, 475 (67.2%) are native species and 232 (32.8%) are non-native. Several Eastern White Cedar hedgerows are present, as well as a hedgerow of Freeman's Maple and Norway Spruce.
- Of the 707 trees inventoried, 606 are anticipated to be removed. This includes trees situated along
  the grading limit or in close proximity that may incur root damage as a result of grading. Most of
  these trees are in fair health with an improbable potential for structural failure, and range in size
  from 10cm DBH to 105cm DBH.
- Compensation for the 516 private trees and 2 public trees may be in the form of 3:1 replacement 60mm caliper trees, \$500 cash-in-lieu value, 5:1 shrubs, or 5:1 of smaller stock trees. Most likely, a combination of these methods will be used.

Summary of Tree Inventory and Compensation			
Description	Number		
On-site trees	666		
Off-site trees privately owned	3		
Boundary trees	35		
Municipal trees on road allowance	3		
Total trees inventoried	707		
Trees exempt from compensation	88		
(to be removed due to their structural condition)			
Trees requiring compensation	518		
Total trees to be removed	606		

### 5.3 Traffic Impact Study

The Traffic Impact Study prepared by Stantec dated May 22, 2020 concludes and recommends that;

- The proposed development will be well serviced by transit during the AM and PM peak hours via Guelph Transit (GT) Route 2 College Edinburgh, GT Route 5 Goodwin, GT Route 99 Mainline, GO Route 29 Guelph/Mississauga, and GO Route 48 407 West Bus. Nearby transit stops are located on the north approach to the intersection of Gordon Street with Edinburgh Road, approximately 100 metres from the subject site.
- Sidewalks are provided throughout most of the study to accommodate pedestrian movements and provide connection to nearby commercial destinations and transit connections. Bicycle lanes are provided along both sides of Gordon Street to accommodate long-distance north-south connections, connecting the study area to downtown Guelph, however, cycling along other roadways would be accommodated within the vehicle travelled portion of the roadways.
- The existing 2019 operational conditions experience several deficiencies during the PM peak hour, and a deficiency on the eastbound left movement at Gordon Street / Kortright Road during the AM peak hour. All movements remain within their available capacities and only the stop controlled eastbound approach at Gordon Street / Landsdown Drive experiences delays high enough to reach a LOS of "F".
- The proposed development is estimated to generate a total of 121 trips (29 inbound and 92 outbound) during the AM peak hour and 141 trips (86 inbound and 55 outbound) during the PM peak hour.
- The future background 2024 conditions generally experience exacerbated conditions relative to the existing conditions due to the annual growth and nearby development trips, however, some movements experienced slight improvements in operations due to the introduction of the centre left turn lane along Gordon Street. An increase in cycle length to 120 seconds will improve the overall intersection operations at the most deficient intersections, Gordon Street with Edinburgh Road and Arkell Road, and bring the overall volume to capacity ratios at the intersections below 1.00.

- The future background 2029 conditions become exacerbated as a result of the annual increase in vehicular volumes throughout the network and additional deficiencies will be introduced as a result.
- The intersections of Gordon Street with Edinburgh Road and Arkell Road will continue to experience the most deficiencies and the intersection with Arkell Road may require a northbound right turn lane to alleviate the intersection deficiencies. The intersection with Edinburgh Road has limited opportunity for improvement due to the future east leg approach that will be introduced with the proposed development, however, a southbound right turn lane would alleviate the experienced deficiencies. The southbound right turn lane hasn't been incorporated into the subject analysis due to the impact that this geometric improvement would have on the adjacent transit stop and utility poles.
- The future background 2034 conditions will become slightly exacerbated relative to the 2029 future background conditions as a result of the annual growth of vehicular volumes.
- The future total 2024 conditions will become slightly exacerbated relative to the future background 2024 conditions, experiencing an increase in the overall intersection V/C ratio from 0.97 to 1.01 at Gordon Street / Edinburgh Road. The northbound through/right at Gordon Street /Arkell Road will reach capacity, increasing from a V/C ratio of 0.97 to 1.00.
- The future total 2029 conditions generally reflect those identified in the future background 2029 conditions, although slightly exacerbated with the addition of site generated trips; no additional deficiencies result from the addition of site generated trips.
- The future total 2034 conditions will become slightly exacerbated relative to the future background 2034 conditions, experiencing an increase in the V/C ratio on the northbound left turning movement at Gordon Street / Edinburgh Road from a 0.87 to a 0.92. The northbound through movement at Gordon Street / Arkell Road will reach capacity during the AM peak hour, increasing from a 0.98 to a 1.00, while the southbound left at the intersection increases in delay from a LOS of "D" to a LOS of "E" during the PM peak hour.
- The sightline assessment highlights that the new east approach to the intersection of Gordon Street / Edinburgh Road is expected to have sufficient sightlines, while the new south approach to the intersection of Valley Road / Landsdown Drive will experience constrained sightlines. The constrained sightlines are due to the vertical curvature of Valley Road between Gordon Street and Landsdown Drive, and due to the horizontal curvature of Valley Road east of Landsdown Drive. The risk of these constrained sightlines can be mitigated by applying all-way stop-control at the intersection, and will also be mitigated slightly by the reduced speed of vehicles from the west due to the intersection with Gordon Street and the vertical curve, and due to the open park area on the approach to the intersection which will allow drivers to see towards the east for the full required sight distance.
- The subject site is well situated for use of alternatives modes such as transit, cycling, and walking. Transportation demand management strategies such as information packages should be considered for distribution to new residents to raise awareness of and to promote these alternative modes."

### 5.4 Urban Design Brief

The Urban Design Brief prepared by Stantec Consulting & Kasian Architecture Ontario Inc. dated April 16, 2020 identified the following urban design goals and objectives for the site;

- "Create a streetscape aesthetic along Gordon Street and within the site (along the private access road referred to as 'Street A') sympathetic to pedestrian environment with the opportunity to provide "eyes on the street".
- Provide exceptional placemaking elements through architectural treatments and detailing, landscaping and vegetation, ornamental features, and site furnishings.
- To build a compact energy efficient neighbourhood that provides diverse opportunities for living.
- Design a space that is accessible to all abilities and ages.
- Preserve and enhance protected public views and vistas of built and natural features, including those to the neighbouring woodlands.
- Design for a choice of mobility including walking, cycling, transit and driving.
- Protect and enhance the distinct character of the City of Guelph, and the sense of community."

The Urban Design Brief describes the transition treatment along Gordon Street.

"Along the Gordon Street site edge, Residence 1 has townhouses facing this street with the main tower set back 10.7 metres from the existing property line. From the extension of Edinburgh Road, Residence 1 has a 6.4m setback. From both roads, patio spaces for each of the nine townhouse units extends closer to the right-of-way, providing a transition from the activities of the sidewalks to the residential units. The tower of Residence 1 is stepped at the fourth floor to push the highest portions back further away from the street. In doing so, an appropriate angular plane transition is incorporated into the design with a 60-degree transition between Residence 1 and Gordon Street."

The Urban Design Brief outlines the following sustainability measures for the proposed development;

- "Transit-friendly compact development with pedestrian and cyclist linkages
- Retention of existing vegetation where feasible & minimized surface parking
- Proposed installation of drought tolerant plants to be detailed at site plan
- Proposed planting of street trees that will contribute to overall canopy cover
- Integration of tree planting systems
- Lighter coloured roofing/siding materials, which reduces cooling costs and urban heat island effect
- Low-flow faucets, toilets, and showerheads will be incorporated throughout the units to reduce water consumption
- Closed-looped heating and cooling systems
- On-site full water infiltration will be incorporated on the building roofs to eliminate runoff from the site to surrounding waterways
- Energy efficient lighting
- Recycling and waste management
- High efficiency HVAC inside units (individual air handlers with ERV's and unit air conditioner)
- Individually metered units
- Well-constructed building to minimize future maintenance issues
- The use of natural light and natural ventilation in the building designs
- Utilization of local materials
- The site is fully serviced by existing infrastructure"

### 5.5 Wind Study

The Wind Study prepared by Rowan Williams Davies & Irwin Inc. (RWDI) dated March 2, 2020 concludes and recommends that;

- "Wind conditions on and around the proposed 1250 Gordon Street development in Guelph are discussed in this report, based on the local wind climate, surrounding buildings and our past experience with wind tunnel testing of similar buildings.
- The proposed development has a number of positive design features such a tower setback and podium on the Building A, canopies above entrances and recessed entrances.
- Appropriate wind conditions are expected at the sidewalks along Gordon Street within most of the site. An exception exists in the area between Buildings A and B where wind mitigation is suggested. Also, the patios on Level 1 and the common amenity area are predicted to have less than ideal wind conditions where wind control suggestions have been suggested.
- Given the risk of uncomfortable winds at some ground level locations and the Level 1 patios, we
  recommend that wind tunnel testing of a scale model be carried out at a later date to confirm and
  quantify these conditions, and develop wind control strategies where required."

### 5.6 Noise Study

The Noise Study prepared by J.R. Coulter Associates Limited dated February 20, 2020 concludes and recommends that;

- "The analysis concluded that the sound levels generated by Gordon Street will require noise control measures such as central air conditioning, warning clauses and double glazing of windows.
- The existing stationary sources ie. rooftop HVAC equipment form the adjacent apartment buildings were found not to generate a noise impact at this proposed residential development.

### 5.7 Archaeological Survey

AMICK Consultants Limited completed the Stage 1-2 Archaeological Property Assessment for the subject property dated February 1, 2016. The report concluded that;

"As a result of the Stage 1 portion of the study it was determined that the study area has archaeological potential on the basis of proximity to historic settlement structures, and the location of early historic settlement roads adjacent to the study area.

As a result of the Stage 2 Property Assessment of the study area, no archaeological resources were encountered. Consequently, the following recommendations are made:

- 1. No further archaeological assessment of the study area is warranted;
- 2. The Provincial interest in archaeological resources with respect to the proposed undertaking has been addressed;
- 3. The proposed undertaking is clear of any archaeological concern."

On March 14, 2016 the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport entered this report into the Ontario Public Register of Archaeological Reports.

### 5.8 Geotechnical Report

The Geotechnical Investigate prepared by CMT Engineering Inc. dated April 25, 2018 included the following findings;

- 10 boreholes were advanced on April 17, 18 and 19, 2018 from depths of 7.62m to 9.75 m below the existing ground surface elevations of the subject property.
- Accumulated groundwater was observed in Borehole 9 at 3.17 m below the existing ground surface elevation. Accumulated groundwater was not observed in any of the other boreholes conducted as part of this investigation.
- The presence of existing potable water wells was not observed/confirmed during the geotechnical investigation. A review of Ministry of the Environment (MOE) well records indicate that a former dug well was decommissioned at 1250 Gordon Street on October 11, 2005.
- Based on the grain size distribution curves and estimated coefficient of permeability, as well as
  the generally dense to very dense nature, the native silt and sand/and silt encountered in the
  boreholes are not considered conducive to storm water infiltration.

### 5.9 Shadow Study

A Shadow Study has been prepared by Stantec Consulting & Kasian Architecture Ontario Inc. which has been included in the Urban Design Brief dated April 16, 2020. The findings of the Shadow Study include;

"The shadows cast during the summer solstice have no impact on existing developments adjacent to the site, and little impact on each other. Morning shadowing will primarily impact the parking areas during this time. The shadows cast during the spring/fall solstice have minor impacts on the existing developments adjacent to the site, primarily impacting the sites to the north during a short window in the morning hours. Before sunset, the property to the south may experience minor impacts from the proposed buildings. The shadowing impacts during the winter solstice may impact the properties to the north from sunset to around 3:00 pm."

### 5.10 Hydrogeological Study

The Hydrogeological Assessment prepared by Stantec dated May 4, 2020 includes the following conclusions;

"1. Subsurface conditions across the Site consist of silty sand to sandy silt till (Port Stanley Till), which predominantly forms a horizontally and vertically contiguous unit beneath the Site, with this unit being overlain by a 2.3 to 4.8 m thick diamicton deposit consisting of very loose to dense sand and silt, with some gravel and trace clay. The Port Stanley Till occurs at elevations ranging from 341.6 to 334.7 m AMSL beneath the Site, with this unit extending to the termination depth of the onsite boreholes (333.4 to 324.6 m AMSL). Locally, the bedrock surface is reported to occur at an elevation of approximately 320 m AMSL.

- 2. Groundwater depths across the Site range from 1.0 m to 9.2 m BGS over the monitoring period (July 2018 to January 2020), fluctuating between elevations of 332.6 m to 340.7 m AMSL. Overall, the highest groundwater table occurred in the spring, declining by up to 5.6 m to its lowest elevation by late fall.
- 3. Groundwater contours mimic the prevailing topography of the Site, with a localized groundwater divide running along the northeast-southwest axis of the drumlin upon which the property is situated. Groundwater flows from the divide to the northeast and southwest towards Torrance Creek Swamp and Gordon Street, respectively.
- 4. The estimated velocity of groundwater flowing through the overburden beneath the Site towards Torrance Creek Swamp is calculated to be approximately 0.23 m/year (i.e., one meter every 4.3 years). Groundwater flow towards Gordon Street is estimated to move at a velocity of approximately 0.52 m/year (i.e., one meter every 1.9 years).
- 5. Neutral to upward vertical hydraulic gradients consistently occur beneath the area of the Torrance Creek Swamp that is located approximately 65 m to the northeast of the Site, although noting that the vertical gradient is observed to switch downward over the year. Overall, vertical hydraulic gradients beneath this wetland ranged from -0.06 to 0.17, indicating that the wetland functions as both a
  - groundwater recharge and discharge feature. However, the potential volume of groundwater discharging to the Torrance Creek Swamp during those periods where discharge conditions are present is expected to be minimal, given that groundwater moves at a very slow rate through the overburden deposits (i.e., one meter every 4.3 years).
- 6. Vertical hydraulic conductivities for the sandy silt till range from 5.6 x 10-8 to 1.6 x 10-10 m/s at depths ranging from 5.0 m to 15.1 m BGS throughout the Site. These hydraulic conductivities equate to infiltration rates of 5 mm to 21 mm/hour, indicating that the Site is characterized by restricted infiltration potential.
- 7. Groundwater beneath the Site is classified as calcium-bicarbonate type water. No tested parameters having health-related ODWQS were detected above their applicable standards. The ODWQS for hardness was exceeded in samples collected at all wells. The presence of elevated hardness concentrations is typical of groundwater in southern Ontario.
- 8. The proposed development footprint for the Site is located within the WHPA-C for the Burke Municipal Well. Subsequently, as per the Source Protection Plan, the Site is only subject to the protection policies specified under Significant Drinking Water Threat Policy Category 16 (DNAPLs). Since the planned use for the Site does not involve the onsite handling and storage of a DNAPL, the policies under Category 16 does not apply to the development.
- 9. Water balance calculations indicate that the annual pre-development infiltration volume occurring at the Site will be reduced from 5,229 m³ to a post-development infiltration volume of 3,154 m³, resulting in an annual infiltration deficit of approximately 2,075 m³. The post-development LID infiltration strategy proposed for the Site will involve the construction of an onsite infiltration (rock) trench that will be sized to infiltrate 25 mm storm

events captured from the impervious areas of the Site (e.g., rooftops, concrete/asphalt roadways, and walkways), resulting in an infiltration volume of 323 m³ for each such storm event. As per historical climate records, on average there are approximately five days a year where storm events total 25 mm, equating to a total volume of 1,615 m³ that will be directed to the infiltration gallery and, subsequently, mitigate roughly 78% of the projected annual infiltration deficit. Given that there are on average a total of 84 days where precipitation totals will range from 5 mm up to 25 mm, it is reasonable to conclude that the proposed LID strategy (i.e., rock trench) will more than mitigate the remaining annual infiltration deficit for the Site.

- 10. The steady-state groundwater pumping rate for construction dewatering activities is predicted to be 35,000 L/day. Higher dewatering rates could be realized at the start of construction and during storm / snowmelt events. A design dewatering rate of 321,000 L/day reflects a factor of safety to provide an adequate dewatering volume to account for wet weather events. Consequently, an MECP EASR will be required to complete construction dewatering activities, given that pumped volumes will exceed 50,000 L/day and remain below 400,000 L/day. Based on the volumes predicted, groundwater dewatering is expected to be handled using conventional pumping methods (i.e., standard sump pumps).
- 11. The proposed underground parking area associated with the development will be constructed with a waterproof base and, as such, no permanent drainage system /dewatering is planned for this structure.
- 12. According to the dewatering calculations, the predicted maximum horizontal distance that the pumping zone of influence will extend 65 m outward from the active zone of dewatering. This predicted dewatering radius of influence will not intercept the Torrance Creek Swamp to the northeast or Hanlon Creek Swamp to the southwest of the Site and, consequently, not interfere with the hydrogeological function of these wetlands."

#### 5.11 Environmental Impact Study

The Environmental Impact Study prepared by Stantec dated May 22, 2020 concluded that;

- "Various wildlife studies were conducted to characterize the vegetation, avian, amphibian, reptile, mammal, and terrestrial crayfish within the Study Area.
- One provincially rare plant (honey locust) was documented on the Subject Property but is proposed to be retained. It is possible this tree was planted based on the location along property boundaries.
- Locally significant wildlife species (Barn Swallow, Eastern Wood-Pewee, Hairy Woodpecker, Pileated Woodpecker, Yellow-billed Cuckoo, Red-bellied Snake) and plants (butternut, black maple) were identified, predominantly outside of the proposed project footprint.
- Potential impacts of the proposed development on the adjacent natural features are associated with construction (e.g., disturbance to wildlife, erosion and sedimentation, dust, encroachment),

biological contamination (e.g., invasive species), encroachment (i.e., ad-hoc trails, dumping), and vegetation removal.

- A series of measures are provided to mitigate and offset potential impacts of the proposed development.
- In the proper implementation of the detailed mitigation measures, no net environmental impacts are anticipated as a result of the proposed development. This is in accordance with the various policies and regulations."

### 6. Conclusion

This Planning Report has been prepared in support of Official Plan Amendment, Zoning Amendment and Draft Plan of Subdivision applications for the site municipally addressed as 1242-1260 Gordon Street and 9 Valley Road, City Guelph. The proposal is consistent with the Provincial Policy Statement and in conformity with the Growth Plan, is in conformity with the general intent of the Official Plan and in my professional opinion represents good planning.

This Planning Report has been prepared and respectfully submitted by,

[Original Signed and Sealed]	May 25, 2020
Astrid Clos, MCIP, RPP	 Date