

REPORT HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION

1 Clair Road East, Guelph, Ontario

Submitted to:

First Capital Asset Management LP

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background and Objectives

WSP Canada Inc. ("WSP") has been retained by First Capital Asset Management LP ("FCAM" or "the Client") to complete a Hydrogeological assessment of a proposed mixed-use development (the "project), located at 1 Clair Road East (the "site") in Guelph, Ontario (see **Figure 1**). The site is approximately 2.21 hectares (ha) in size and resides within an urban developed setting. It is bounded to the northwest by Clair Road East with community services to the north across Clair Road (Guelph Public Library) and commercial businesses to the southwest as part of the Pergola Commons Shopping District. Hawkins Drive and protected woodlot affiliated to the Stormwater management facility bound the site to the northeast, while Poppy Drive bounds the site to the south.

The purpose of the hydrogeological investigation is to characterize soil and groundwater conditions in support of development applications, including a Zoning By-Law Amendment (ZBA), Official Plan Amendment (OPA), and a Site Plan Application (SPA) to permit the construction of the proposed mixed-use development. The proposed development will consist of 4 buildings that contain between ten (10) and fourteen (14) storeys of residential units and retail space (see **Figure 2**). The development is proposing a combination of surface parking and underground parking (two levels). Based on designs provided by SvN Architects and Planners (Drawing A106 Level P2 Parking Plan, dated November 6, 2023, revised July 23, 2024), WSP interprets that the proposed underground parking footprint will have a footprint area of approximately 17,325 m², with the anticipated floor level of underground parking at an elevation of 333.85 m AMSL.

In accordance with complying with engineering comments provided by the City of Guelph from the first submission Review (OPA/ZBA Submission Material) on December 18, 2023, WSP prepared a supplementary Hydrogeological Assessment with the purpose to meeting the following objectives:

- Carry out additional groundwater monitoring events to obtain water level data over the course of a hydrological year in order to ascertain seasonally high groundwater elevations can be ascertained. Based on the City's Development Engineering Manual (DEM), one full year of monitoring data is required. Groundwater monitoring over the course of the year has been completed and data obtained has been provided in both a tabulated and graphical format.
- Update AQTESOLV plots for tests completed in partially saturated conditions (Section 4.2.8).
- Provide short-term construction dewatering pumping rates and an estimated Zone of Influence (ZOI) that may be encountered during dewatering. The dewatering assessment will provide references to methodology used and recommendations on whether settlement assessments will be required due to proximity to existing buildings/structures (Section 7.0).
- Review information available on the City's website, or through the Lake Erie Source Protection Region's Information Atlas, and provide Source Water Protection discussion, including site details as it relates to the City's Source Water Protection plan and policies (i.e. WHPAs, Vulnerability Scoring, Issue Contributing Areas where applicable).
- Provide mapping of the physiographic region and features of the study area.
- Provide an interpretation of groundwater flow direction.

 Provide insight into potential recharge and discharge areas within the study area with respect to referencing the Grand River Conservation Authority (GRCA) and the Oak Ridges Moraine Groundwater Program (ORMGP).

1.2 Work Program

The scope of work for the hydrogeological investigation has followed the requirements outlined in the GRCA document entitled "Hydrogeological Assessment Submissions, Conservation Authority Guidelines to Support Development Applications, June 2013", and includes the following scope of work, which was completed within the Initial Assessment in 2023:

- Review of pertinent background materials to the site, including previous geotechnical, hydrogeological, and environmental reports, as well as published geological mapping and interactive mapping platforms provided by the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation, and Parks (MECP) Source Protection Information Atlas (MECP 2020) to compile soil and groundwater data. A private water well records search was initially carried out in November 2023 and has been updated in May 2024 using the MECP water wells database.
- Field Investigations, including five single well response tests (BH23-1S/D, BH23-2, BH23-3, BH23-4, and B23-5) were carried out on-site on October 18, 2023, to estimate hydraulic conductivity of the soils across the site.
- One groundwater quality sample was collected from BH23-1D on October 18, 2023, and sent to ALS laboratories under chain of custody protocols for analysis to the City of Guelph Sanitary and Storm Sewer Bylaw (1996-15202) in order to assess pre-development groundwater quality conditions at the site.
- Groundwater level monitoring from available monitoring wells has been carried out on a total of seventeen (17) events between October 12, 2023, and May 30, 2025. Three (3) site visits were carried out during fieldwork in October 2023, with subsequent monthly events completed between April 2024 and May 2025. Monitoring wells BH20-1S/D, BH23-2, BH23-3, BH23-4, and B23-5 were instrumented with dataloggers in May 2024 to record water level measurements every 30 minutes in order to assess seasonal fluctuations of the water table. Borehole Logs of monitoring wells are provided in Appendix A.
- A dewatering assessment has been prepared to provide estimates of short-term construction pumping rates for excavation of underground parking facilities. The assessment provides recommendations on required permitting and next steps for water quality sampling prior to construction. The preliminary assessment prepared during the December 2023 investigation has been revised to account for both lateral and vertical flow in this report to address comments to support development applications.

2.0 REGIONAL PHYSIOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGICAL SETTINGS

2.1 Physiography, Topography, and Drainage

The Site is located in the physiographic region known as the Guelph Drumlin Field, which is dominant in the area north of the Site (Chapman and Putnam, 2007). In the Guelph Drumlin Field, local soils generally consist of stony tills and deep gravel terraces, the latter being typical of glacial meltwater spillways and the former being typical of drumlins and till plans (Chapman and Putnam 1984). In terms of physiographic landforms, mapping from the Ontario Geological Survey (OGS Earth) indicates the site resides fully within the Spillway features. **Figure 3** shows the physiographic landforms present in the vicinity of the Site.

The site is located at the Hanlon Subwatershed of the Grand River Watershed and within the boundary of the GRCA. As shown on **Figure 4** topographic high points occur along the south of the site along Poppy Drive East Road, with the topography sloping to the northwest towards to Central Wetland. The topographic contours throughout the Site range from highs of approximately 345.0 m AMSL near Poppy Dr. E Road (Southeast boundary) and 341.8 m AMSL near Borehole BH23-2 (southwest boundary), to lows of 339 m AMSL near Hawkins Dr. Street and 338.8 m AMSL near Borehole BH23-4 at the northeast portion of the Site.

2.2 Regional Geology and Hydrostratigraphy

Geological conditions within the Region have been mapped by the Ministry of Natural Resources and described in a study of the area carried out by Matrix Solutions Inc. (Matrix, 2017). Based on the Matrix study (2017) and the GRCA surficial mapping portal, overburden and bedrock geology near the Site is summarized as follows, listed from youngest to oldest:

Spillway Deposits: Glaciofluvial outwash and glaciolacustrine deposits of sand gravel with minor silt and clay associated with the spillway channels. (**Figure 5**; Unit 7B)

Ice-Contact Deposits: Predominantly sand and gravel containing lenses of silt and clay left behind by the melting of enclosed ice blocks (i.e., eskers, kames) (**Figure 5**; Unit 6)

Port Stanley Till: An occasionally stony; silty sand to sandy till, forming the till plain and drumlins that characterize the region. Some of the drumlins, however, can of an older clayey still till core that is subsequently covered by a layer of glaciofluvial and glaciolacustrine sediments (i.e.; fine to silty sand, sandy silt, sand and gravel) deposited from melting glacier ice, with the till extending to the bedrock surface. (**Figure 5**; Unit 5B)

Bedrock: The Guelph formation, representing the uppermost bedrock until throughout the region is described as a light brown/beige coloured fossiliferous dolostones and an important aquifer in the Guelph area (Brunton, 2008).

Surficial geology mapping (Ontario Geological Survey- OGS) indicates that the site is dominantly underlain by glaciofluvial outwash and ice-contact gravels with the exception of the south end of the site near Poppy Drive, which is underlain by sandy silt till of the Wentworth till deposit. A review of nearby water well records corroborate the presence of both types of soils, with thick deposits of sand and gravel being indicated by the stratigraphy listed on some well records near the site and till (e.g. stones and clay) being indicated by others. One well record that appears to be attributed to the Site (Well ID 6709321, see **Appendix B**) appears to indicate a stratum of till ("clay gravel") from surface to a depth of about 5 mbgs, overlying a layer of gravel and sand extending down to 16.7 mbgs. Bedrock in the vicinity of the Site is of the Guelph Formation, which is a sedimentary formation composed of limestone, dolostone, sandstone and siltstone. **Figure 5** provides the distribution of surficial soils in the vicinity of the site.

2.3 Regional Hydrogeology

Based on available hydrogeological studies in the area, including Matrix (2017) and Golder Associates (2011), the following aquifer and aquitard systems are interpreted to exist on a regional basis in the vicinity of the Site:

<u>Upper Sand and Gravel Aquifer</u>: an unconfined aquifer system consisting predominantly of outwash sand and gravel deposits. These units were reported to have a horizontal hydraulic conductivity ranging from 7.0 X 10⁻⁴ m/s to 6.0 x 10⁻⁶ m/s, with sufficient heterogeneity to estimate a vertical hydraulic conductivity approximately an order of magnitude lower than the horizontal hydraulic conductivity (Totten Sims Hubicki Associates *et al.*, 1998).

<u>Lower Till Aquitard</u>: dense sandy to silty glacial till (i.e., Port Stanley Till) that is occasionally interbedded with discontinuous lenses of coarse sand and gravel. This unit is reported to have a hydraulic conductivity ranging from 1.0×10^{-4} m/s to 2.0×10^{-9} m/s.

<u>Contact zone aquifer</u>: coarse, unconsolidated granular deposits directly overlying, and hydraulically connected to, upper weathered/fractured bedrock. This unit typically forms a thin aquifer having an assumed thickness of four meters (two meters above and below bedrock surface) (Golder, 2011). This aquifer is reported to have a horizontal hydraulic conductivity ranging from 1.0x 10⁻⁴ m/s to 1.0 10⁻⁵ m/s with the vertical hydraulic conductivity being one half (0.5) to an order (1.0) of magnitude lower than the horizontal hydraulic conductivity (Golder, 2011).

<u>Bedrock Aquifer</u>: Consisting of medium to thick bedded fossiliferous dolostone of the Guelph Formation. This unit reported to have a horizontal hydraulic conductivity ranging from 8.0 x 10⁻³ m/s to 7.0 x 10⁻⁹ m/s. The potentiometric surface of the groundwater within the bedrock aquifer is estimated to be approximately 325 to 330 (Jagger Hims 1998).

Regionally, the lands containing the site are characterized by groundwater recharge conditions, Mapping created using the Grand River information Network (GRIN) (GRCA, 2019) Indicates that downward vertical hydraulic gradients are present beneath the site, with annual recharge rates across the property estimated between 100 mm/year and 200 mm/year.

2.4 Water Supply Wells

Water well records on file with the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) for an area extending 500 m from the site limits were examined and plotted in November 2023 (see **Figure 6**). Based on a review of the MECP Water Well Records (WWRs) database, a total of fifty-nine (59) WWRs were identified within a 500 m radius of the site. A summary of these well records are presented in Table 1, with additional details provided on **Appendix B**. Out of a total of 59 records, sixteen (16) of them are identified as domestic water supply wells, twenty-three (23) are labelled as observation or monitoring wells, while the remaining twenty (20) records are labelled as either abandoned or lack sufficient details to ascertain well function or type. The depth of these wells based on well records are highly variable between 4.0 mbgs and 60.2 mbgs, with an equally wide range in water levels noted on the records. As the site is located within an urban developed area with municipal water, it is likely these water supply wells are no longer used for domestic consumption, however a private well survey would be required to confirm this theory. we interpret that existing wells may no longer be used. A private well survey may be required at the permitting stage to confirm this interpretation.

Table	1:	Summary	/ of	MECP	Well	Record	S
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WELL TYPE WELL METHOD	WATER SUPPLY	OBSERVATION WELLS	ABANDONED	UNKNOWN	TOTALS
Drilled Wells	16	23	16	0	55
Dug Wells	0	0	0	0	0
Unknown Type	0	0	0	4	4
Totals	16	23	16	4	59

2.5 Groundwater Recharge and Discharge Conditions

The hydrogeological investigation has carried out a desktop study on assessing areas of potential groundwater discharge in the vicinity of the site. Based on reviews of both the GRCA interactive mapping tool (<u>GRCA Web Map</u> (<u>grandriver.ca</u>)) and the ORMGP mapping portal, the proposed development is not located within a groundwater discharge area. The nearest identified groundwater discharge area is approximately 888 m northwest of the site within the valley system of Gosling Gardens Park. The ORMGP interprets that the Site resides within an area of downward gradients, suggesting the regional area of the site is largely dominated by groundwater recharge.

3.0 SOURCE WATER PROTECTION

The study area lies within the Grand River watershed and is a part of the Lake Erie Source Protection Region (Ministry of the Environment and conservation Parks [MECP], Act 2006). As established under the Ontario Clean Water Act, 2006, S.O., 2006, c. 22, source protection areas and associated land use restrictions exist for all municipal drinking water sources located throughout the Grand River Source Protection Area (i.e., defined by the boundaries of the Grand River Watershed). Within the Source Protection Area (SPA), the MECP has designated four types of vulnerable areas that apply to drinking water sources:

- Wellhead Protection Areas (WHPA)
- Intake Protection Zones (IPZ)
- Highly Vulnerable Aquifers (HVA)
- _ Significant Groundwater Recharge Areas (SGRA)
- Significant Drinking Water Threats TI.Public (swpip.ca)

The MECP Source Protection Information Atlas indicates that the site resides within WHPAs and SGRAs (see **Figures 7 and 8**). Source protection details for the site are summarized in Table 2 with further descriptions on regulated areas in Sections 3.1 to 3.5. We note that information provided with regards to source protection areas, development constraints, and threats to drinking water are intended as a summary only. A Source Water Impact Assessment and Mitigation Plan (SWIAMP) may be requested during detail design, which is a comprehensive study on potential impacts to drinking water and serves as a framework to develop a plan to manage risks in regulated areas. It is important to note that delineation of vulnerable areas is based on regional mapping and does not consider site-specific conditions (i.e., type and thickness of the overlying material). The results of the drilling program indicates that the subsurface soils across the Study Area consists of silty sand, sand, and gravel, with a hydraulic conductivity in the order of 10⁻⁶ m/s. Therefore, the site is assessed as having the potential for infiltration to migrate into deeper aquifers, which is likely the basis for the SGRA regulated area.

 Table 2: Source Protection Details on-site

Source Protection Area:	Grand River
Intake Protection Zone (IPZ):	No
Highly Vulnerable Aquifer (HVA):	No
Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA):	YES
Wellhead Protection Area Q1/ Q2:	No
Wellhead Protection Area:	WHPA-C; Score 4
Significant Groundwater Recharge Area:	Yes; Score N/A
Significant Drinking Water Threats (Zone WHPA-C, score 4	Dense Non Aqueous Phase Liquid (DNAPL)

3.1 Wellhead Protection Areas

Wellhead Protection Areas (WHPA) are areas delineated on the ground surface that represents the capture zone for the underlying aquifer in which a given municipal well draws its water. The zone represents the total amount of time it would take for groundwater to flow through the aquifer system and reach the intake of a given municipal well. The zones are defined as follows:

- WHPA-A: 100 m radius around the municipal well.
- WHPA-B: Horizontal time of travel to the municipal well is two years or less.
- WHPA-C: Horizontal time of travel to the municipal well is equal to or less than five years and greater than two years.
- WHPA-D: Horizontal time of travel to the municipal well is equal to or less than 25 years and greater than five years.
- WHPA-E: Area where groundwater is under the direct influence of surface water (GUDI), where horizontal time of travel to the municipal well is two hours or less from the surface water body to the well.

The Site resides with area identified as WHPA-C with a vulnerability score (VS) of 4. Based on the 2017 Provincial Tables of Drinking Water Threats (Clean Water Act 2006, O.Reg. 287/07), threats to drinking water in areas with a vulnerability score of 4 are generally considered low for most chemical and pathogen agents, however constraints are in place for the storage and handling of a Dense Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid (DNAPL). Source Protection Guidelines dictate that the storage or handling of DNAPL in any quantity at grade, above grade, or below grade within WHPA-C (VSp4) constitute a significant risk to drinking water and is not recommended.

3.2 Intake Protection Zone

Intake protection Zones (IPZs) are areas surrounding a municipal surface water intake; the size is determined by how quickly water flows to the intake, measured in hours. There are three categories of IPZ's; IPZ-1 is a 1-km circle around the intake; IPZ-2 is the area where water can reach the intake in 2 hours; and IPZ-3 is a delineated

area around the intake where modelling demonstrates that spills from a specific activity located outside IPZ-1 and IPZ-2 may be transported to an intake and will result in a deterioration of the water quality (CTC 2015). Based on the MECP source protection information atlas (2018), the Site does not intersect a surface water Intake Protection Zone (IPZ), however areas of IPZ-3 are identified at about 830 m to the northeast.

3.3 Highly Vulnerable Aquifers

Highly Vulnerable Aquifers (HVA) are aquifers identified to be particularly susceptible to contamination due to its location near the ground surface or within conditions that allow for accelerated advective flow. Based on the MECP source Protection Information Atlas, the site does not reside within regulated HVA areas. Small areas of HVA are identified approximately 1.2 km north of the site near Gordon Street and Lowes Road (See **Figure 8**).

3.4 Significant Groundwater Recharge Areas

The site is assessed as residing within a Significant Groundwater Recharge Areas (SGRA) having a score of N/A (not available), likely due to the presence of surficial sands at the site, which allow accelerated infiltration. The presence of surficial sands across the site provides an effective recharge zone, which necessitates regulations on potential drinking water threats. The presence of the SGRA at this location is not associated with development constraints.

3.5 Drinking Water Threats

Based on the MECP Source Protection Information Atlas (current as of: April 19, 2024), drinking water threats have been identified. In accordance with the Clean Water Act (2006) and the 2017 Provincial Tables of Circumstance in areas of WHPA-C (VS4), handling & storage of DNAPL of any quantity is identified as a significant threat. Section 59(1) of the Act applies to all land-uses identified within the City of Guelph Official Plan, except solely residential uses, where the handling and storage of dense non-aqueous phase liquids is or would be a significant drinking water threat. While it is unlikely that the mixed-use development would handle or store DNAPL, we note that commercial businesses are expected to comply with section 59 of the Act.

4.0 HYDROGEOLOGICAL EVALUATION

4.1 Monitoring Well Installation

A total of six (6) monitoring wells (BH23-1S, BH23-1D, BH23-2, BH23-3, BH23-4 and BH23-5) were installed onsite between September 28, 2003, and October 4, 2023, in compliance to the *Revised Regulations of Ontario* (*R.R.O*) 1990, *Regulation 903: Wells (MOE, 1990)* (see **Figure 9**). At one location (BH23-1), a nested pair of monitoring wells (one shallow BH23-1S and one deep BH23-D) were installed in order to assess vertical gradients. Overall, the boreholes were strategically positioned throughout the Site to obtain a spatially representative understanding of soil conditions, groundwater depths and fluctuations, and evaluate local groundwater flow direction.

Monitoring wells were drilled using a standard truck-mounted drill rig supplied and operated by Altech Drilling of Cambridge, Ontario, subcontracted to WSP. The monitoring wells consisted of a 50-mm diameter PVC riser pipe with a slotted screen sealed at a selected depth within the borehole. A sand filter pack surrounded the screen, and above the screen, the borehole and annulus surrounding the riser pipe were backfilled to the surface with bentonite. A summary of the current drilling program is presented below in Table 3. Figure 9 presents the locations of monitoring wells with borehole logs provided in **Appendix A**.

Borehole ID	Ground Surface Elevation (AMSL)	Borehole Depth (mbgs)	Screen Interval (mbgs)
BH23-1D	341.6	15.9	7.6 to 10.7
BH23-1S	341.6	6.1	3.0 to 6.1
BH23-2	341.8	18.9	9.1 to 12.2
BH23-3	340.8	14.3	6.0 to 9.1
BH23-4	338.8	14.2	5.2 to 8.2
BH23-5	339.8	18.9	7.6 to 10.7

Table 3: Summary of Monitoring Wells on-site

AMSL = metres above mean sea level. Mbgs = meter below ground surface

Boreholes were advanced to depths ranging between 6.1 mbgs and 18.9 mbgs with 3-m screens installed in each well. Boreholes were drilled to deeper depths than the screen base in order to assess underlying stratigraphy. Monitoring wells have been used to collect hydrogeological data including water quality sampling, in-situ hydraulic conductivity testing, and groundwater level monitoring. A total of four (4) soil samples were collected during the drilling program and used to provide index and classification tests, water content determinations, grain size distribution analyses and Atterberg Limits. Samples were collected in the field, placed in laboratory-provided containers and transported to the WSP geotechnical laboratory for analysis (see Section 4.22).

The geodetic coordinates and ground surface elevations at the borehole locations were obtained from the topographic plan provided by FCAM, titled, "*Plan of Block 1, Plan 61M-165, City of Guelph, County of Wellington*", prepared by KRCMAR Surveyors Ltd., Ontario Land Surveyors., dated August 10, 2023. The elevations, given on the Record of Borehole sheets and referred to herein, should be considered as approximate.

4.2 Site Geology

The on-site borehole drilling program carried out by WSP has identified a non-native sand and gravel fill layer in all five (5) boreholes drilled on site with thicknesses that range between 0.7 m and 2.2 m (basal elevations ranging between 337.4 m AMSL and 340.2 m AMSL), which are interpreted as ice-contact stratified deposits. Underlying this surficial sand is a native sand and gravel layer that extends to elevations between 334.6 m AMSL (BH23-5 at the north end of the site) and 339.4 m AMSL (BH23-1 at the south end of the site), suggesting a northerly dip direction. The thickness of this sand and gravel layer ranges between 0.9 m and 4.1 m, with an average thickness of 2.4 m across the site. A fine-grained confining layer composed of silty sand till is observed to underly the sand and gravel layer, which extends to an elevation of 329.6 m AMSL in the north of the site (BH23-5) and 334.4 m AMSL in the south of the site (BH23-1). This layer is interpreted as a confining layer to a thick (between 1.5 m and 5.9 m) gravelly sand aquifer with a basal elevation that ranges between 328.3 m AMSL in the south of the site (BH23-1) and 325.0 m AMSL in the north of the site (BH23-5). The average thickness of this unit is 3.8 m. Underlying the sand and gravel aquifer is fine-grained soils composed of silt, silty clay, and silty clay till. Locally, the bedrock surface is reported to occur at an elevation of approximately 320 m AMSL (Golder, 2011), and therefore not observed in the borehole logs. Hydrogeological cross section schematics were prepared for the site in order to graphically compare soil stratigraphy across the site and to demonstrate heterogeneity.

Three cross section profiles [(A-A'), (B-B') and (C-C')] were prepared across the site (see **Figure 10**), which were constructed using geological information obtained from the onsite drilling program and borehole logs (**Appendix A**). These cross sections are not to true scale and are intended to compare soil stratigraphy across the site. These sections demonstrate that sand is thicker to the west of the site, with an overall dip to the north.

4.2.1 Hydraulic Conductivity Testing

Single well hydraulic tests (slug tests) were completed at all five (5) monitoring wells across the site on October 18, 2023. A summary of the results is provided in Table 4, with the full set of calculations are provided in **Appendix C.** The testing methodology included purging three well volumes in each well using a combination of Waterra tubing and foot valves and allowing the water level to recover prior to testing. Hydraulic conductivity tests consisted of both falling head and rising head tests, which involved utilizing both a physical slug and a bailer to displace the water and measuring the recovery. Water levels were recorded by a combination of manual measurements using a Solinst Model 5 water level tape and through the use of electronic dataloggers. Recovery data was analysed using the Bouwer & Rice (1976) method for slug test recovery.

Area	Monitoring Well ID	Screen (AMSL)	Method	Material Screened	Estimated Hydraulic Conductivity (m/s)
	BH23-1 S	333.98 – 330.9	Rising Head	Silty and Sand (Till), Sand and Gravel, Gravel	NA
North	BH23-1 D	338.55 – 335.50	Rising Head	Silty and Sand (Till), Sand and Gravel, Gravel	2.8 x 10⁻⁵
Building	BH23-2	332.65 – 329.61	Rising Head	Silty and Sand (Till), Sand	3.1 x 10⁻⁵
	BH23-3	334.70-331.65	Rising Head	Silty and Sand (Till), Sand	2.6 x 10⁻⁵
South Building	BH23-4	333.62-330.57	Rising Head	Silty and Sand (Till), Sand and Gravel, Gravel	1.5 x 10 ⁻⁵
	BH23-5	332.18-329.13	Rising Head	Silty and Sand (Till), Sand	2.0 x 10 ⁻⁴

Table 4: Hydraulic Conductivity Estimates from Hydraulic Testing

Notes: AMSL = metres above sea level, m/s = metres per second

Results demonstrate that hydraulic conductivity ranges between 2.0×10^{-4} m/sec and 3.1×10^{-5} m/sec with a geometric mean of 2.0×10^{-5} m/sec. This is an expected result given the screened materials are composed of sand. While screens in the monitoring wells are interpreted to extend across sand boundaries into glacial till, single well response testing demonstrates that the confined sand aquifer is likely driving the result.

4.2.2 Grain Size Analysis

A total of four (4) soil samples were collected during the borehole drilling program on the October 24, 2023, and sent for particle size distribution analysis to assess grain size ranges. Results of these analyses has been reviewed and used to provide an estimate of hydraulic conductivity using the Hazen's Approximation. We note that estimated hydraulic conductivities using the Hazen's Approximation has been used to compare to single well

response testing for quality assurance and to input to the dewatering assessment. A summary of the results is shown on Table 5, with the full results provided in **Appendix D**.

The estimates of hydraulic conductivity were obtained based on grain size results using the Hazen approximation:

$K = 0.01 \times C(d10)^2 (m/sec)$

Where:

K = bulk hydraulic conductivity (m/sec);

d10 = grain size at which point 10% of the soil passes the sieve (mm); and,

C = a constant generally set at 1 for these units.

The estimated hydraulic conductivity values generated from this approach have been used to determine K values for the Till material.

Table 5:Hydraulic Conductivity Estimates based on the Hazen Approximation

Area	Well ID	Sample interval (mbgs)	Analysis Method	Material Screened	Estimated Hydraulic Conductivity (m/s)
	BH23-1 D	9.1 - 9.8	Hazen	Sand, some fines	1.0 X10 ⁻⁶
South Building	BH23-2	10.7 - 11.3	Hazen	Gravelly Sand	4.9 X 10 ⁻⁵
		4.6 - 5.2	Hazen	Silty and Sand, some gravel to gravelly (TILL)	1.6 x 10 ⁻⁷
North Building	BH23-4	6.1 - 6.7	Hazen	Silty and Sand to Sandy Silt (TILL)	3.8 x 10 ⁻⁷

Hydraulic conductivities estimated using the Hazen's Approach shows a wide range between 4.9×10^{-5} m/sec and 1.6×10^{-7} m/sec, due to soil variability. Samples collected in sand estimate hydraulic conductivity at 7.0 x 10^{-6} m/sec (geometric mean), while samples collected in till estimate the hydraulic conductivity at 2.5×10^{-7} m/sec (geometric mean).

4.3 Groundwater Monitoring and Sampling

4.3.1 Groundwater Levels and Flow

Groundwater monitoring across the site was carried out by WSP staff on a total of seventeen (17) events between October 12, 2023 and May 30, 2025. Three (3) events were held in October 2023 concurrent with other fieldwork, while a monthly program to collect water levels was conducted between April 2024 and May 2025. Results of groundwater monitoring is summarized in Table 6. Groundwater is generally observed to be reasonably deep, with levels that range between 5.29 mbgs (at BH23-4) and 9.93 mbgs (at BH23-2). Groundwater elevations are noted to range between 331.29 m ASML and 336.09 m ASML for the full monitoring period, however we note that these elevations reflect both the unconfined and confined aquifers.

Of the six (6) monitoring wells installed at the site, five (5) are completed in a confined aquifer that underlies a silty sand till, while one monitoring well (BH25-1-S) is completed at a shallower elevation at the base of the unconfined aquifer and into the aquitard. Groundwater levels from BH23-1S is observed to range between 5.57 mbgs (336.04 ASML) and 6.06 mbgs (335.57 m ASML), while the remaining five monitoring wells completed in the confined aquifer show a range between 5.29 mbgs and 9.93 mbgs (331.29 m ASML and 334.29 m ASML).

Groundwater levels in BH25-1-S shows a typical response of seasonal fluctuation for unconfined aquifers with hydraulic connection to the surface with the highest level observed in the spring (noted in April 2025) and the lowest levels observed in the late fall (noted between September 2024 and January 2025). Groundwater levels from monitoring wells completed in the confined aquifer (BH23-1-D, BH23-2 to BH23-5) show a seasonal trend that reflects a delayed response, with the highest levels observed to occur between May and September 2024, while the seasonal low was noted to between January and March 2025. Given these wells are completed in the confined aquifer underlying the silty sand till and the site is fully impervious, this response is interpreted to be a result of delayed recharge to the aquifer. During the monitoring year, seasonal fluctuation was assessed to range between 0.54 m and 1.61 m with an average water table fluctuation of 1.3 m. Seasonally high groundwater elevations are noted to range between 330.60 m AMSL and 336.09 m AMSL.

Hydrographs (plots of water level with time) of continuous water level measurements from deployed loggers was prepared in order to assess seasonal fluctuations and to compare manual measurements with the seasonal high (albeit delayed). These plots are provided in **Appendix F**. Precipitation data from the Guelph Turfgrass Institute, located at 364 College Avenue East has been added to compare groundwater response to precipitation events. Groundwater levels for all wells show an expected pattern (albeit delayed) with declining levels through the fall with reduced precipitation and a slow (delayed) response to increased levels from increased precipitation. It was noted that groundwater levels in all wells increased in August 2024, likely in response to a 28 mm rain event on July 16, 2024. The maximum peak of groundwater (based on hydrographs) was noted to be August 2, 2025, suggesting the time for the aquifer to respond to rain events is approximately two weeks.

Groundwater monitoring has been carried out for at least one full hydrologic year in accordance with requests from the City of Guelph, which has identified a seasonally high groundwater level of 336.04 AMSL (April 2025) from the unconfined aquifer and 334.03 AMSL (June 2024) from the confined aquifer (excluding the unusual August 2024 readings). Based on hydrograph plots shown in Appendix F, groundwater levels from the confined aquifer have increased between March 2025 and May 2025 due to an increase in precipitation, but have plateaued in May 2025, interpreted to likely be the seasonally high levels in 2025. We note that seasonally high groundwater levels observed in 2024 are higher than 2025, likely due to increased precipitation during the spring and summer of 2024, and therefore seasonally high values from 2024 have been used in the dewatering assessment. The input of 335.5 masl used in the dewatering assessment remains a reasonable assessment of potentially worse case conditions, however we recommend continued water level monitoring at the site to assess on-going groundwater trends, peak levels, and response times, which may provide useful input into the impact assessment.

Sandy layers that reside within and above the silty sand till are not interpreted to be perennially saturated. Observations of dry conditions in BH23-1-S along with borehole log descriptions that these layers are moist (not wet) suggest the surface layers may not be saturated at all times of the year. We note that monitoring infrastructure is limited in these layers and therefore the hydraulic potential of this layer is unknown. Site grading may produce intermittent groundwater in the winter and spring, or a perched system may exist partially in the year. Further investigation is recommended prior to construction.

Groundwater monitoring at the nested pair of monitoring wells (BH23-1) shows a significant difference in groundwater levels (shallow is always higher), and therefore a downwards vertical gradient is interpreted at the site. This is consistent with the regional interpretation by the ORMGP and the GRCA. Groundwater levels from April 2024 have been used to produce a preliminary interpreted groundwater contour pattern used to identify a flow direction (see **Figure 11**). Groundwater is interpreted to flow to the northwest at a horizontal gradient of 0.026 m/m (a decline of 3 m height in 114.4 m horizontal distance). We note that this groundwater flow pattern is based on using levels from April 2024, which may not be the highest level from long-term monitoring.

		23-1D			23-18			23-2			23-3			23-4			23-5	
Date	Elevation	341.6	Ground	Elevation	341.6	Ground	Elevation	341.8	Ground	Elevation	340.8	Ground	Elevation	338.8	Ground	Elevation	339.8	Ground
	stick up	0.125	Elevation	stick up	0.055	Elevation	stick up	0.125	Elevation	stick up	0.155	Elevation	stick up	0.135	Elevation	stick up	0.105	Elevation
	WL -TOP	WL (mbgs)	(AMSL)	WL -TOP	WL (mbgs)	(AMSL)	WL -TOP	WL (mbgs)	(AMSL)	WL -TOP	WL (mbgs)	(AMSL)	WL -TOP	WL (mbgs)	(AMSL)	WL -TOP	WL (mbgs)	(AMSL)
OCT 12, 2023	7.91	8.04	333.57		Dry		9.35	9.48	332.33	7.52	7.68	333.13	5.69	5.83	332.98	9.10	9.21	330.60
OCT 18, 2023	8.05	8.18	333.43		Dry		9.16	9.29	332.52	7.55	7.71	333.10	5.93	6.06	332.74	7.92	8.02	331.78
OCT 27, 2023	8.01	8.14	333.47		Dry		9.11	9.24	332.57	7.47	7.62	333.18	5.83	5.96	332.84	7.89	7.99	331.81
APR 2, 2024	7.84	7.96	333.64	5.98	6.03	335.57	9.00	9.12	332.68	7.35	7.50	333.30	5.58	5.71	333.09	7.79	7.89	331.91
MAY 8, 2024	7.69	7.82	333.79	5.81	5.87	335.74	8.66	8.79	333.02	6.99	7.15	333.66	5.61	5.74	333.06	7.59	7.70	332.11
JUN 12, 2024	7.45	7.58	334.03	5.96	6.02	335.59	8.64	8.77	333.04	7.00	7.16	333.65	5.33	5.47	333.34	7.48	7.59	332.22
JUL 15, 2024	7.49	7.62	333.99	5.94	6.00	335.61	8.67	8.80	333.01	6.99	7.15	333.66	5.32	5.46	333.35	7.46	7.57	332.24
AUG 13, 2024	7.19	7.32	334.29	5.83	5.88	335.72	8.39	8.52	333.29	6.77	6.92	333.88	5.15	5.29	333.52	7.24	7.35	332.46
SEP 13, 2024	7.54	7.67	333.94	5.97	6.03	335.58	8.68	8.81	333.00	7.05	7.21	333.60	5.43	5.57	333.24	7.50	7.61	332.20
OCT 4, 2024	7.84	7.97	333.64	5.98	6.04	335.57	8.96	9.09	332.72	7.33	7.49	333.32	5.69	5.82	332.98	7.78	7.88	331.92
NOV 4, 2024	8.21	8.34	333.27	5.98	6.04	335.57	9.30	9.43	332.38	7.68	7.84	332.97	6.04	6.18	332.63	8.17	8.28	331.53
DEC 6, 2024	8.48	8.61	333.00	5.98	6.04	335.57	9.52	9.65	332.16	7.90	8.06	332.75	6.25	6.39	332.42	8.26	8.37	331.44
JAN 26, 2025	8.63	8.75	332.85	6.00	6.06	335.55	9.65	9.78	332.03	8.04	8.20	332.61	6.32	6.46	332.35	8.33	8.44	331.37
FEB 21, 2025	No accessible - Ice cover																	
MAR 12, 2025	8.80	8.93	332.68	5.99	6.04	335.56	9.80	9.93	331.88	8.16	8.32	332.49	6.43	6.57	332.24	8.41	8.52	331.29
APR 14, 2025	7.98	8.11	333.50	5.52	5.58	336.03	9.12	9.25	332.56	7.38	7.54	333.27	5.62	5.76	333.05	7.69	7.80	332.01
APR 23, 2025	7.85	7.98	333.63	5.46	5.52	336.09	8.99	9.12	332.69	7.33	7.48	333.32	5.92	6.06	332.75	7.67	7.78	332.03
MAY 20, 2024	7.74	7.87	333.74	5.93	6.04	335.57	8.89	9.01	332.79	7.25	7.40	333.40	5.57	5.71	333.10	7.72	7.83	331.98

Table 6: Groundwater Monitoring Results

Notes: mbgs= metres below ground surface, AMSL=above mean sea level, TOP=Top of pipe, WL=water Level.

4.3.2 Groundwater Quality

One groundwater sample was collected from monitoring well BH23-1D on October 19, 2023, by WSP staff to provide a baseline / background water quality prior to development. Dedicated Waterra polyethylene tubing and foot valves were used for well development and sampling of the groundwater, into laboratory prepared sample bottles. Prior to sampling, three well volumes were purged from the well, and field parameters were measured. Sample bottles were placed in a cooler with ice and transported to the laboratory under chain of custody procedures. The sample was sent to ALS Laboratories under chain of custody on October 19, 2023 (ALS work order number WT2333881). The sample was assessed against City of Guelph Sanitary and Storm Sewer Use By-Law (1996)-15202 (i.e., for quality of water potentially discharged to storm or sanitary sewage works during dewatering) (Table 8). Results of the laboratory testing were compared to the City Guelph Sanitary and Storm Sewer Use by Law and to the Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standards (ODQWS) (O. Reg. 169/03). The ODWQS defines its health-based standards by the Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC) and Interim Maximum Acceptable Concentration (IMAC) of measured parameters, and the Aesthetic Objectives (AO) as limits that may impair taste, odour and colour or water, but do not have any health-related impact on water. Tested parameters were detected above applicable health-related criteria.

Groundwater sampling has showed no exceedances when were compared to the City Guelph Sanitary and Storm Sewer Use by Law, however, when compared to the Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standards (ODQWS) (O. Reg. 169/03), three exceedances were detected of the AO standard of the ODWQS, including Chloride, Total Aluminium, and Total Manganese. A slight exceedance in Total Manganese, measuring 0.0558mg/L compared to the standard of 0.050 mg/L, was observed. Additionally, an exceedance in Total Aluminium (0.14 mg/L) was detected, surpassing the standard of 0.1 mg/L, likely attributable to the clay-rich soils at the site. Similarly, dissolved Aluminium remained above the guideline limit of 0.003 mg/L, indicating that fine clay particles in the soil are likely responsible for the exceedance. Furthermore, an exceedance in chloride concentration of 526 mg/L was identified, exceeding the standard of 250 mg/L. Chlorides serve as reliable indicators of urban development, with chloride salts commonly employed for de-icing during winter (such as sodium chloride) and dust suppression in summer (like calcium or magnesium chloride). Elevated chloride concentrations are typically associated with urbanized areas or regions featuring dense road networks. The prevalence of sodium chloride as the primary form of road salt suggests that elevated chloride levels also imply heightened sodium levels. Wells exhibiting no increase in chloride concentrations are often situated in rural or natural settings, distant from impervious surfaces. Typically, groundwater with rising chloride trends is found within or along the periphery of areas identified as having high aguifer vulnerability. These vulnerable settings are frequently characterized by unconfined sand and gravel aguifers near the surface or by thin or absent overburden material overlaying fractured bedrock aguifers within the watershed.

The groundwater sample analysis has identified one (1) exceedance to the MAC standard of the ODWQS in Coliforms, thermotolerant [fecal] of 5 CFU/100 ml, compared to standard of 1 CFU/100 ml. Table 7 summarizes the exceedances in groundwater sampling, and the full laboratory results and certificate of analysis is provided in **Appendix F**.

|--|

Parameter	ODWS AO/OG	ODWS MAC	Lowest Detection Limit	Units	BH23-1D						
Physical Tests (Matrix: Water)											
Solids, total suspended [TSS]	-	-	3	mg/L	9.3						
рН	6.5 -> 8.5	-	0.1	pH units	7.93						
Anions and Nutrients (Ma	atrix: Water)										
Chloride	250 mg/L	-	0.5	mg/L	526						
Fluoride	-	1.5 mg/L	0.02	mg/L	<0.100						
Kjeldahl nitrogen, total [TKN]	-	-	0.05	mg/L	0.313						
Phosphorus, total	-	-	0.002	mg/L	0.0095						
Sulfate (as SO4)	500 mg/L	-	0.3	mg/L	54.8						
Cyanides (Matrix: Water)											
Cyanide, strong acid dissociable (Total)	0.2 mg/L	0.2 mg/L	0.002	mg/L	<0.0020						
Microbiological Tests (Ma	atrix: Water)										
Coliforms, thermotolerant [fecal]		1 CFU/mg/L	1	CFU/100mL	5						
Total Metals (Matrix: Wat	er)										
Aluminum, total	0.1 mg/L	-	0.003	mg/L	0.139						
Antimony, total	-	0.006 mg/L	0.0001	mg/L	<0.00010						
Arsenic, total	-	0.01 mg/L	0.0001	mg/L	0.00024						
Bismuth, total	-	-	0.00005	mg/L	<0.000050						
Cadmium, total	-	0.005 mg/L	0.000005	mg/L	0.0000271						
Chromium, total	-	0.05 mg/L	0.0005	mg/L	<0.00050						
Cobalt, total	-	-	0.0001	mg/L	0.0005						
Copper, total	1 mg/L	-	0.0005	mg/L	0.00141						
Iron, total	0.3 mg/L	-	0.01	mg/L	0.184						

Parameter	ODWS AO/OG	ODWS MAC	Lowest Detection Limit	Units	BH23-1D
Lead, total	-	0.01 mg/L	0.00005	mg/L	0.000412
Manganese, total	0.05 mg/L	-	0.0001	mg/L	0.0558
Mercury, total	-	0.001 mg/L	0.000005	mg/L	<0.000050
Molybdenum, total	-	-	0.00005	mg/L	0.00239
Nickel, total	-	-	0.0005	mg/L	0.00188
Selenium, total	-	0.05 mg/L	0.00005	mg/L	0.000242
Silver, total	-	-	0.00001	mg/L	<0.000010
Tin, total	-	-	0.0001	mg/L	0.00097
Titanium, total	-	-	0.0003	mg/L	0.00274
Vanadium, total	-	-	0.0005	mg/L	<0.00050
Zinc, total	5 mg/L	-	0.003	mg/L	0.0083
Aggregate Organics (Matrix: Water)					
Carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand [CBOD]	-	-	2	mg/L	<3.0
Oil & grease (gravimetric)	-	-	5	mg/L	<5.0
Oil & grease, animal/vegetable (gravimetric)	-	-	5	mg/L	<5.0
Oil & grease, mineral (gravimetric)	-	-	5	mg/L	<5.0
Phenols, total (4AAP)	-	-	0.001	mg/L	<0.0010

Exceedances in Aesthetic ODWS in **BOLD**

Exceedances in Chemical/Microbiological ODWS in $\ensuremath{\mathsf{RED}}$

Note "- "indicates no data/guideline available.

5.0 DEWATERING ASSESSMENT

5.1 Dewatering Potential

A dewatering assessment was carried out for the proposed development to provide estimates of short-term pumping rates for construction excavations of underground parking facilities at the site. The aim of the assessment is to provide anticipated flow rates during construction and to make recommendations on long-term water management. Additionally, the assessment will provide a recommendation on the likely type of water handling permit that may be required during construction. Based on designs drawings providing by SvN, dated July 23, 2024 (Drawings A103 to A106, A201 to A205, and A301 to A305), which indicate that the development is proposing two separate underground parking facilities, each extending to two levels (lowest parking elevation at 333.85 m AMSL). One underground parking facility is located at the North of the site at Blocks C and D, while the second facility is located at the south end of the site at Blocks A and B (see **Figure 2**). The assessment has estimated a flow rate for each underground parking structure independently in the assumption that they will be constructed as separate phases.

Dewatering potential has been assessed on the depths of excavations, types of soils anticipated to be encountered at the foundation levels, and the interpreted seasonally high groundwater elevations. Table 8 provides a summary comparison of anticipated foundation elevations with seasonally high groundwater to provide an overview of potential dewatering at the site.

Pergola	Elevation (m AMSL)	Comments
Parking Elevation (2UG)	333.85	Excavation elements are anticipated to extend through interbedded layers of silty sand (TILL) and sand and gravel layers with the excavation base anticipated to partially penetrate the confined aquifer.
Groundwater	335.57	The highest groundwater level recorded in April 2024, which is representative of the shallow (unconfined) aquifer system.
Excavation Base	331.35	Footings are assumed to be 2 m below the final parking elevation with an additional 0.5 m added for granular material.

Table 8: Summary of Elevations at the Site

Notes: Elevations shown are approximate and intended to show regional trends only. The dewatering assessment is based on location specific elevations. Proposed grades are based on the grading plan provided by first Capital Asset Management LP (SvN Architects + Planners, dated July 23, 2024), while groundwater elevations are based on interpreted contours from historical high-level groundwater as documented in Section 4.2.2. The underground parking elevations are based on 2.5 m below the proposed grade elevations.

Based on groundwater monitoring between October 2023 and April 2024, seasonally high groundwater elevations are observed to range between 333.0 m AMSL and 335.5 m AMSL across the site. The dewatering assessment has used an input of 335.5 m AMSL to the calculations, based on observations of the highest level during monitoring in April 2024 and that the shallow aquifer will be penetrated initially during excavation. Continued monitoring of this well through May 2025 has identified that groundwater increased to 336.1 m AMSL, however the current input of 335.5 AMSL is considered representative of seasonally high groundwater and therefore the dewatering assessment has not been revised to consider this marginally higher value. Using a value of 335.5 m

AMSL results in a potential dewatering base that is up to 4.2 m below groundwater¹. The assessment has determined that the finished floor parking elevation may extend below groundwater by up to 1.7 m during times of seasonal high, however groundwater is anticipated to decline below the base of the parking structure in the summer and fall (low levels are observed between 330.6 m AMSL and 333.4 m AMSL compared to a parking elevation of 333.85 m AMSL). As a result, long-term water management should be considered to address seasonal increases in groundwater.

As presented in Section 4.1, the soil stratigraphy at the site is an interbedded sequence of silty sand, sand and gravel, silt, silty clay, and glacial till. Excavations are anticipated to extend through surficial sands (average thickness of 2.4 m), before fully penetrating a silty sand till with a thickness between 1.5 m and 5.9 m. The basal elevation of the excavations is interpreted to partially penetrate a confined sand and gravel aquifer across much of the site, with up to approximately 3 m of sand remaining between the dewatering base and the confined aquifer base (interpreted to be the underlying silt between 325.0 m AMSL and 331.1 m AMSL). As a result, this assessment has considered both lateral inflow through till soils as well as vertical seepage through the base of the excavation (sand).

A goal of the dewatering assessment is to identify the type of permitting that may be required for the development. If dewatering rates exceed 50,000 litres/day, permitting will be required. An Environmental Activity and Sector Registry (EASR) is required if rates exceed 50,000 litres/day which requires additional supporting studies, including a discharge plan, a monitoring and mitigation plan, and an impact assessment². Depending on the construction schedule, a PTTW may be required.

5.2 Dewatering Approach and Assumptions

The dewatering assessment approach to estimate short-term pumping rates at excavations to construct underground parking includes estimating flow rates independently for the two parking facilities (north and south structures). This allows the client to consider permitting for each structure should they be constructed as separate phases. Should excavations be carried out concurrently, rates may be summed, however we note that overlapping ZOIs may result in additional impacts than what is presented in this study.

The dewatering assessment has estimated horizontal flow using construction methods by Powers (1992) in an unconfined condition using a hydraulic conductivity input of 2.5×10^{-7} m/s (representative of silty sand till and interbedded silt and sand). As the excavation is interpreted to terminate marginally above or within the confined sandy aquifer with up to 3 m of sand aquifer below the proposed base of parking, the assessment has considered vertical inflows using Darcy's Equation with a hydraulic conductivity of 2.0×10^{-5} m/s (representative of sands).

The assessment has provided dewatering rates under steady-state conditions for the anticipated condition (highest groundwater level recorded at the site and a representative hydraulic conductivity) as well as a Factor of Safety (FoS) approach to account for unforeseen groundwater and soil conditions, based on two times the anticipated rates.

The dewatering assessment has made the following assumptions:

- Hydraulic conductivity inputs into the assessment are based on results from single well response testing from October 2023 and using the Hazen's Approximation approach on soil samples collected during the drilling

¹ This assessment has used the highest recorded water level measurement from monitoring at the Site between October 2023 and April 2024.

² We note that MECP permitting requirements are in a state of change and the need for a PTTW may be changing.

program. The assessment has used a hydraulic conductivity of 2.5×10^{-7} m/s to assess lateral inflow to the excavation, which is the geometric mean from Hazen Approximated hydraulic conductivities derived from soil samples collected between 4.5 m and 6.7 m below ground within the interbedded silty sand till, cobble layers, and sand seams. This hydraulic conductivity is assumed to be representative of soils above the confined aquifer for which horizontal seepage in expected to occur. Vertical flow is assessed using a hydraulic conductivity of 2.0×10^{-5} m/s, which is the geometric mean from single well response testing and Hazen Approximated values derived from the confined sand aquifer only. This hydraulic conductivity is considered representative of the underlying confined aquifer. The hydraulic conductivity for vertical flow has been assessed as $1/10^{\text{th}}$ of K_h with a gradient of equal or less than 1;

- Lateral flow through the glacial till and interbedded sand seams are assessed in an unconfined condition, while lateral and vertical flow from the confined aquifer has used a confined condition with an aquifer thickness between 1.5 m (at the north parking facility) and 3.0 m (at the south parking facility), based on borehole logs;
- Excavation footprints for underground parking are estimated at approximately 146.9 m x 44.7 m for the north block and 146.9 m x 84.1 m for south block. The dewatering base is assumed to be a total of 2.5 m below the parking elevation of 333.85 m AMSL;
- While some recommendations on long-term water management have been provided, the assessment understands that the designs have not progressed to include sub-drains, and therefore the assessment has not included flow rates for long-term dewatering systems at this time;
- The assessment has used the highest groundwater level recorded between October 2023 and April 2024 from the shallow unconfined aquifer as the initial water level for both the south and north excavations. While we understand that monitoring through to May 2025 has resulted in a marginally higher elevation of 336.1 m ASML, a value 335.5 m ASML is considered representative of seasonally high conditions and therefore is assumed to be an appropriate input. We note that dewatering will likely need to be revised during the permitting application process and inclusion of on-going groundwater data will be considered at that time;
- The assessment does not consider uplift pressures, sanding issues, or later al pressures that may act upon the sides of the excavation. We recommend that a geotechnical engineer be engaged to assess potential buoyancy effects from the confined aquifer;
- We have assumed for this assessment that the north and south parking structures will be excavated in separate phases and therefore the presented pumping rates and ZOIs are reflective of individual elements and not of combined excavations;
- Rates presented are steady state rates. Initial pumping rates may be higher until steady state conditions are achieved; and,
- Potential stormwater input is based on a 1-hr rain event with 25 mm of precipitation falling into the excavation. It does not account for run-in and has been excluded from total combined pumping rates.

5.3 Dewatering Flow Rate Calculations

Estimates of short-term construction pumping rates for underground parking excavations are presented in Table 9, with the full results in **Appendix G**. Results include steady-state rates under anticipated and FoS conditions. The ZOI represents the distance from the edge of the excavation for which groundwater will be impacted.

Table 9: Dewatering Rates for Underground Parking Excavations

SCENARIO DESCRIPTION	
SCENARIO DESCRITTION	

NORTH PARKING

SOUTH PARKING

LATERAL FLOW THROUGH THE SILTY SAND TILL AND SANDS ABOVE THE CONFINED AQUIFER			
HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY (m/sec)	2.5 x 10 ⁻⁷	2.5 X 10 ⁻⁷	
BASAL ELEVATION OF CONFINING LAYER (m AMSL) *	331.64	334.10	
EXCAVATION DIMENSIONS (m)	146.9 x 44.7	146.9 x 84.1	
INITIAL GROUNDWATER ELEVATION (m AMSL)	335.57	335.57	
ANTICIPATED STEADY-STATE RATE (LPD)	22,511	31,600	
ZOI (m)	49.6	64.2	
LATERAL AND VERTICAL FLOW THROUGH THE CONFIN	IED AQUIFER		
HYRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY (m/sec)	2.0 X 10 ⁻⁵	2.0 X 10 ⁻⁵	
DEWATERING BASE (m AMSL)	331.35	331.35	
EXCAVATION DIMENSIONS (m)	146.9 x 44.7	146.9 x 84.1	
INITIAL GROUNDWATER ELEVATION (m AMSL)	331.64	334.10	
ANTICIPATED STEADY-STATE RATE (LPD)	78,502	141,064	
ZOI (m)	48.3	87.1	
POTENTIAL VERTICAL INFLOW (LPD)	261,972	236,197	
TOTAL ANTICIPATED STEADY-STATE RATES (LPD)	362,985	408,861	
TOTAL ZOI (M)	97.9	151.3	
FACTOR OF SAFETY (MITIGATED) RATES	725,970	817,722	
POTENTIAL STORMWATER INPUT (LITRES)	164,160	308,857	

Notes: *The average basal elevation of the silty sand till overlying the confined sand and gravel aquifer taken from borehole logs (BH23-4 and BH23-5 for the north parking and BH23-1 to BH23-3 for the south parking). Potential Stormwater Input is based on a 1-hour rainfall event with 25 mm of precipitation that enters the excavation.

Steady-state pumping rates to dewatering lateral inflow through the silty sand till and interbedded layers above the confined aquifer for the north and south parking excavations are estimated at 22,511 LPD and 31,600 LPD respectively under anticipated conditions. The rates are reasonably low given that the soils above the confined aquifer are composed predominantly of silty sand till with small sand interbeds. While there are thicker surficial sands overlying the till, as documented in Section 4.2.2, these layers are not likely to be saturated. The assessment has considered a water level below these sands, and therefore we assume there is no contribution from surficial sands. As excavations penetrate the confined aquifer, the assessment estimates that lateral and

vertical flow from the sand and gravels will be approximately 340,474 LPD and 377,262 LPD respectively for the north and south parking excavations.

The combined short-term dewatering steady-state pumping rate at the North Parking area is estimated at **362,985 LPD** under anticipated conditions with a ZOI of 97.9 m from the edge of the excavation. The FoS mitigated rate is assessed as two times the anticipated rate (725,970 LPD). The combined short-term dewatering steady-state pumping rate for the South Parking area is estimated at **408,861 LPD** with a ZOI of 151.3 m from the edge of the excavation.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION

A Hydrogeological assessment was prepared in order to address engineering comments provided by the City of Guelph on the 1st Pre-submission Review (OPA/ZBA Submission Material) in a letter dated December 18, 2023, for the property located at 1 Clair Road East (the "site") in Guelph, Ontario. A comprehensive Hydrogeological Assessment was carried out for the site and offers the following conclusion:

- Based on development designs provided by SvN, the site is proposed to be re-developed into a mixed-use property with residential units, commercial businesses, and retail space. The development is proposing a combination of surface parking and underground parking (2 levels), with outdoor amenity space and recreational areas. The underground parking footprint will cover a combined footprint area of approximately 17,325 m² that is composed of two separate structures (one at the north of the development, one at the south) with a basal parking level at an elevation of 333.85 AMSL.
- The site resides within the Grand River Watershed, with the Speed River situated approximately 5.3 km to the west of the site. A small tributary of Grand Creek within the Hanlon Subwatershed is situated approximately 1.7 km to the west. The site resides within regulated source protection areas, including significant groundwater recharge and wellhead protection areas, and as a result, development constraints would apply regarding the storage and handling of hazardous materials;
- The site is generally flat, with gently sloping topography to the Southwest. As the site is currently paved, surface runoff is currently directed to catch basins, which flow into the City of Guelph's Sewer system;
- The site geology has been interpreted as being underlain by surficial sand and gravel fill with a thickness between 0.7 mbgs and 2.2 mbgs. Based on available data, this surficial layer is dry through the summer and fall but may be intermittently saturated in the winter and spring from surface runoff. Groundwater levels have not shown a seasonal high that extends into the surface sands, and therefore at this time, we interpret that intermittent saturation that may exist in the surface deposits is likely due to infiltration. Underlying this surficial sand is an interbedded sequence of native sand and gravel layers along with a confining silty sand till layer that extends to an elevation of 334.6 m AMSL at the south of the site and 329.9 m AMSL in the north of the site. A confined gravelly sand aquifer exists below the till that extends to elevations of 325.0 m, with an average thickness of 3.8 m. Vertical gradients are interpreted as downward and there is no evidence of artesian pressure;
- Groundwater monitoring at the site has been carried out on seventeen (17) events between October 2023 and May 2025 to identify seasonal elevations and trends in the water table. Groundwater is noted to be generally deep, ranging between 5.3 mbgs and 9.9 mbgs (elevations between 331.3.0 m AMSL and 336.1 m AMSL). An elevation of 335.5 m ASML has been used as an initial level into the dewatering assessment, reflective of the April 2024 seasonally high conditions of the unconfined aquifer. Groundwater monitoring through to May

2025 has shown a slightly higher elevation (336.1 m ASML), however the dewatering assessment has not been revised to account this upper level;

- Single well response testing as estimated hydraulic conductivity values representative of the confined sand and gravel aquifer between 2.0 x 10⁻⁴ m/sec and 3.1 x 10⁻⁵ m/sec with a geometric mean of 2.0 x 10⁻⁵ m/sec. Testing has estimated hydraulic conductivity within the glacial till and overlying interbedded sequence of 2.5 x 10⁻⁷ m/sec. The dewatering assessment has used a value of 2.5 x 10⁻⁷ m/sec to assess lateral flow through the overburden and 2.0 x 10⁻⁵ m/sec in the confined aquifer to estimate pumping rates for construction dewatering;
- One groundwater quality sample from monitoring well BH23-1D was collected on October 19, 2023, to identify potential exceedances to the City of Guelph Sewer-Use By-laws guidelines. The results showed no exceedances to the Sanitary and Storm Sewer Use by Law, however three exceedances were identified to the Aesthetic Objectives of the Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standards (O. Reg. 169/03), including Chloride, Total Aluminium, and Total Manganese. One exceedance was detected in Total Coliforms (MAC standard) to the ODWQS; and,
- A dewatering assessment was carried out for two underground parking facilities (each to two levels) in consideration of short-term construction. Anticipated steady-state pumping rates for the north and south parking facilities is estimated at 362,985 LPD and 408,861 LPD respectively, which factors in both lateral and vertical inflows to the excavation. A factor of safety approach (two times the anticipated rates) has been recommended for permitting considerations, which estimates pumping rates at 725,970 LPD and 817,722 LPD respectively for the north and south parking facilities.

Upon completion of the Hydrogeological Assessment, the following recommendations are presented:

- We recommend that groundwater monitoring be continued through the next stage of the project in order to collect on-going data for the impact assessment and water handling permit application. Long-term monitoring will provide further information on seasonal trends and the response of the confined aquifer, which will be required during the impact assessment;
- We recommend that a scoped field program be carried out in the spring (seasonally high period) to assess the hydraulic potential of the surficial sandy layers. We recommend a test pitting program be carried out to identify if surface sands may result in groundwater management concerns during site grading activities. While this program is recommended as optional, it may help to mitigate against potential water issues during site grading;
- We recommend updating the groundwater quality sampling program closer to construction for analysis to applicable Sewer Use Bylaws;
- We recommend that supplementary soil samples and hydraulic conductivity testing be carried out if additional drilling is carried out on the site from other studies. Existing data is typically limited to the confined aquifer and is spatially limited across the site for a comprehensive assessment. Should additional drilling be carried out as part of another study, we recommend a supplementary investigation in cooperation with this program; and,
- This assessment has not considered buoyancy pressures from terminating the underground parking base within the sand, and a geotechnical engineer should provide an assessment of such matters.

7.0 STANDARD LIMITATIONS

("WSP") prepared this report solely for the use of the intended recipient First Capital Asset Management LP in accordance with the professional services agreement between the parties. In the event a contract has not been executed, the parties agree that the WSP General Terms for Consultant shall govern their business relationship which was provided to you prior to the preparation of this report.

The report is intended to be used in its entirety. No excerpts may be taken to be representative of the findings in the assessment.

The conclusions presented in this report are based on work performed by trained, professional and technical staff, in accordance with their reasonable interpretation of current and accepted engineering and scientific practices at the time the work was performed.

The content and opinions contained in the present report are based on the observations and/or information available to WSP at the time of preparation, using investigation techniques and engineering analysis methods consistent with those ordinarily exercised by WSP and other engineering/scientific practitioners working under similar conditions, and subject to the same time, financial and physical constraints applicable to this project.

WSP disclaims any obligation to update this report if, after the date of this report, any conditions appear to differ significantly from those presented in this report; however, WSP reserves the right to amend or supplement this report based on additional information, documentation or evidence.

WSP makes no other representations whatsoever concerning the legal significance of its findings.

The intended recipient is solely responsible for the disclosure of any information contained in this report. If a third party makes use of, relies on, or makes decisions in accordance with this report, said third party is solely responsible for such use, reliance or decisions. WSP does not accept responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions taken by said third party based on this report.

WSP has provided services to the intended recipient in accordance with the professional services agreement between the parties and in a manner consistent with that degree of care, skill and diligence normally provided by members of the same profession performing the same or comparable services in respect of projects of a similar nature in similar circumstances. It is understood and agreed by WSP and the recipient of this report that WSP provides no warranty, express or implied, of any kind. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, it is agreed and understood by WSP and the recipient of this report that WSP makes no representation or warranty whatsoever as to the sufficiency of its scope of work for the purpose sought by the recipient of this report.

In preparing this report, WSP has relied in good faith on information provided by others, as noted in the report. WSP has reasonably assumed that the information provided is correct and WSP is not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of such information.

Benchmark and elevations used in this report are primarily to establish relative elevation differences between the specific testing and/or sampling locations and should not be used for other purposes, such as grading, excavating, construction, planning, development, etc.

Design recommendations given in this report are applicable only to the project and areas as described in the text and then only if constructed in accordance with the details stated in this report. The comments made in this report on potential construction issues and possible methods are intended only for the guidance of the designer. The number of testing and/or sampling locations may not be sufficient to determine all the factors that may affect construction methods and costs. We accept no responsibility for any decisions made or actions taken as a result of this report unless we are specifically advised of and participate in such action, in which case our responsibility will be as agreed to at that time.

Overall conditions can only be extrapolated to an undefined limited area around these testing and sampling locations. The conditions that WSP interprets to exist between testing and sampling points may differ from those that actually exist. The accuracy of any extrapolation and interpretation beyond the sampling locations will depend on natural conditions, the history of Site development and changes through construction and other activities. In addition, analysis has been carried out for the identified chemical and physical parameters only, and it should not be inferred that other chemical species or physical conditions are not present. WSP cannot warrant against undiscovered environmental liabilities or adverse impacts off-Site.

8.0 **REFERENCES**

- Matrix Solutions Inc., 2017. City of Guelph and Township of Guelph/Eramosa Tier Three Water Budget and Local Area Risk Assessment. Prepared for Lake Erie Source Protection Region. March 2017.
- Hydrogeological Assessment Submissions (Conservation Authority Guidelines for Development Applications). June 2013: Hydrogeological Assessments (Isrca.on.ca)
- Chapman, L.J. and Putnam, D.F. 2007. Physiography of Southern Ontario. Ontario Geological Survey, Miscellaneous Release, Data 228.
- Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (gov.on.ca), Source Protection information Atlas, accessed June 2024
- Bouwer, H. and R. C. Rice. (1976). A slug test method for determining hydraulic conductivity of unconfined aquifers with completely or partially penetrating wells. Water Resources Research, 12 (3): 423-428.
- Chapman, L.J. and Putnam, D.F. (2007). Physiography of southern Ontario; Ontario Geological Survey, Miscellaneous Release--Data.
- Conservation Authorities Geoscience Group. (2013). Conservation Authority Guidelines for Development Applications – Hydrogeological Assessment Submissions.
- Government of Ontario, 2006, Clean Water Act, 2006, S.O. 2006, c. 22 (ontario.ca)
- Lake Erie Source Protection Region's Information Atlas <u>Source Protection Areas Drinking Water Source</u> <u>Protection (sourcewater.ca)</u>
- Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (gov.on.ca), MECP Source Protection Information Atlas
- Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry Mapping. (2020). Natural heritage features retrieved from https://www.gisapplication.lrc.gov.on.ca.
- WSP Inc., 2023, Preliminary Hydrogeological Investigation Report for 1 Clair Road East, Guelph, Ontario, December 2023

Signature Page

Prepared by

Harrin !

Lisseth Benavente

Geo-Environmental Consultant WSP Canada Inc.

Reviewed by

2mt

Leon Halwa, M.Sc., P.Geo. Project Hydrogeologist WSP Canada Inc.



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Jay Nash, B.Sc., PMP Manager of Hydrogeology and Geosciences - GTA WSP Canada Inc.

FIGURES





LEGEND

SITE BOUNDARY

UNDERGROUND PARKING EXTENT

BUILDING FOOTPRINT AREA

Notes:

Development plans are based on Architectural Drawings A103 to A106, A201 to A205, and A301 to A305 provided by SvN Architects and Planners dated July 23, 2024.



REFERENCE(S)

I. CONTAINS INFORMATION LICENSED UNDER THE OPEN GOVERNMENT LICENCE - ONTARIO 2. SIGNIFICANT GROUNDWATER RECHARGE AREAS DATA OBTAINED FROM HTTPS:// DATA GRANDRIVER CADOWNLOADS-GEOSPATIAL HTML 3. BASE MAP: CITY OF GUELPH, MAXAR, MICROSOFT

5 COORDINATE SYSTEM: NAD 1983 CSRS UTM ZONE 17N

CLIENT

FIRST CAPITAL MANAGEMENT ASSET LP.

PROJECT HYDROGEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT , PROPOSED MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT, 105 CLAIR ROAD EAST, GUELPH, ONTARIO

TITLE

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT PLAN

CONSULTANT

NS PROJECT NO. CONTROL CA0010884.8370 0004 CONTROL

YYYY-MM-DD	2024-07-2	.7
DESIGNED	JT	
PREPARED	KP	
REVIEWED	AD	
APPROVED		
	REV.	FIGURE
	А	2



LEGEND



SITE BOUNDARY

PHYSIOGRAPHIC REGION BOUNDARY

REGIONAL PHYSIOGRAPHY:



TILL MORAINES

C	50	10	00	20	0
1.5 000				METRES	

REFERENCE(S) 1. CONTAINS INFORMATION LICENSED UNDER THE OPEN GOVERNMENT LICENCE - ONTARIO 2. BASE MAP: CITY OF GUELPH, MAXAR 3. COORDINATE SYSTEM: NAD 1983 CSRS UTM ZONE 17N

CLIENT FIRST CAPITAL MANAGEMENT ASSET LP.

PROJECT HYDROGEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT , PROPOSED MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT, 105 CLAIR ROAD EAST, GUELPH, ONTARIO

TITLE

REGIONAL PHYSIOGRAPHY

CONSULTANT



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DESIGNED	JT	
PREPARED	KP	
REVIEWED	AD	
APPROVED		
RE	EV.	FIGURE
A		3







SITE BOUNDARY

— TOPOGRAPHIC CONTOUR (5M INTERVAL)

DIGITAL ELEVATION MODEL (M)

HIGH - 357.606

LOW - 332.827

0	50	100	200
1:5.000)		METRES

REFERENCE(S)

1. CONTAINS INFORMATION LICENSED UNDER THE OPEN GOVERNMENT LICENCE - ONTARIO 2. BASE MAP: CITY OF GUELPH, MAXAR 3. COORDINATE SYSTEM: NAD 1983 CSRS UTM ZONE 17N

CLIENT 345

FIRST CAPITAL MANAGEMENT ASSET LP.

PROJECT HYDROGEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT , PROPOSED MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT, 105 CLAIR ROAD EAST, GUELPH, ONTARIO

TITLE TOPOGRAPHY

CONSULTANT



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REVIEWED	А	D
APPROVED		
	REV.	FIGURE
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LEGEND



LEGEND MECP WATER WELL RECORDS \bigcirc WATER SUPPLY MONITORING AND TEST HOLE 1 $\mathbf{\bullet}$ OBSERVATION WELLS

- ABANDONED-OTHER
- UNKNOWN WELL STATUS -•

WATER BODY

- SITE BOUNDARY
- STUDY AREA (500 METRE RADIUS)



REFERENCE(S)

- 1. CONTAINS INFORMATION LICENSED UNDER THE OPEN GOVERNMENT LICENCE ONTARIO 2. BASE MAP: CITY OF GUELPH, MAXAR 3. COORDINATE SYSTEM: NAD 1983 CSRS UTM ZONE 17N

CLIENT

FIRST CAPITAL MANAGEMENT ASSET LP.

PROJECT HYDROGEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT , PROPOSED MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT, 105 CLAIR ROAD EAST, GUELPH, ONTARIO

TITLE WATER SUPPLY WELLS

CONSULTANT

115 PROJECT NO. CONTROL CA0010884.8370 0004

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DESIGNED	JT	
PREPARED	KP	
REVIEWED	AD	
APPROVED		
	REV.	FIGURE
	A	6





WATER BODY

SITE BOUNDARY

WELL HEAD PROTECTION AREAS

WHPA-B	(travel time to municipal supply well assessed at less than 2 years)
WHPA-C	(travel time to municipal supply well assessed at between 2 years and 5 years)
WHPA-D	(travel time to municipal supply well assessed at between 5 years and 25 years)

WHPA VULNERABILITY SCORES



APPROXIMATE AREA OF VULNERABILITY SCORE 2

APPROXIMATE AREA OF VULNERABILITY SCORE 4

APPROXIMATE AREA OF VULNERABILITY SCORE 6

NOTE:

Source water regulated areas displayed are based on the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation, and Parks (MECP) Source Protection Information Atlas

(https://www.lioapplications.lrc.gov.on.ca/SourceWaterPro tection/index.html?viewer=SourceWaterProtection.SWPVi ewer&locale=en-CA)



REFERENCE(S)
1. CONTAINS INFORMATION LICENSED UNDER THE OPEN GOVERNMENT LICENCE - ONTARIO
2. WELL HEAD PROTECTION AREA ZONE OBTAINED FROM HTTPS://DATA.GRANDRIVER.CA/DOWNLOADS-GEOSPATIALHTML
3. BASE MAP: CITY OF GUELPH, MAXAR
4. COORDINATE SYSTEM: NAD 1983 CSRS UTM ZONE 17N

CLIENT

FIRST CAPITAL MANAGEMENT ASSET LP.

PROJECT

HYDROGEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT , PROPOSED MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT, 105 CLAIR ROAD EAST, GUELPH, ONTARIO

WELL HEAD PROTECTION AREAS

CONSULTANT		YYYY-MM-DD	2024-07-26	
		DESIGNED	JT	
		PREPARED	KP	
		REVIEWED	AD	
		APPROVED		
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LEGEND

WATERCOURSE

SITE BOUNDARY

WATER BODY

SIGNIFICANT GROUNDWATER RECHARGE AREAS

HIGHLY VULNERABLE AQUIFER

NOTE:

Source water regulated areas displayed are based on the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation, and Parks (MECP) Source Protection Information Atlas

(https://www.lioapplications.lrc.gov.on.ca/SourceWaterPr otection/index.html?viewer=SourceWaterProtection.SWP Viewer&locale=en-CA)

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1:10	,000		METRES

REFERENCE(S)

REFERENCE(S) 1. CONTAINS INFORMATION LICENSED UNDER THE OPEN GOVERNMENT LICENCE - ONTARIO 2. SIGNIFICANT GROUNDWATER RECHARGE AREAS DATA OBTAINED FROM HTTPS:// DATA.GRANDRIVER.CA/DOWNLOADS-GEOSPATIAL.HTML 3. BASE MAP: CITY OF GUELPH, MAXAR 4. COORDINATE SYSTEM: NAD 1983 CSRS UTM ZONE 17N

CLIENT

FIRST CAPITAL MANAGEMENT ASSET LP.

PROJECT HYDROGEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT , PROPOSED MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT, 105 CLAIR ROAD EAST, GUELPH, ONTARIO

TITLE

SIGNIFICANT GROUNDWATER RECHARGE AREAS

CONSULTANT

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CLIENT FIRST CAPITAL MANAGEMENT ASSET LP.

PROJECT HYDROGEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT , PROPOSED MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT, 105 CLAIR ROAD EAST, GUELPH, ONTARIO

TITLE

MONITORING WELL LOCATIONS

CONSULTANT

115 PROJECT NO. CONTROL CA0010884.8370 0004

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PREPARED	KP	
REVIEWED	AD	
APPROVED		
	REV.	FIGURE
	А	9











CA0010884.8370 0004

11



LEGEND

SITE BOUNDARY

WETLAND SIGNIFICANCE

PROVINCIALLY SIGNIFICANT WETLAND

INTERPRETED ZONE OF INFLUENCE

POTENTIAL WATER SUPPLY WELL (MECP WELL RECORDS)

REFERENCE(S) 1. CONTAINS INFORMATION LICENSED UNDER THE OPEN GOVERNMENT LICENCE - ONTARIO 2. SIGNIFICANT GROUNDWATER RECHARGE AREAS DATA OBTAINED FROM HTTPS:// DATA.GRANDRIVER.CA/DOWNLOADS-GEOSPATIAL.HTML 3. BASE MAP: CITY OF GUELPH, MAXAR, MICROSOFT 4

5 COORDINATE SYSTEM: NAD 1983 CSRS UTM ZONE 17N

CLIENT

FIRST CAPITAL MANAGEMENT ASSET LP.

PROJECT HYDROGEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT , PROPOSED MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT, 105 CLAIR ROAD EAST, GUELPH, ONTARIO

TITLE

POTENTIAL DEWATERING IMPACTS

CONSULTANT



YYYY-MM-DD	2025-02-	-25
DESIGNED	JT	
PREPARED	KP	
REVIEWED	AD	
APPROVED		
	REV.	FIGURE
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PROJECT NO. CONTROL CA0010884.8370 0004

APPENDIX A

Borehole Logs

	PRO	JEC	T: CA0010884.8370		REC	0	RI	DO	OF E	BOR	EHC	LE:	В	H23-	1				SH	HEET 1 OF 2
	-00	ATIC	N: See Borehole Location Plan					во	RING E	ATE: S	Septemb	er 28, 2	2023						DA	ATUM: Geodetic
	SPT	/DCF	T HAMMER: MASS, 64kg; DROP, 760mm					DR	ILL RIG	: Diedri	ch D120							HAM	MER TY	PE: AUTOMATIC
ш		8	SOIL PROFILE			SAI	MPL	ES	HEAD			TIBLE		HYDR	AULIC C	CONDUC	CTIVITY,	Т	.0	
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DE		BOF		STR/	(m)	Ñ		BLO	ND = 1 1	lot Detect 00 2	ed 100 3	00	400	W	0	0 * 20	30 4	WI 40	₹₹	
_	0		GROUND SURFACE		341.60															23-1S 23-1D
Ē			FILL - (SP) gravelly SAND, some fines;		0.10															
E			blown, non-conesive, moist, compact			1	SS	24	nD					0						
F			FILL - (SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel to		340.84 0.76	_														
-	1		gravelly; brown; non-cohesive, moist, compact			2	SS	29	Ð					0						
E					340.15				ND											
-			(SP/GP) SAND and GRAVEL, trace fines: brown: non-cohesive, moist, dense		1.45	_														
Ē			- cobbles/boulders			3	SS	49						0						
E	2				339.39															
F			(SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel to gravelly; brown (TILL); non-cohesive,	4 4	2.21															
1 1			moist, compact to very dense			4	SS	26	nD					0						
	3																			
N						5	SS	436	nD					0					м	
I GAL																				
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						ь	55	450	ND											
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			fines; brown; non-cohesive, moist, very dense																	
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			(SP) SAND, some gravel to gravelly, some fines; brown; non-cohesive, , wet,		8.69									1						
L SAF	9		compact to dense			\mid								1						
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-H-I	1:5	0																	СН	ECKED: AD

PROJECT: CA0010884.8370 RECORD OF BOREHOLE: BH23-1 SHEET 2 OF 2 LOCATION: See Borehole Location Plan BORING DATE: September 28, 2023 DATUM: Geodetic												HEET 2 OF 2								
	LOC	CATIC	N: See Borehole Location Plan					во	RING DA	ATE: S	eptemb	er 28, 20	023						DA	ATUM: Geodetic
	SPT	T/DCF	PT HAMMER: MASS, 64kg; DROP, 760mm					DR	ILL RIG:	Diedric	h D120							HAM	MER TY	PE: AUTOMATIC
ш		Ð	SOIL PROFILE			SA	MPL	ES	HEADSI VAPOU	PACE C R CONC	OMBUS ENTRA	TIBLE TIONS [I	PPM] 🕀	HYDR/	AULIC C k, cm/s	ONDUC	TIVITY,	T	Q۲	
DEPTH SCA	MEIKES	BORING METH	DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	түре	BLOWS/0.3m	ND = No 100 HEADSF CONCE ND = No 100	ot Detecte 0 20 PACE OI NTRATI t Detecte 0 20	ed 10 30 RGANIC ONS [PP d	00 4 VAPOUF M]	00	10 W W 1	0 ⁻⁶ 1 ATER C	0 ⁻⁵ 1 DONTENT	0 ⁻⁴ 1 PERCEI	0 ⁻³ ⊥ NT WI	ADDITIONA LAB. TESTIN	STANDPIPE
	10	_	CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE																	23-1S 23-1D
	10 11 11 12 13	Diedrich D-120 Trak Mount 200 mm O.D. Hollow Stem Auger	(CL) SILTY CLAY, some sand, some gravel: brown (TILL); cohesive, w~PL, very stiff		328.34 13.26 326.82 14.78	12 13 14	SS SS	16€ 30€	a ND ND						0	0				
2						15	SS	16 🧲	D ND					0						-
	16		END OF BOREHOLE		325.75 15.85	\vdash														
	117 18 19 20		 NOTES: 1. A 50 mm Dia. monitoring well (BH23-15) was installed in the borehole upon completion of drilling. Screened from 3.0 m to 6.1 m below ground surface. 2. A 50 mm Dia. monitoring well (BH23-1D) was installed in the borehole upon completion of drilling. Screened from 7.6 m to 10.7 m below ground surface. 3. Groundwater level measured in BH23-1S as follows: Date Depth (m) Elev. (m) 12-Oct-23 Dry - 18-Oct-23 Dry - 27-Oct-23 Dry - 4. Groundwater level measured in BH23-1D as follows: Date Depth (m) Elev. (m) 12-Oct-23 7.9 333.7 18-Oct-23 8.0 333.6 27-Oct-23 8.1 333.5 																	
5 21 2-21	DEF 1:5	PTH S	SCALE							15	þ								LC	DGGED: AD ECKED: AD

LO	САТ	rion	N: See Borehole Location Plan					вс		DATE: C	Dctober 2	2, 2023	-		_				D	ATUM: Geodetic	
SP	T/D0	СРТ	THAMMER: MASS, 64kg; DROP, 760mm					DF	RILL RIC	G: Diedri	ch D120							HAM	MER T	YPE: AUTOMATIC	
	0		SOIL PROFILE			SA	MPL	.ES	HEAD	SPACE (COMBUS	TIBLE		HYD	RAULIC	CONDU	CTIVITY,	т	1		
ES	ЕТНО			ы				E	ND =	OUR CON Not Detec 100 2	CENTRA ted 00 3	TIONS	[PPM] € 100)	k, cm/	s 10 ⁻⁵	10 ⁻⁴	10 ⁻³	NAL	PIEZOMETER	R
AETRI	M DN		DESCRIPTION	LA PL	ELEV.	ABER	ЪЕ	/S/0.3	HEAD	SPACE C	RGANIC	VAPOL	IR	_	WATER	CONTEN	T PERCE	INT	DITIC	STANDPIPE	N
2	BORI			STRAT	DEPTH (m)	NUN	F	BLOW	ND =	Not Detect	ed	'MJ	L	' '	Vp I	0 ^V	/I	WI	PB		
_			GROUND SURFACE	0,	341.80					100 2	00 3		100		10	20	30	40			
0		┢	ASPHALT (100 mm)		0.00	1														Concrete	A
			trace fines; brown; non-cohesive, moist, dense to very dense			1	ss	35 (Monitoring Well	
			- trace brick fragments																		
1																					
						2	SS	49	₽ ND												
						-															
						3	ss	50/ 0.07						0							
2																					
			(SP/GP) SAND and GPA\/EL_trace to		339.59																
			some fines; brown; non-cohesive, moist, compact to very dense																		
			- Cobbles			4	SS	30 6	€ ND					0							
3																					
						5	22	524	5												
					·		00	520	ND												
4						6	SS	44	E N												
		Ļ				Ū			ÎND												
	Aount	n Auge	(SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel to		337.30 4.50															Bentonite	
	Trak N	w Ster	gravelly; brown (TILL); non-cohesive, moist, dense to very dense			7	SS	32 6	Ð										мн		
5	D-120	0. Holid							ND												
	Diedrich	I.O mr						50/,													
		200				0	- 33	0.13	ND												
ь						-															
						9	SS	52 (Ð					0							
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8						10	SS	67 6						0							
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]															Oct. 27, 2023	2.55
10	L	-		-) <u>14</u> 14	†		† –	1-	·	+		+		+	-	+	-	+			1
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DEI	PTH	ISC	CALE							11	נונ								L	OGGED: AD	

PR LO	OJ CA	ECT TIOI	F: CA0010884.8370 N: See Borehole Location Plan		REC	CO	RI	D (3OR Date: (EHO	LE: 2, 2023	Bł	1 23-	2				SI D/	HEET 2 OF 3 ATUM: Geodetic
SP	T/C	CP	T HAMMER: MASS, 64kg; DROP, 760mm					DF	RILL RIC	3: Diedri	ich D120							HAM	MER T	YPE: AUTOMATIC
щ	C	8	SOIL PROFILE			SA	MPL	ES	HEAD VAPC	SPACE (TIBLE	PPM] ⊕	HYDR	AULIC C k, cm/s	ONDUC	FIVITY,	Т	<u>ں</u>	
DEPTH SCAL METRES		BORING METH	DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	ТҮРЕ	BLOWS/0.3m	ND = HEAD CONC ND = 1	Vot Detec 100 2 SPACE C ENTRAT Vot Detect 100 2	200 3 DRGANIC 10NS [PF 200 3	00 4 VAPOU M]		1' W W 1	0 ⁻⁶ 1 ATER C	0 ⁻⁵ 1 ONTENT <u>OW</u>	0 ⁻⁴ 1 PERCEI	0 ⁻³ ⊥ NT WI	ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTIN	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION
- 10 - 11 - 11 - 12 - 12 - 13			CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE (SP) gravelly SAND, trace fines; brown; non-cohesive, wet, compact to dense	A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACT AND A C	331.59	12	SS	450	B) ND					C					МН	Screen
- 14 - 14 - 15 - 15	Diedrich D-120 Trak Mount	200 mm O.D. Hollow Stem Auger	(ML) Sandy SILT, trace gravel, slight plasticity; grey (TILL); non-cohesive, moist, compact		<u>328.54</u> 13.26	14	SS	146						c	2					- Bentonite
- 16 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 18 - 18			(SM/ML) SILTY SAND, some gravel to gravelly: grey (TILL); non-cohesive, moist, dense to very dense	ىن بەر شەر بەر ئەرى بەرى بەرى ئەر	<u>325.49</u> 16.31	16	SS	46 (73/, 0.28						0						
- 19 - 19 					322.90 18.90			-						 - — —						
DE 1 :	РТ 50	ΉS	CALE		<u> </u>			1	 	\\ \\\ 									Lí CH	OGGED: AD ECKED: AD

PROJECT: CA0010884.8370 RECORD OF BOREHOLE: BH23-2 SHEET 3 OF 3 LOCATION: See Borehole Location Plan BORING DATE: October 2, 2023 DATUM: Geodetic																				
l	-00	ATIO	N: See Borehole Location Plan					BO	RING D	ATE: C	October 2	2, 2023							DA	ATUM: Geodetic
ę	SPT/	DCP	THAMMER: MASS, 64kg; DROP, 760mm					DR	ILL RIG	: Diedrie	ch D120							HAM	IER T	PE: AUTOMATIC
Ц		₽ ₽	SOIL PROFILE	_		SA	MPL	ES	HEAD: VAPO	SPACE O	OMBUS	TIBLE TIONS [F	PPM] 🕀	HYDRA	AULIC C k, cm/s	ONDUCI	FIVITY,	T	ų Qr	PIEZOMETER
H SCA		MET		PLOT	EL EV	ER	ш	0.3m	ND = N 1	lot Deteci 00 2 1	190 30 1	00 40	00	1() ⁻⁶ 1	0 ⁻⁵ 10	0 ⁻⁴ 1	0 ⁻³ ⊥	TIONA ESTIN	OR
DEPTH		ORING	DESCRIPTION	RATA	DEPTH	NUMB	TYPI	OWS/	HEADS CONC ND = N	SPACE C ENTRAT	RGANIC ONS [PP ed	VAPOUF M]		Wr Wr	ATER CO	ONTENT	PERCE	NT WI	ADDI LAB. T	INSTALLATION
	_	ă		STI	(m)	_		BL	1	00 2	00 30	00 40	00	1	0 2	<u>:0 3</u>	80 4	0		
- 2	20		CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE NOTE:																	-
-			1. Groundwater level measured in monitoring well as follows:																	-
-			Date Depth (m) Elev. (m)																	-
È,	21		12-Oct-23 9.4 332.4 18-Oct-23 9.2 332.6																	-
-			27-Oct-23 9.2 332.6																	-
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12/12																				
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-A-BH		TH SO	CALE							11	7	I							LC	DGGED: AD
5	1:50	J																	CH	ECKED: AD

		JEC ATIC	T: CA0010884.8370 N: See Borehole Location Plan		REC	co	RI	D	OF I	BOR	EHC	LE:	B	H23-	3				SI	HEET 1 OF 2
	200	/ 110						BC	RING	DATE: \$	Septemb	er 29, 2	023						Di	ATUM: Geodetic
	SPT	/DCF	T HAMMER: MASS, 64kg; DROP, 760mm					DF	RILL RIC	3: Diedr	ich D120)						HAM	IER T	YPE: AUTOMATIC
Ц		GР	SOIL PROFILE			SA	MPL	ES	HEAD VAPC	SPACE		TIBLE	PPM] 🕀	HYDR	AULIC C k, cm/s	ONDUC	TIVITY,	T	ŞF	PIEZOMETER
H SCA		MET		PLOT		ЕR		0.3m		100 2	200 3	00 4	00	1	0 ⁻⁶ 1	0 ⁻⁵ 1	10 ⁻⁴ 1	10 ⁻³		OR
EPTF	ž	RING	DESCRIPTION	RATA	DEPTH	IUMB	TΥΡΙ	OWS/		SPACE (CENTRAT	DRGANIC TONS [PF	VAPOU PM]	R 🗆				F PERCE	ENT WI	ADDI AB. T	INSTALLATION
		B		STF	(m)	2		BL	ND -	100 2	2 <u>00 3</u>	00 4	00		10 2	20 :	30 4	40		
F	0		GROUND SURFACE ASPHALT (100 mm)		340.80 0.00		-													
F			FILL - (SP/GP) SAND and GRAVEL, some fines: brown: non-cohesive, moist.		0.10															Concrete 50 mm Dia Monitoring Well
Ē			very dense			1	SS	58	ND					0						-
F			(ML) Sandy SILT; brown, oxidation		340.07 0.73	_														
-	1		stains; non-cohesive, moist, compact			2	SS	22	Ð						0					
-									ND											-
Ē			(SP/GP) SAND and GRAVEL, some		1.45															-
F			dense		•	3	SS	52	Ð					0						-
F	2		- cobbles/boulders		•				ND											
F							-													-
Ē						4	SS	81/ 0.28						0						-
17/7							ł													- -
	3		(SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel to		2.97		-													
			moist, dense to very dense]	5	SS	55	Ð					0						-
									ND											-
5 - -					}															-
5	4				}	6	SS	60	ÐI					0						
		-			}				ND											-
בוב קבור קבור	ŀ	In Auge					1													-
5-	-	v Sten				7	SS	55	-											-
	5	Hollo							ND											
		m O.D.					1													-
	i	500 m				8	SS	436	ÐI											· 3 및 2
Ę									ND					_						Sand Sand
	6																			
						0	99	174	5											
						5	55	479	ND											
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	7		(SP) gravelly SAND, trace fines; brown;		333.79 7.01	1														
			non-cohesive, wet, dense to very dense																	
<u>и</u> –						10	SS	89/ 0.28	Ð						•					Oct. 27, 2023
	8						-													
AL																				
	9																			
2						11A			Ð						0					
					331.15	110	ss	50	ND											Bentonite
			(ML) Sandy SILT; brown; non-cohesive, wet, very dense		9.65	11B	1		^{P'} ND											-
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Ц0-К	DEP	TH S	SCALE							11	וו								L	OGGED: AD
5	1:5	υ																	CH	ECKED: AD

	PR	ROJE	ECT	CA0010884.8370		REC	0	R[) (of Bor	EHC	LE:	Bł	-123 -3	3				SF	HEET 2 OF 2
	LO	CAI	nor	N: See Borenole Location Plan					BO	RING DATE: \$	Septemb	er 29, 20	23						DA	ATUM: Geodetic
	SP	T/D	CP	THAMMER: MASS, 64kg; DROP, 760mm					DR	NLL RIG: Diedri	ch D120							HAMM	IER T	PE: AUTOMATIC
	S ALE	DOHT		SOIL PROFILE	F		SAI	MPL	ES	HEADSPACE (VAPOUR CON ND = Not Detect	COMBUS CENTRA ted	TIBLE	PM] 🕀	HYDR/	AULIC CO k, cm/s		FIVITY,	. I	ING	PIEZOMETER
	METRE	BORING ME.		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLO	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	100 2 HEADSPACE C CONCENTRAT ND = Not Detect 100 2	00 3 L DRGANIC IONS [PF ed 00 3	00 40 VAPOUR PM] 00 40	00 2 2 00	10 Wp 1	0 ¹⁰ 10 ATER CO 0 2	0 ^{°°} 10 ONTENT <u>O</u> W	0 ⁻⁴ 1 PERCE	0 ⁻³ — NT WI 40	ADDITION LAB. TEST	OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION
	10			CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE (ML) Sandy SILT; brown; non-cohesive, wet, very dense					E0/	ND										
	11	drich D-120 Trak Mount	O.D. Hollow Stem Auger	(SP) gravelly SAND; brown; non-cohesive, wet, dense		<u>329.07</u> 11.73	12	SS	404	an a										Bentonite
ECH.GPJ GAL-MIS.GUT 12/12/22	13	Died	200 mm			226.47	13	SS	40€	and ND ND					0					
				END OF BOREHOLE		14.33														
				NOTE:																-
	15			monitoring well as follows:																-
				Date Depth (m) Elev. (m) 12-Oct-23 7.5 333.3 18-Oct-23 7.6 333.2 27-Oct-23 7.6 333.2																
	16																			
	17																			- - - -
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	20																			
	DE 1 :	 PTH 50	 + S(CALE														I	L(CHI)gged: Ad Ecked: Ad

LOC	ATIC	N: See Borehole Location Plan					BC	RING E	DATE: (October 4	l, 2023							D	ATUM: Geodetic
SPT	/DCF	T HAMMER: MASS, 64kg; DROP, 760mm					DF	RILL RIG	: Diedri	ch D120							HAMI	MER T	YPE: AUTOMATIC
	DOH.	SOIL PROFILE	1.		SA	MPL	ES	HEAD VAPO	SPACE (UR CON	COMBUS CENTRA	TIBLE TIONS [I	PPM] 🕀	HYDR/	AULIC CO k, cm/s	ONDUC	TIVITY,	T	NG L	PIEZOMETER
TRES	G MET		PLOT	ELEV.	BER	ш	s/0.3m						10		0 ⁻⁵ 1		0 ⁻³	TESTI	OR STANDPIPE
M	ORING	DESCRIPTION	IRATA	DEPTH (m)	NUME	ΤŢ	LOWS	CONC ND = 1	ENTRAT	IONS [PP ed	M]	È	Wr				WI	ADD	INSTALLATION
-	ш	GROUND SURFACE	Ś	229.90			-	1	00 2	00 3	00 4	00	1	0 2	0	30 4	40		
0	Τ	ASPHALT (100 mm)		0.00		-													Concrete
		trace fines; brown; non-cohesive, moist, compact to dense			1	SS	20						0						50 mm Dia 🔅
1					2		200	5											
					2	33	306	ND											
		(SM/GP) SILTY SAND and GRAVEL;		337.35 1.45	_														
		- cobbles/boulders			3	SS	51						0						
2								ND											
					4	SS	75	D ND					0						Bentonite
3																			
					-														
					э	55	031	ND											
		(SM/ML) SILTY SAND to Sandy SILT,		335.07 3.73	-														
4		non-cohesive, moist to wet, dense to very dense			6	SS	57	Ð.,					0						
	ger																		
	tem Au																		
5	ollow S				7	SS	64	D ND					0						Sand
	O.D. H																		Sanu
i	00 mm		14 14 14 14 14 14		8	SS	50/ 0.10	Ð ND					0						
		- Becomes wet at a depth of about 5.8 m	2 4 - 2 - 4 - 2																
6			10 C			-													 Oct. 27, 2023
			19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1		9	SS	38 (Ð						>				мн	
								ND											Screen
7																			
		(SP/GP) SAND and GRAVEL; brown;		331.64 7.16															
		non-cohesive, wet, compact to dense																	
																			(7.)Vi
8					10	SS	30	ND											
			- And	330.11															
9		brown (TILL); cohesive, w~PL, very stiff		0.69															
					╞	-													Bentonite
					11	SS	25						0						
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10	_∟			4		+ -	-		+							·	+	·	
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	PR	OJE	CT: CA0010884.8370	RECORD OF BOREHOLE: BH23-4	SHEET 2 OF 2
	LO	CAII	ON: See Borehole Location Plan	BORING DATE: October 4, 2023	DATUM: Geodetic
	SP	T/DC	PT HAMMER: MASS, 64kg; DROP, 760mm	DRILL RIG: Diedrich D120	HAMMER TYPE: AUTOMATIC
	S	THOD	SOIL PROFILE	SAMPLES HEADSPACE COMBUSTIBLE HYDRAULIC CO VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS [PPM] ⊕ k, cm/s	
DEPTH SC	METRE	BORING ME	DESCRIPTION LESCRIPTION	ELEV. (m) Max M	10 10 10 10 0 0 11 1 10 10 10 10 NTENT PERCENT E STANDPIPE INSTALLATION -0 0 30 40
╞	10		CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE		
	11		(ML) Sandy SILT, some gravel; grey (TILL); non-cohesive, moist, very dense	10.21 12 SS 89/01 0.25 MD	
- 12/12/23 	12	Diedrich D-120 Trak Mount	(CL) Sandy SILTY CLAY, some gravel: grey (TILL); cohesive, w~PL, very stiff	327.17 11.63 13 SS 22 09 ND	Bentonite
CH.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDI	14		(SM/ML) SILTY SAND to Sandy SILT, some gravel; grey (TILL); non-cohesive, moist, very dense	325.54 13.26 14 SS 92/03 ND O	
			NOTE:		
			1. Groundwater level measured in monitoring well as follows:		
	15		Date Depth (m) Elev. (m) 12-Oct-23 5.7 333.1 18-Oct-23 5.9 332.9 27-Oct-23 6.0 332.8		
	16				
	17				
	18				
AL/105_C					
	19				
1 S:\CLE	20				
GIA-BHS UL	DE 1 : :	РТН 50	SCALE	NSD	LOGGED: AD CHECKED: AD

PI	ROJ		F: CA0010884.8370 N: See Borehole Location Plan		REC	co	RI	D	of Bof	REHC	DLE	B	H23-	5				S	HEET 1 OF 3
	00,							BC	ORING DATE:	October	3, 2023	3						D.	ATUM: Geodetic
SI	PT/[CP	T HAMMER: MASS, 64kg; DROP, 760mm			_		DF	RILL RIG: Died	rich D120)						HAM	MER T	YPE: AUTOMATIC
SCALE		1ETHOD	SOIL PROFILE	Ō		SA	MPL	ES ES	HEADSPACE VAPOUR CO ND = Not Dete 100	COMBUS NCENTR/ cted 200 3	TIBLE TIONS	[PPM] ⊕ 400	HYDR 1	AULIC C k, cm/s 0 ⁻⁶ 1	ONDUC 0 ⁻⁵ 1	TIVITY, I0 ⁻⁴ 1	10 ⁻³ I	STING	PIEZOMETER OR
DEPTH 5 METF		BORING	DESCRIPTION	STRATA PI	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	түре	BLOWS/0.	HEADSPACE CONCENTRA ND = Not Dete	ORGANIC TIONS [PI cted	VAPO PM]	JR 🗆	w w				I INT WI	ADDITIO LAB. TE	STANDPIPE INSTALLATION
			GROUND SURFACE		339.80)			100	200 3		400				30 4	40		
			ASPHALT (100 mm) FILL - (SP/GP) SAND and GRAVEL, some fines; brown; non-cohesive, moist, dense		0.00 0.10	1	ss	47 (B) ND				0						Concrete 50 mm Dia Monitoring Well
1 - - - - -	I		(SM/GP) SILTY SAND and GRAVEL; brown; non-cohesive, moist, compact to		338.35 1.45	2	SS	44	B ND				0						
- - 2 - - -	2		dense			3	SS	18					0						
	3					5	ss	29					0						
	ŀ					6	ss	40 (0						Bentonite
	-120 Trak Mount	Hollow Stem Auger				7	ss	32	ED ND				0						
	Diedrich D	200 mm O.D.	(SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel to gravelly; brown (TILL); non-cohesive, moist, compact to very dense	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	334.62 5.18	8	ss	28					0						
				4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4		9	ss	34 (B ND				0						
	3					10	ss	30 (0						Sand
				14 8 1 8 8 1 8 1 8 8 1 8 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1															Oct. 27, 2023
				2 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		11	ss	50					0						
2 — 10 5	F		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE	3.71	†		+ -	-	+	-	+	-	+		+		+		M1N1
	EPT : 50	ΉS	CALE		ı	1	1	1		5)		I	ı	I		1	L CF	OGGED: AD IECKED: AD

PI L(ROJ	ECT: TION:	CA0010884.8370 See Borehole Location Plan		REC	CO	R) (во	DF B		HO tober 3	L E:	Bł	123-	5				Sł D/	HEET 2 OF 3 ATUM: Geodetic
S	ΡΤ/D	OCPT I	HAMMER: MASS, 64kg; DROP, 760mm					DR	ILL RIG:	Diedrich	D120 ו							HAMM	/IER T	YPE: AUTOMATIC
щ	G	3	SOIL PROFILE			SAI	ИРL	ES	HEADS VAPOU	PACE CO R CONC	OMBUST	IBLE	PMI ⊕	HYDR/	AULIC Co k. cm/s	ONDUC	TIVITY,	Т	.0	
DEPTH SCAL METRES			DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	түре	BLOWS/0.3m	ND = Na 10 HEADS CONCE ND = Na 10	Detecte 0 200 PACE OR NTRATIC of Detected 0 200	d 30 RGANIC 1 DNS [PPI 1 D 30	0 40 /APOUR /] 0 40		10 W W 1	0 ⁻⁶ 10 ATER CO 0 2	0 ⁵ 1 DNTENT <u>OW</u> 0 3	0 ⁻⁴ 1 PERCE	0 ⁻³ ⊥ NT WI	ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTIN	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION
10			CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE	414																
RD_E E GUELPH_ON02_DATAIGINT/105_CLAIR_RD_E GUELPH_ON-GEOTECH.GPU GAL-MIS.GDT 12/12/23 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T M L T T T T T T T M L L T T T T T T M L L T T T T T T M L L T T T T T T	Diedrich D-120 Trak Mount	200 mm O.D. Hollow Stem Auger	CL) Sandy SILTY CLAY, some gravel: rey (TILL); cohesive, w-PL, very stiff SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel: grey TLL); non-cohesive, moist to wet, compact to dense		<u>329.59</u> 10.21 <u>325.02</u> 14.78 <u>322.73</u> 17.07	12 13 14 15 16A	SS SS SS SS SS SS	28€ 29€ 17€ € 25€						0	0					Bentonite
CLIENTS/FIRST_CAPITAL/105_CLAIF		E	END OF BOREHOLE		<u>320.90</u> 18.90	17	SS	41€	9 ND					0						
01 S			CONTINUED NEXT PAGE																	
D D D 1	EPT : 50	H SC/	ALE							15									L(CH	DGGED: AD ECKED: AD

APPENDIX B

MECP Water Well Records

APPENDIX E

MECP Data Water Well Records

(First Capital Asset Management LP at 1 Clair Road East, Guelph, Ontario)

Well ID	Data Completed	Depth	Static Water Level	Final Status	Use
6702483	September 30, 1950	61.3	25.6	Water-Supply	Domestic
6702484	October 1, 1954	46.0	11.6	Water-Supply	Domestic
6702485	August 6, 1955	54.9	19.5	Water-Supply	Domestic
6702486	November 5, 1957	51.8	18.3	Water-Supply	Domestic
6702636	November 8, 1963	45.1	11.6	Water-Supply	Domestic
6702637	July 2, 1963	24.4	12.2	Water-Supply	Domestic
6702638	February 16, 1951	50.3	17.4	Water-Supply	Domestic
6702639	December 15, 1950	39.6	21.3	Water-Supply	Livestock
6703159	August 8, 1968	47.9	11.0	Water-Supply	Commercial
6704203	February 16, 1972	32.9	10.1	Water-Supply	Domestic
6707721	December 10, 1982	69.2	22.9	Water-Supply	Domestic
6709321	July 25, 1988	61.3	15.2	Water-Supply	Domestic
6710049	October 21, 1989	44.2	21.3	Water-Supply	Domestic
6710383	June 12, 1990	68.9	22.9	Water-Supply	Domestic
7228794	July 24, 2014	43.3	11.0	Water-Supply	Domestic
7039768	November 6, 2006	67.7	18.9	Water-Supply	Domestic
6715767	May 17, 2006	13.6	0.0	Observation-Wells	Not Used
7041091	March 27, 2007	89.9	0.0	Observation-Wells	-
7041092	March 27, 2007	51.8	0.0	Observation-Wells	-
7041093	March 27, 2007	27.4	0.0	Observation-Wells	-
7041094	March 27, 2007	13.7	0.0	Observation-Wells	-
7157282	November 26, 2010	25.9	0.0	Observation-Wells	Monitoring
7157283	December 3, 2010	13.7	0.0	Observation-Wells	Monitoring
7157284	December 2, 2010	26.8	0.0	Observation-Wells	Monitoring
7231333	October 3, 2014	4.6	0.0	Observation-Wells	Monitoring
7231334	October 3, 2014	13.7	0.0	Observation-Wells	Monitoring
7263844	May 15, 2016	6.0	0.0	Observation-Wells	Monitoring

Well ID	Data Completed	Depth	Static Water Level	Final Status	Use
7264054	April 5, 2016	4.0	0.0	Observation-Wells	Monitoring
7264055	April 5, 2016	8.2	0.0	Observation-Wells	Monitoring
7264056	April 24, 2016	4.0	0.0	Observation-Wells	Monitoring
7264057	April 4, 2016	7.9	0.0	Observation-Wells	Monitoring
7278477	August 23, 2016	21.3	13.4	Observation-Wells	Monitoring
7278484	August 22, 2016	29.9	15.9	Observation-Wells	Monitoring
7328911	February 27, 2019	12.2	0.0	Monitoring-and-Test- Hole	Monitoring
7328912	February 7, 2019	12.2	0.0	Monitoring-and-Test- Hole	Monitoring
7330376	March 25, 2019	9.1	0.0	Monitoring-and-Test- Hole	Municipal
7330377	March 25, 2019	18.3	16.8	Monitoring-and-Test- Hole	Monitoring-and-Test- Hole
7330378	March 25, 2019	9.1	0.0	Monitoring-and-Test- Hole	Monitoring-and-Test- Hole
7335550	January 17, 2019	8.2	0.0	-	Monitoring-and-Test- Hole
7332733	December 17, 2018	0.0	0.0	-	-
7219270	-	0.0	0.0	-	-
7267302	April 22, 2014	0.0	0.0	-	-
7311675	April 19, 2018	0.0	0.0	-	-
7118150	December 16, 2008	0.0	0.0	Abandoned-Other	Not Used
7150520	June 22, 2010	0.0	0.0	Abandoned-Other	-
6712225	April 30, 1997	33.5	8.8	Abandoned-Other	Domestic
6713683	April 4, 2001	0.0	0.0	Abandoned-Other	-
6713684	April 4, 2001	0.0	0.0	Abandoned-Other	-
6713685	April 4, 2001	0.0	0.0	Abandoned-Other	-
6713686	April 4, 2001	0.0	0.0	Abandoned-Other	-
6713688	April 4, 2001	0.0	0.0	Abandoned-Other	-
7238744	September 15, 2014	0.0	0.0	Abandoned-Other	-
7255411	December 16, 2015	0.0	0.0	Abandoned-Other	-
7333782	May 7, 2019	12.2	0.0	Abandoned-Other	Monitoring

Well ID	Data Completed	Depth	Static Water Level	Final Status	Use
7333783	May 7, 2019	12.2	0.0	Abandoned-Other	Monitoring
7333784	May 7, 2019	12.2	0.0	Abandoned-Other	Monitoring
7232850	October 23, 2014	0.0	0.0	Abandoned-Other	Domestic
7285955	April 18, 2017	0.0	0.0	Abandoned-Other	Domestic
7191429	October 31, 2012	0.0	8.5	Abandoned-Other	Domestic

Notes: Results documents are based on MECP records present during a November 2023 search

APPENDIX C

Hydraulic Conductivity Testing Analytical Solutions











APPENDIX D

Grain Size Analysis and Curves

NSD

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

MTO LS-702



wsp

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

MTO LS-702

Test Request # Client: FCAM Project Name: Po Source: Soil Description:	CA0010884.8370 <u>.</u> ergola Commons (SP) gravelly SAND	_1			Specime			P P S S T D	roject Numbo roject Locati ample Locat ample No.: ype: epth (m):	er: CA0 on: 10! ion: BH 12 SS	0010884.837 5 Clair Road 23-2 10.7 -	0 East, Guelph ON 11.3
Specimen Reference Specimen Description	NA NA				Depth	n NA		D	ate of Test	24 (Oct 2023	
									Sieve		Hydro Sedimo	ometer entation
Grain Size Distribution (%)	16.2		70.1		13.7			Sieve No.	Particle Size mm	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
			SAND	G	2Δ\/EI			0.530"	13.2	100.0	0.0497	7.5
F	FINES (Silt, Clay)	Fino	Modium		Cooree	COBBLE	BOULDER	3/8"	9.5	96.5	0.0352	6.8
		ГШе	wedium		Coarse			#4	4.75	86.3	0.0223	6.8
100								#10	2	77.0	0.0129	6.0
90								#20	0.85	67.4	0.0092	6.0
								#40	0.425	57.1	0.0065	4.5
80								#60	0.25	42.0	0.0032	3.0
								#140	0.106	20.4	0.0014	3.0
o 70 -								#200	0.075	16.2		
as 60												
2 00			1									
ଦ୍ର ତୁ 50			/									
ssin												
ё́ 40 –												
8											0.005 mm	3.93
30											0.002 mm	3.00
20											D60	0.52
											D30	0.16
10											D10	0.06
_ ×	****										Cu	9.00
0	0.01			10		100	1000				Сс	1.00
0.001	0.01	→ Sieve	Particle Size (mm) -* Hy	/drometer	100	1000					
Notes:						Disclaime The laborator client, and wi is for the sole interpretation	PT: y testing services reported h the recognized standard use of WSP's client, relate or opinion regarding speci	I herein have been pe Is indicated in this rep es only to the sample(ification compliance of	rformed in accor ort, or local indus s) tested and do r materials suitab	dance with the te stry practice. This es not represent : illity for any speci	rms of a contrac laboratory testin any (actual or im fic purpose.	t with WSP's g services report plied)
Tested by: M	IKMarren Date: 2	24 Oct 2023		Checked by WS 100 Whitt	: JTimms SP Canada Inc. 0 Scotia Court by, ON L1N 8Y6 Canada	Date: 09 No	v 2023	Reviewed b	y:	Date:		

[+1] 905-723-2727

NSD	
Test Request # CA0010884.8370_1 Client: FCAM Project Name: Pergola Commons Source:	
Soil Description: (SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel to gravelly TILL	

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

MTO LS-702

Test Request # Client: FCAM Project Name: Pe Source: Soil Description:	CA0010884.8370_1 ergola Commons (SM) SILTY SAND, som	ne gravel to gravelly TIL	L						Pi Si Si D	roject Numb roject Locati ample Locat ample No.: ype: epth (m):	ier: CAG ion: 105 tion: BH 7 SS	0010884.837 5 Clair Rd E 23-2 4.6 -	5.2
Specimen Reference Specimen Description	NA NA					Specin Depth	nen NA		D	ate of Test	24 (Oct 2023	
										Sieve		Hydro Sedime	ometer entation
Grain Size Distribution (%)	32.4		47.8		19	.8			Sieve No.	Particle Size mm	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
			SAND		GRA	/FI			3/4"	19	100.0	0.0465	21.7
F	INES (Silt, Clay)	Fine	Modium	Coarse	Fine	Coarse	COBBLE	BOULDER	0.530"	13.2	96.1	0.0333	19.0
100		1110	Wedidin	Obarse	1 1110	Oburse			3/8"	9.5	93.7	0.0212	17.6
									#4	4.75	80.2	0.0124	15.6
90					/				#10	2	69.5	0.0088	14.2
									#20	0.85	58.7	0.0063	12.2
80									#40	0.425	51.5	0.0032	8.8
									#60	0.25	45.5	0.0014	5.4
0 س									#140	0.106	35.6		
Jas									#200	0.075	32.4		
ନ୍ଦ୍ର ତୁ 50													
ssir													
ĕ 40													
8		a state										0.005 mm	11.06
30												0.002 mm	6.88
20												D60	0.94
20	****	*										D30	0.07
10	*											D10	0.00
*												Cu	230.00
0					40		400	4000				Cc	1.00
0.001	0.01		1 Particle Size (mr	m)	10 ————————————————————————————————————	ometer	100	1000	L		1		
		Sieve	Particle Size (mr	n)		JUIEIGI							
Notes:							Disclaime	er:					
							The laborator client, and wit is for the sole interpretation	y testing services reported I th the recognized standards use of WSP's client, relate or opinion regarding specifi	herein have been pe s indicated in this repo s only to the sample(ication compliance of	rformed in acco ort, or local indu s) tested and do r materials suita	rdance with the te stry practice. This bes not represent bility for any speci	rms of a contract laboratory testin any (actual or im fic purpose.	with WSP's g services report plied)
Tested by: MI	KMarren Date: 24 O	Oct 2023		С	hecked by: WSP 100 S Whitby,	JTimms Canada Inc cotia Court ON L1N 81	Date: 02 No :. /6	ov 2023	Reviewed b	y: JTaylor	Date:	07 Nov 202	3
					[.4] (Canada	70					D. 57 (55	10000
					[+1] \$	100-123-212	<u> </u>					Rev57-180	42023

NSD									PART	TICLE SIZ	E DISTR	IBUTION O LS-702
Test Request # CA0010884.8370_1 Client: FCAM Project Name: Pergola Commons Source: Soil Description: (SM/ML) SILTY SAND to sandy S	SILT TILL							P P S S T	Project Number Project Locati Sample Locat Sample No.: Type:	er: CA on: ion: BH 9 SS	0010884.837 23-4	67
Specimen Reference NA Specimen NA Description					Specime Depth	en NA		E	Date of Test	24	Oct 2023	0.7
Grain Size		40.4		20.8				Sieve			Hydrometer Sedimentation	
Distribution (%)		40.4		20.	0			Sieve No.	Size mm	% Passing	Size mm	% Passing
FINES (Silt, Clay)		SAND		GRAVEL		COBBLE BOULDER	3/4"	19	86.9	0.0400	19.3	

MTO LS-702



Tested by: MKMarren Date: 24 Oct 2023 Checked by: JTimms Date: 02 Nov 2023 WSP Canada Inc. 100 Scotia Court Whitby, ON L1N 8Y6 Canada

[+1] 905-723-2727

vsp

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

MTO LS-702

Test Request # Client: FCAM Project Name: F Source: Soil Description: (CA0010884.837 Pergola Commons (SM) SILTY SAND,	70_1 some gravel (TILL)		2			P S S T D	roject Numb roject Locati ample Locat ample No.: ype: vepth (m):	er: CA0 on: 105 C ion: BH : 5 SS	0010884.837 Iair Road Ea 23-1 3.0 -	0 st, Guelph ON 3.7
Specimen Reference Specimen Description	NA NA			Spec Depti	imen n NA		D	ate of Test	23 (Oct 2023	
							Sieve			Hydrometer Sedimentation	
Grain Size Distribution (%	46.4 6)		45.1	8.5			Sieve No.	Particle Size mm	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
			CAND	GRAV/EI			3/4"	19	100.0		
	FINES (Silt, Clay)		SAND		COBBLE	BOULDER		16	96.4		
		Fine	Medium Coarse	Fine Coars	ie		0.530"	13.2	96.4		
100							3/8"	9.5	95.1		
90							#4	4.75	91.5		
50							#8	2.36	86.6		
80							#16	1.18	80.3		1
							#30	0.6	74.0		
<i>7</i> 0							#50	0.3	67.6		
ass							#100	0.15	58.0		
≥ 60							#200	0.075	46.4		<u> </u>
							#200	0.070	-10.4		├ ───┤
Sing											<u> </u>
8 40											
<u>с</u>										0.005 mm	
° 30										0.000 mm	
										0.002 mm	0.47
20										D60	0.17
10										D30	
10										D10	
0										Cu	
0.001	0.01	0.1 →→ Sieve	1 Particle Size (mm)	10 — —— Hydrometer	100	1000				Cc	<u> </u>
Notes:					Disclaime	er:					
					The laborator and with the r the sole use o opinion regar	y testing services reported he recognized standards indicate of WSP's client, relates only to ding specification compliance	rein have been perf d in this report, or lo o the sample(s) teste or materials suitabil	formed in accord ocal industry prace ed and does not lity for any specif	ance with the term tice. This laborato represent any (act ic purpose.	s of a contract w ry testing service ual or implied) in	th WSP's client, s report is for erpretation or
Tested by:	ITimms Date	23 Oct 2023		Checked by: JTimms	Date: 02 Nr	w 2023	Reviewed h	v: JTavlor	Date:	07 Nov 202	3
			WSP Canada Inc. 100 Scotia Court Whitby, ON L1N 8Y6 Canada [+1] 905-723-2727					,,.e.		Rev57-180	-)42023
APPENDIX E

Laboratory Certificates of Analysis

ALS Canada Ltd.



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS (GUIDELINE EVALUATION)

Work Order	: WT2333881	Page	: 1 of 7
Client	: WSP Canada Inc.	Laboratory	: ALS Environmental - Waterloo
Contact	: Lisseth Benavente	Account Manager	: Gayle Braun
Address	: 6925 Century Ave Suite #100 Mississauga ON Canada L5N 7K2	Address	: 60 Northland Road, Unit 1 Waterloo, Ontario Canada N2V 2B8
Telephone	:	Telephone	: +1 519 886 6910
Project	: CA0010884/PHASE: 200	Date Samples Received	: 19-Oct-2023 09:00
PO	:	Date Analysis Commenced	: 19-Oct-2023
C-O-C number	: 20-1084021	Issue Date	: 25-Oct-2023 16:29
Sampler	: RAMIN N.		
Site	: 85 CLAIR RD E, GUELPH, ON		
Quote number	: WSP MSA Pricing		
No. of samples received	: 1		
No. of samples analysed	: 1		

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results
- Guideline Comparison

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QC Interpretive report to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification (SRN).

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is conducted in accordance with US FDA 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Laboratory Department
Jocelyn Kennedy	Department Manager - Semi-Volatile Organics	Organics, Waterloo, Ontario
Jon Fisher	Production Manager, Environmental	Inorganics, Waterloo, Ontario
Jon Fisher	Production Manager, Environmental	Metals, Waterloo, Ontario
Zeba Patel		Microbiology, Waterloo, Ontario



No Breaches Found

General Comments

The analytical methods used by ALS are developed using internationally recognized reference methods (where available), such as those published by US EPA, APHA Standard Methods, ASTM, ISO, Environment Canada, BC MOE, and Ontario MOE. Refer to the ALS Quality Control Interpretive report (QCI) for applicable references and methodology summaries. Reference methods may incorporate modifications to improve performance.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis. Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Application of guidelines is provided "as is" without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied, including, but not limited to fitness for a particular purpose, or non-infringement. ALS assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions in the information. Guidelines are not adjusted for the hardness, pH or temperature of the sample (the most conservative values are used). Measurement uncertainty is not applied to test results prior to comparison with specified criteria values.

Key : LOR: Limit of Reporting (detection limit).

Unit	Description
CFU/100mL	colony forming units per hundred millilitres
mg/L	milligrams per litre
pH units	pH units

>: greater than.

<: less than.

Red shading is applied where the result or the LOR is greater than the Guideline Upper Limit (or lower than the Guideline Lower Limit, if applicable). For drinking water samples, Red shading is applied where the result for E.coli, fecal or total coliforms is greater than or equal to the Guideline Upper Limit.

Page	:	3 of 7
Work Order	:	WT2333881
Client	:	WSP Canada Inc.
Project	1	CA0010884/PHASE: 200



Qualifiers

Qualifier	Description
BODL	Limit of Reporting for BOD was increased to account for the largest volume of sample
	tested.
DLDS	Detection Limit Raised: Dilution required due to high Dissolved Solids / Electrical
	Conductivity.



Analytical Results Evaluation

		Client	sample ID	BH23-1D	 	 	
Matrix: Water							
		Sampling	date/time	19-Oct-2023 00:00	 	 	
		S	Sub-Matrix	Water	 	 	
Analyte	CAS Number	Method/Lab	Unit	WT2333881-001	 	 	
Physical Tests							
рН		E108/WT	pH units	7.93	 	 	
Solids, total suspended [TSS]		E160/WT	mg/L	9.3	 	 	
Anions and Nutrients							
Chloride	16887-00-6	E235.CI/WT	mg/L	526 DLDS	 	 	
Fluoride	16984-48-8	E235.F/WT	mg/L	<0.100 DLDS	 	 	
Kjeldahl nitrogen, total [TKN]		E318/WT	mg/L	0.313	 	 	
Phosphorus, total	7723-14-0	E372-U/WT	mg/L	0.0095	 	 	
Sulfate (as SO4)	14808-79-8	E235.SO4/WT	mg/L	54.8 DLDS	 	 	
Cyanides							
Cyanide, strong acid dissociable (Total)		E333/WT	mg/L	<0.0020	 	 	
Microbiological Tests							
Coliforms, thermotolerant [fecal]		E012.FC/WT	CFU/100 mL	5	 	 	
Total Metals							
Aluminum, total	7429-90-5	E420/WT	mg/L	0.139	 	 	
Antimony, total	7440-36-0	E420/WT	mg/L	<0.00010	 	 	
Arsenic, total	7440-38-2	E420/WT	mg/L	0.00024	 	 	
Bismuth, total	7440-69-9	E420/WT	mg/L	<0.000050	 	 	
Cadmium, total	7440-43-9	E420/WT	mg/L	0.0000271	 	 	
Chromium, total	7440-47-3	E420/WT	mg/L	<0.00050	 	 	
Cobalt, total	7440-48-4	E420/WT	mg/L	0.00050	 	 	
Copper, total	7440-50-8	E420/WT	mg/L	0.00141	 	 	
Iron, total	7439-89-6	E420/WT	mg/L	0.184	 	 	
Lead, total	7439-92-1	E420/WT	mg/L	0.000412	 	 	
Manganese, total	7439-96-5	E420/WT	mg/L	0.0558	 	 	
Mercury, total	7439-97-6	E508/WT	mg/L	<0.000050	 	 	
Molybdenum, total	7439-98-7	E420/WT	mg/L	0.00239	 	 	



Analytical Results Evaluation

Matrix: Water		Client	sample ID	BH23-1D						
		Sampling	date/time	19-Oct-2023 00:00						
		s	ub-Matrix	Water						
Analyte	CAS Number	Method/Lab	Unit	WT2333881-001						
Total Metals										
Nickel, total	7440-02-0	E420/WT	mg/L	0.00188						
Selenium, total	7782-49-2	E420/WT	mg/L	0.000242						
Silver, total	7440-22-4	E420/WT	mg/L	<0.000010						
Tin, total	7440-31-5	E420/WT	mg/L	0.00097						
Titanium, total	7440-32-6	E420/WT	mg/L	0.00274						
Vanadium, total	7440-62-2	E420/WT	mg/L	<0.00050						
Zinc, total	7440-66-6	E420/WT	mg/L	0.0083						
Aggregate Organics										
Carbonaceous biochemical oxygen dema	ind	E555/WT	mg/L	<3.0 ^{BODL}						
[CBOD] Oil & grease (gravimetric)		E567/WT	mg/L	<5.0						
Oil & grease, animal/vegetable (gravimetr	ric)	EC567A.SG/WT	mg/L	<5.0						
Oil & grease, mineral (gravimetric)		E567SG/WT	mg/L	<5.0						
Phenols, total (4AAP)		E562/WT	mg/L	<0.0010						

Please refer to the General Comments section for an explanation of any result qualifiers detected.

Please refer to the Accreditation section for an explanation of analyte accreditations.

Page	:	6 of 7
Work Order	:	WT2333881
Client	:	WSP Canada Inc.
Project	1	CA0010884/PHASE: 200



Summary of Guideline Limits

Analyte	CAS Number	Unit	GUESUB SAN	GUESUB STM			
Physical Tests							
рН		pH units	5.5 - 9.5 pH units	6 - 9 pH units			
Solids, total suspended [TSS]		mg/L	350 mg/L	15 mg/L			
Anions and Nutrients							
Chloride	16887-00-6	mg/L	1500 mg/L				
Fluoride	16984-48-8	mg/L	10 mg/L				
Kjeldahl nitrogen, total [TKN]		mg/L	100 mg/L				
Phosphorus, total	7723-14-0	mg/L	10 mg/L				
Sulfate (as SO4)	14808-79-8	mg/L	1500 mg/L				
Cyanides							
Cyanide, strong acid dissociable (Total)		mg/L	2 mg/L				
Microbiological Tests							
Coliforms, thermotolerant [fecal]		CFU/100mL		200 CFU/100mL			
Total Metals							
Aluminum, total	7429-90-5	mg/L	50 mg/L				
Antimony, total	7440-36-0	mg/L	5 mg/L				
Arsenic, total	7440-38-2	mg/L	1 mg/L				
Bismuth, total	7440-69-9	mg/L	5 mg/L				
Cadmium, total	7440-43-9	mg/L	1 mg/L	0.001 mg/L			
Chromium, total	7440-47-3	mg/L	5 mg/L	0.2 mg/L			
Cobalt, total	7440-48-4	mg/L	5 mg/L				
Copper, total	7440-50-8	mg/L	3 mg/L	0.01 mg/L			
Iron, total	7439-89-6	mg/L	50 mg/L				
Lead, total	7439-92-1	mg/L	5 mg/L	0.05 mg/L			
Manganese, total	7439-96-5	mg/L	5 mg/L				
Mercury, total	7439-97-6	mg/L	0.1 mg/L	0.001 mg/L			
Molybdenum, total	7439-98-7	mg/L	5 mg/L				
Nickel, total	7440-02-0	mg/L	3 mg/L	0.05 mg/L			
Selenium, total	7782-49-2	mg/L	5 mg/L				
Silver, total	7440-22-4	mg/L	5 mg/L				
Tin, total	7440-31-5	mg/L	5 mg/L				
Titanium, total	7440-32-6	mg/L	5 mg/L				
Vanadium, total	7440-62-2	mg/L	5 mg/L				
Zinc, total	7440-66-6	mg/L	3 mg/L	0.05 mg/L			
Aggregate Organics							
Carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand [CBOD]		mg/L	300 mg/L	15 mg/L			

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Analyte	CAS Number	Unit	GUESUB	GUESUB			
			SAN	STM			
Aggregate Organics - Continued							
Oil & grease (gravimetric)		mg/L					
Oil & grease, animal/vegetable (gravimetric)		mg/L	100 mg/L				
Oil & grease, mineral (gravimetric)		mg/L	15 mg/L				
Phenols, total (4AAP)		mg/L	1 mg/L				

Please refer to the General Comments section for an explanation of any qualifiers detected.

Key:

GUESUB	Ontario Guelph Sanitary and Storm Sewer By-Law 15202 (1996)
SAN	Ontario City of Guelph Sanitary Sewer Use By-Law 15202
STM	Ontario City of Guelph Storm Sewer Use By-Law 15202



QUALITY CONTROL INTERPRETIVE REPORT

Work Order	:WT2333881	Page	: 1 of 9
Client	WSP Canada Inc.	Laboratory	: ALS Environmental - Waterloo
Contact	: Lisseth Benavente	Account Manager	: Gayle Braun
Address	: 6925 Century Ave Suite #100	Address	: 60 Northland Road, Unit 1
	Mississauga ON Canada L5N 7K2		Waterloo, Ontario Canada N2V 2B8
Telephone		Telephone	: +1 519 886 6910
Project	: CA0010884/PHASE: 200	Date Samples Received	: 19-Oct-2023 09:00
PO	:	Issue Date	: 25-Oct-2023 16:33
C-O-C number	: 20-1084021		
Sampler	: RAMIN N.		
Site	: 85 CLAIR RD E, GUELPH, ON		
Quote number	: WSP MSA Pricing		
No. of samples received	:1		
No. of samples analysed	:1		

This report is automatically generated by the ALS LIMS (Laboratory Information Management System) through evaluation of Quality Control (QC) results and other QA parameters associated with this submission, and is intended to facilitate rapid data validation by auditors or reviewers. The report highlights any exceptions and outliers to ALS Data Quality Objectives, provides holding time details and exceptions, summarizes QC sample frequencies, and lists applicable methodology references and summaries.

Key

Anonymous: Refers to samples which are not part of this work order, but which formed part of the QC process lot.

CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service number is a unique identifier assigned to discrete substances.

DQO: Data Quality Objective.

LOR: Limit of Reporting (detection limit).

RPD: Relative Percent Difference.

Workorder Comments

Holding times are displayed as "---" if no guidance exists from CCME, Canadian provinces, or broadly recognized international references.

Summary of Outliers Outliers : Quality Control Samples

- No Method Blank value outliers occur.
- No Duplicate outliers occur.
- No Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) outliers occur
- No Matrix Spike outliers occur.
- No Test sample Surrogate recovery outliers exist.

Outliers: Reference Material (RM) Samples

• No Reference Material (RM) Sample outliers occur.

Outliers : Analysis Holding Time Compliance (Breaches) • • No Analysis Holding Time Outliers exist.

Outliers : Frequency of Quality Control Samples

• Quality Control Sample Frequency Outliers occur - please see following pages for full details.

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Work Order	:	WT2333881
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Project	:	CA0010884/PHASE: 200



Analysis Holding Time Compliance

This report summarizes extraction / preparation and analysis times and compares each with ALS recommended holding times, which are selected to meet known provincial and /or federal requirements. In the absence of regulatory hold times, ALS establishes recommendations based on guidelines published by organizations such as CCME, US EPA, APHA Standard Methods, ASTM, or Environment Canada (where available). Dates and holding times reported below represent the first dates of extraction or analysis. If subsequent tests or dilutions exceeded holding times, qualifiers are added (refer to COA).

If samples are identified below as having been analyzed or extracted outside of recommended holding times, measurement uncertainties may be increased, and this should be taken into consideration when interpreting results.

Where actual sampling date is not provided on the chain of custody, the date of receipt with time at 00:00 is used for calculation purposes.

Where only the sample date without time is provided on the chain of custody, the sampling date at 00:00 is used for calculation purposes.

Matrix: Water					E۱	/aluation: × =	Holding time excee	edance ; 🔻	= Within	Holding Time
Analyte Group : Analytical Method	Method	Sampling Date	Extraction / Preparation				Analysis			
Container / Client Sample ID(s)			Preparation	Holding	Holding Times Eval		Analysis Date	Holding	, Times	Eval
			Date	Rec	Actual			Rec	Actual	
Aggregate Organics : Biochemical Oxygen Demand (Carbonaceous) - 5 day										
HDPE [BOD HT-4d]										
BH23-1D	E555	19-Oct-2023					19-Oct-2023	4 days	0 days	✓
Aggregate Organics : Mineral Oil & Grease by Gravimetry										
Amber glass (hydrochloric acid)										
BH23-1D	E567SG	19-Oct-2023	19-Oct-2023	28	1 days	✓	23-Oct-2023	40 days	4 days	✓
				days						
Aggregate Organics : Oil & Grease by Gravimetry										
Amber glass (hydrochloric acid)						,				
BH23-1D	E567	19-Oct-2023	19-Oct-2023	28	1 days	•	23-Oct-2023	40 days	4 days	*
				days						
Aggregate Organics : Phenols (4AAP) in Water by Colorimetry										
Amber glass total (sulfuric acid) [ON MECP]	E562	10 Oct 2022	20 Oct 2022		1 dovo		20 Oct 2022	29 dava	2 days	
BH23-1D	E302	19-001-2023	20-001-2023	28 dava	Tuays	•	20-001-2023	20 uays	2 uays	•
				uays						
Anions and Nutrients : Chloride in Water by IC										
	E235 CI	19-Oct-2023	23-Oct-2023	28	5 days	1	24-Oct-2023	28 days	5 days	1
		10 0 01 2020	20 000 2020	davs	o dayo		210012020	20 dayo	o dayo	
Anions and Nutriants : Eluorida in Water by IC				uajo						
HDPE (ON MECP)										
BH23-1D	E235.F	19-Oct-2023	23-Oct-2023	28	5 days	1	24-Oct-2023	28 days	5 days	✓
				days					-	
Anions and Nutrients : Sulfate in Water by IC								1		
HDPE [ON MECP]										
BH23-1D	E235.SO4	19-Oct-2023	23-Oct-2023	28	5 days	✓	24-Oct-2023	28 days	5 days	✓
				days						

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Matrix: Water					E١	aluation: × =	Holding time excee	edance ; •	<pre>/ = Within</pre>	Holding Time
Analyte Group : Analytical Method	Method	Sampling Date	Extraction / Preparation				Analysis			
Container / Client Sample ID(s)			Preparation	Holding	g Times	Eval	Analysis Date	Holding	Times	Eval
			Date	Rec	Actual			Rec	Actual	
Anions and Nutrients : Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen by Fluorescence (Low Level)										
Amber glass total (sulfuric acid) [ON MECP]										
BH23-1D	E318	19-Oct-2023	23-Oct-2023	28	4 days	1	24-Oct-2023	28 days	6 days	✓
				days						
Anions and Nutrients : Total Phosphorus by Colourimetry (0.002 mg/L)										
Amber glass total (sulfuric acid) [ON MECP]										
BH23-1D	E372-U	19-Oct-2023	22-Oct-2023	28	4 days	1	23-Oct-2023	28 days	5 days	1
				days						
Cyanides : Total Cyanide										
HDPE - total (sodium hydroxide)										
BH23-1D	E333	19-Oct-2023	24-Oct-2023	14	6 days	1	24-Oct-2023	14 days	6 days	1
				days						
Microbiological Tests : Thermotolerant (Fecal) Coliform (MF-mFC)										
Sterile HDPE (Sodium thiosulphate) [ON MECP]										
BH23-1D	E012.FC	19-Oct-2023					20-Oct-2023	48 hrs	34 hrs	1
Physical Tests : pH by Meter										
HDPE [ON MECP]										_
BH23-1D	E108	19-Oct-2023	23-Oct-2023	14	5 days	~	23-Oct-2023	14 days	5 days	~
				days						
Physical Tests : TSS by Gravimetry										
HDPE [ON MECP]										
BH23-1D	E160	19-Oct-2023					23-Oct-2023	7 days	4 days	~
Total Metals : Total Mercury in Water by CVAAS										
Glass vial total (hydrochloric acid) [ON MECP]										
BH23-1D	E508	19-Oct-2023	20-Oct-2023	28	1 days	~	20-Oct-2023	28 days	1 days	~
				days						
Total Metals : Total Metals in Water by CRC ICPMS										
HDPE total (nitric acid)										
BH23-1D	E420	19-Oct-2023	19-Oct-2023	180	1 days	1	20-Oct-2023	180	1 days	1
				days				days		

Legend & Qualifier Definitions

Rec. HT: ALS recommended hold time (see units).

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Quality Control Parameter Frequency Compliance

The following report summarizes the frequency of laboratory QC samples analyzed within the analytical batches (QC lots) in which the submitted samples were processed. The actual frequency should be greater than or equal to the expected frequency.

Matrix: Water	Evaluation: × = QC frequency outside specification; ✓ = QC frequency within specif						
Quality Control Sample Type	Count				Frequency (%)		
Analytical Methods	Method	QC Lot #	QC	Regular	Actual	Expected	Evaluation
Laboratory Duplicates (DUP)							
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (Carbonaceous) - 5 day	E555	1194478	1	20	5.0	5.0	✓
Chloride in Water by IC	E235.Cl	1200240	1	10	10.0	5.0	~
Fluoride in Water by IC	E235.F	1200237	1	4	25.0	5.0	✓
pH by Meter	E108	1200232	1	8	12.5	5.0	✓
Phenols (4AAP) in Water by Colorimetry	E562	1196136	1	20	5.0	5.0	✓
Sulfate in Water by IC	E235.SO4	1200241	1	4	25.0	5.0	✓
Thermotolerant (Fecal) Coliform (MF-mFC)	E012.FC	1196479	0	2	0.0	5.0	×
Total Cyanide	E333	1203730	1	15	6.6	5.0	✓
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen by Fluorescence (Low Level)	E318	1196134	1	18	5.5	5.0	✓
Total Mercury in Water by CVAAS	E508	1196080	1	17	5.8	5.0	~
Total Metals in Water by CRC ICPMS	E420	1195791	1	12	8.3	5.0	✓
Total Phosphorus by Colourimetry (0.002 mg/L)	E372-U	1196135	1	20	5.0	5.0	~
TSS by Gravimetry	E160	1199957	1	18	5.5	4.7	✓
Laboratory Control Samples (LCS)							
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (Carbonaceous) - 5 day	E555	1194478	1	20	5.0	5.0	1
Chloride in Water by IC	E235.Cl	1200240	1	10	10.0	5.0	✓
Fluoride in Water by IC	E235.F	1200237	1	4	25.0	5.0	✓
Mineral Oil & Grease by Gravimetry	E567SG	1194383	1	7	14.2	5.0	✓
Oil & Grease by Gravimetry	E567	1194382	1	16	6.2	5.0	✓
pH by Meter	E108	1200232	1	8	12.5	5.0	~
Phenols (4AAP) in Water by Colorimetry	E562	1196136	1	20	5.0	5.0	 Image: A set of the set of the
Sulfate in Water by IC	E235.SO4	1200241	1	4	25.0	5.0	✓
Total Cyanide	E333	1203730	1	15	6.6	5.0	✓
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen by Fluorescence (Low Level)	E318	1196134	1	18	5.5	5.0	✓
Total Mercury in Water by CVAAS	E508	1196080	1	17	5.8	5.0	✓
Total Metals in Water by CRC ICPMS	E420	1195791	1	12	8.3	5.0	 Image: A set of the set of the
Total Phosphorus by Colourimetry (0.002 mg/L)	E372-U	1196135	1	20	5.0	5.0	✓
TSS by Gravimetry	E160	1199957	1	18	5.5	4.7	✓
Method Blanks (MB)							
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (Carbonaceous) - 5 day	E555	1194478	1	20	5.0	5.0	✓
Chloride in Water by IC	E235.Cl	1200240	1	10	10.0	5.0	~
Fluoride in Water by IC	E235.F	1200237	1	4	25.0	5.0	✓
Mineral Oil & Grease by Gravimetry	E567SG	1194383	1	7	14.2	5.0	✓
Oil & Grease by Gravimetry	E567	1194382	1	16	6.2	5.0	 ✓
Phenols (4AAP) in Water by Colorimetry	E562	1196136	1	20	5.0	5.0	 ✓

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atrix: Water Evaluation: × = QC frequency outside specification; ✓ = QC frequency within specification									
Quality Control Sample Type			Со	unt		Frequency (%)			
Analytical Methods	Method	QC Lot #	QC	Regular	Actual	Expected	Evaluation		
Method Blanks (MB) - Continued									
Sulfate in Water by IC	E235.SO4	1200241	1	4	25.0	5.0	✓		
Thermotolerant (Fecal) Coliform (MF-mFC)	E012.FC	1196479	1	2	50.0	5.0	✓		
Total Cyanide	E333	1203730	1	15	6.6	5.0	✓		
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen by Fluorescence (Low Level)	E318	1196134	1	18	5.5	5.0	✓		
Total Mercury in Water by CVAAS	E508	1196080	1	17	5.8	5.0	✓		
Total Metals in Water by CRC ICPMS	E420	1195791	1	12	8.3	5.0	✓		
Total Phosphorus by Colourimetry (0.002 mg/L)	E372-U	1196135	1	20	5.0	5.0	✓		
TSS by Gravimetry	E160	1199957	1	18	5.5	4.7	✓		
Matrix Spikes (MS)									
Chloride in Water by IC	E235.Cl	1200240	1	10	10.0	5.0	✓		
Fluoride in Water by IC	E235.F	1200237	1	4	25.0	5.0	✓		
Phenols (4AAP) in Water by Colorimetry	E562	1196136	1	20	5.0	5.0	✓		
Sulfate in Water by IC	E235.SO4	1200241	1	4	25.0	5.0	✓		
Total Cyanide	E333	1203730	1	15	6.6	5.0	✓		
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen by Fluorescence (Low Level)	E318	1196134	1	18	5.5	5.0	✓		
Total Mercury in Water by CVAAS	E508	1196080	1	17	5.8	5.0	✓		
Total Metals in Water by CRC ICPMS	E420	1195791	1	12	8.3	5.0	✓		
Total Phosphorus by Colourimetry (0.002 mg/L)	E372-U	1196135	1	20	5.0	5.0	1		



Methodology References and Summaries

The analytical methods used by ALS are developed using internationally recognized reference methods (where available), such as those published by US EPA, APHA Standard Methods, ASTM, ISO, Environment Canada, BC MOE, and Ontario MOE. Reference methods may incorporate modifications to improve performance (indicated by "mod").

Analytical Methods	Method / Lab	Matrix	Method Reference	Method Descriptions
Thermotolerant (Fecal) Coliform (MF-mFC)	E012.FC	Water	APHA 9222 D (mod)	Following filtration (0.45 μm), and incubation at 44.5 $\pm 0.2^\circ C$ for 22-26 hours, colonies
				exhibiting characteristic morphology of the target organism are enumerated and
	ALS Environmental -			confirmed.
	Waterloo	Motor		
pH by Meter	E108	vvater	APHA 4500-H (mod)	pH is determined by potentiometric measurement with a pH electrode, and is conducted
				at ambient laboratory temperature (normality 20 ± 5 C). For high accuracy test results,
	Waterloo			
TSS by Gravimetry	E160	Water	APHA 2540 D (mod)	Total Suspended Solids (TSS) are determined by filtering a sample through a glass fibre
	2100			filter following by drying of the filter at $104 \pm 1^{\circ}$ C with gravimetric measurement of the
	ALS Environmental -			filtered solids. Samples containing very high dissolved solid content (i.e. seawaters.
	Waterloo			brackish waters) may produce a positive bias by this method. Alternate analysis
				methods are available for these types of samples.
Chloride in Water by IC	E235.Cl	Water	EPA 300.1 (mod)	Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and /or UV detection.
	ALS Environmental -			
	Waterloo			
Fluoride in Water by IC	E235.F	Water	EPA 300.1 (mod)	Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and /or UV detection.
	ALS Environmental -			
	Waterloo			
Sulfate in Water by IC	E235.SO4	Water	EPA 300.1 (mod)	Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and /or UV detection.
	ALS Environmental -			
	Waterloo			
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen by Fluorescence (Low Level)	E318	Water	Method Fialab 100, 2018	TKN in water is determined by automated continuous flow analysis with membrane diffusion and fluorescence detection, after reaction with OPA (ortho-phthalaldehyde).
,	ALS Environmental -			This method is approved under US EPA 40 CFR Part 136 (May 2021).
	Waterloo			
Total Cyanide	E333	Water	ISO 14403 (mod)	Total or Strong Acid Dissociable (SAD) Cyanide is determined by Continuous Flow Analyzer (CFA) with in-line UV digestion followed by colourmetric analysis.
	ALS Environmental -			
	Waterloo			Method Limitation: High levels of thiocyanate (SCN) may cause positive interference (up
				to 0.5% of SCN concentration).
Total Phosphorus by Colourimetry (0.002	E372-U	Water	APHA 4500-P E (mod).	Total Phosphorus is determined colourimetrically using a discrete analyzer after heated
mg/L)				persulfate digestion of the sample.
	ALS Environmental -			
	Waterloo			

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Analytical Methods	Method / Lab	Matrix	Method Reference	Method Descriptions
Total Metals in Water by CRC ICPMS	E420 ALS Environmental -	Water	EPA 200.2/6020B (mod)	Water samples are digested with nitric and hydrochloric acids, and analyzed by Collision/Reaction Cell ICPMS.
	Waterloo			Method Limitation (re: Sulfur): Sulfide and volatile sulfur species may not be recovered by this method.
Total Mercury in Water by CVAAS	E508	Water	EPA 1631E (mod)	Water samples undergo a cold-oxidation using bromine monochloride prior to reduction
	ALS Environmental -			
	Waterloo			
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (Carbonaceous)	E555	Water	APHA 5210 B (mod)	Samples are diluted and incubated for a specified time period, after which the oxygen
- 5 day	ALS Environmental - Waterloo			depletion is measured using a dissolved oxygen meter. Nitrification inhibitor is added to samples to prevent nitrogenous compounds from consuming oxygen resulting in only carbonaceous oxygen demand being reported by this method.
				Free chlorine is a negative interference in the BOD method; please advise ALS when free chlorine is present in samples.
Phenols (4AAP) in Water by Colorimetry	E562	Water	EPA 9066	This automated method is based on the distillation of phenol and subsequent reaction of the distillate with alkaline ferricyanide (K3Fe(CN)6) and 4-amino-antipyrine (4-AAP) to
	ALS Environmental -			form a red complex which is measured colorimetrically.
	Waterloo			
Oil & Grease by Gravimetry	E567	Water	BC MOE Lab Manual (Oil & Grease) (mod)	The entire water sample is extracted with hexane and the extract is evaporated to dryness. The residue is then weighed to determine Oil and Grease.
	ALS Environmental -			
Minoral Oil & Crana by Cravimatry	Waterloo	Wator		The sector contraction is the sector of the
Mineral Oli & Grease by Gravinieury	E5678G	water	(Oil & Grease) (mod)	which the extract is evaporated to dryness. The residue is then weighed to determine
	ALS Environmental -			Mineral Oil and Grease.
	Waterloo	Matar	ADUA 5520 (mod)	
Gravimetry	EC567A.SG	water	APHA 5520 (mod)	Animal & vegetable oil and grease is calculated as follows: Oil & Grease (gravimetric) minus Mineral Oil & Grease (gravimetric)
	ALS Environmental -			
	Waterloo			
Preparation Methods	Method / Lab	Matrix	Method Reference	Method Descriptions
Digestion for TKN in water	EP318	Water	APHA 4500-Norg D	Samples are digested at high temperature using Sulfuric Acid with Copper catalyst,
			(mod)	which converts organic nitrogen sources to Ammonia, which is then quantified by the
	ALS Environmental - Waterloo			analytical method as IKN. This method is unsuitable for samples containing high levels of pitrate. If pitrate exceeds TKN concentration by ten times or more results may be
	Watehoo			biased low.
Digestion for Total Phosphorus in water	EP372	Water	APHA 4500-P E (mod).	Samples are heated with a persulfate digestion reagent.
	ALS Environmental -			
	Waterloo			

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Preparation Methods	Method / Lab	Matrix	Method Reference	Method Descriptions
Oil & Grease Extraction for Gravimetry	EP567	Water	BC MOE Lab Manual	The entire water sample is extracted with hexane by liquid-liquid extraction.
			(Oil & Grease) (mod)	
	ALS Environmental -			
	Waterloo			

ALS Canada Ltd.



QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

Work Order	[:] WT2333881	Page	: 1 of 10
Client	: WSP Canada Inc.	Laboratory	: ALS Environmental - Waterloo
Contact	: Lisseth Benavente	Account Manager	: Gayle Braun
Address	: 6925 Century Ave Suite #100	Address	:60 Northland Road, Unit 1
	Mississauga ON Canada L5N 7K2		Waterloo, Ontario Canada N2V 2B8
Telephone		Telephone	: +1 519 886 6910
Project	: CA0010884/PHASE: 200	Date Samples Received	: 19-Oct-2023 09:00
PO	:	Date Analysis Commenced	: 19-Oct-2023
C-O-C number	: 20-1084021	Issue Date	: 25-Oct-2023 16:33
Sampler	RAMIN N.		
Site	: 85 CLAIR RD E, GUELPH, ON		
Quote number	: WSP MSA Pricing		
No. of samples received	:1		
No. of samples analysed	:1		

This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Quality Control Report contains the following information:

- Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report; Relative Percent Difference (RPD) and Data Quality Objectives
- Matrix Spike (MS) Report; Recovery and Data Quality Objectives
- Method Blank (MB) Report; Recovery and Data Quality Objectives
- Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) Report; Recovery and Data Quality Objectives

Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is conducted in accordance with US FDA 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories	Position	Laboratory Department
Jocelyn Kennedy	Department Manager - Semi-Volatile Organics	Waterloo Organics, Waterloo, Ontario
Jon Fisher	Production Manager, Environmental	Waterloo Inorganics, Waterloo, Ontario
Jon Fisher	Production Manager, Environmental	Waterloo Metals, Waterloo, Ontario
Zeba Patel		Waterloo Microbiology, Waterloo, Ontario

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General Comments

The ALS Quality Control (QC) report is optionally provided to ALS clients upon request. ALS test methods include comprehensive QC checks with every analysis to ensure our high standards of quality are met. Each QC result has a known or expected target value, which is compared against predetermined Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) to provide confidence in the accuracy of associated test results. This report contains detailed results for all QC results applicable to this sample submission. Please refer to the ALS Quality Control Interpretation report (QCI) for applicable method references and methodology summaries.

Key :

Anonymous = Refers to samples which are not part of this work order, but which formed part of the QC process lot.

CAS Number = Chemical Abstracts Service number is a unique identifier assigned to discrete substances.

DQO = Data Quality Objective.

LOR = Limit of Reporting (detection limit).

RPD = Relative Percent Difference

= Indicates a QC result that did not meet the ALS DQO.

Workorder Comments

Holding times are displayed as "----" if no guidance exists from CCME, Canadian provinces, or broadly recognized international references.

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Project	:	CA0010884/PHASE: 200



Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report

A Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) is a randomly selected intralaboratory replicate sample. Laboratory Duplicates provide information regarding method precision and sample heterogeneity. ALS DQOs for Laboratory Duplicates are expressed as test-specific limits for Relative Percent Difference (RPD), or as an absolute difference limit of 2 times the LOR for low concentration duplicates within ~ 4-10 times the LOR (cut-off is test-specific).

Sub-Matrix: Water					Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report						
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Analyte	CAS Number	Method	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD(%) or Difference	Duplicate Limits	Qualifier
Physical Tests (QC	Lot: 1199957)										
WT2333881-001	BH23-1D	Solids, total suspended [TSS]		E160	3.0	mg/L	9.3	9.1	0.2	Diff <2x LOR	
Physical Tests (QC	Lot: 1200232)										
WT2333869-001	Anonymous	рН		E108	0.10	pH units	8.15	8.12	0.369%	4%	
Anions and Nutrien	ts (QC Lot: 1196134)										
WT2333338-001	Anonymous	Kjeldahl nitrogen, total [TKN]		E318	0.500	mg/L	1.92	2.09	0.171	Diff <2x LOR	
Anions and Nutrient	ts (QC Lot: 1196135)										
WT2333525-001	Anonymous	Phosphorus, total	7723-14-0	E372-U	0.0020	mg/L	0.422	0.426	1.05%	20%	
Anions and Nutrien	ts (QC Lot: 1200237)										
WT2333869-001	Anonymous	Fluoride	16984-48-8	E235.F	0.020	mg/L	0.076	0.079	0.003	Diff <2x LOR	
Anions and Nutrien	ts (QC Lot: 1200240)									II	
WT2333869-001	Anonymous	Chloride	16887-00-6	E235.CI	0.50	mg/L	48.3	49.3	2.00%	20%	
Anions and Nutrien	ts (QC Lot: 1200241)										
WT2333869-001	Anonymous	Sulfate (as SO4)	14808-79-8	E235.SO4	0.30	mg/L	48.7	49.4	1.52%	20%	
Total Metals (QC Lo	ot: 1195791)										
HA2300873-001	Anonymous	Aluminum, total	7429-90-5	E420	0.0030	mg/L	0.0252	0.0252	0.00006	Diff <2x LOR	
		Antimony, total	7440-36-0	E420	0.00010	mg/L	<0.00010	<0.00010	0	Diff <2x LOR	
		Arsenic, total	7440-38-2	E420	0.00010	mg/L	0.00020	0.00020	0.000007	Diff <2x LOR	
		Bismuth, total	7440-69-9	E420	0.000050	mg/L	<0.000050	<0.000050	0	Diff <2x LOR	
		Cadmium, total	7440-43-9	E420	0.0000050	mg/L	<0.0000050	<0.0000050	0	Diff <2x LOR	
		Chromium, total	7440-47-3	E420	0.00050	mg/L	<0.00050	<0.00050	0	Diff <2x LOR	
		Cobalt, total	7440-48-4	E420	0.00010	mg/L	<0.00010	<0.00010	0	Diff <2x LOR	
		Copper, total	7440-50-8	E420	0.00050	mg/L	0.0226	0.0224	0.912%	20%	
		Iron, total	7439-89-6	E420	0.010	mg/L	0.120	0.118	0.865%	20%	
		Lead, total	7439-92-1	E420	0.000050	mg/L	0.000212	0.000211	0.000001	Diff <2x LOR	
		Manganese, total	7439-96-5	E420	0.00010	mg/L	0.00348	0.00354	1.96%	20%	
		Molybdenum, total	7439-98-7	E420	0.000050	mg/L	0.000130	0.000133	0.000002	Diff <2x LOR	
		Nickel, total	7440-02-0	E420	0.00050	mg/L	<0.00050	<0.00050	0	Diff <2x LOR	
		Selenium, total	7782-49-2	E420	0.000050	mg/L	<0.000050	<0.000050	0	Diff <2x LOR	
		Silver, total	7440-22-4	E420	0.000010	mg/L	<0.000010	<0.000010	0	Diff <2x LOR	
		Tin, total	7440-31-5	E420	0.00010	mg/L	<0.00010	<0.00010	0	Diff <2x LOR	

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Work Order	:	WT2333881
Client	:	WSP Canada Inc.
Project	:	CA0010884/PHASE: 200



Sub-Matrix: Water			Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report								
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Analyte	CAS Number	Method	LOR	Unit	Original Result	Duplicate Result	RPD(%) or Difference	Duplicate Limits	Qualifier
Total Metals (QC Lo	t: 1195791) - continued										
HA2300873-001	Anonymous	Titanium, total	7440-32-6	E420	0.00030	mg/L	<0.00030	<0.00030	0	Diff <2x LOR	
		Vanadium, total	7440-62-2	E420	0.00050	mg/L	<0.00050	<0.00050	0	Diff <2x LOR	
		Zinc, total	7440-66-6	E420	0.0030	mg/L	0.168	0.168	0.593%	20%	
Total Metals (QC Lo	ot: 1196080)										
WT2333760-001	Anonymous	Mercury, total	7439-97-6	E508	0.0000500	mg/L	3.47 µg/L	0.00372	6.95%	20%	
Aggregate Organics	(QC Lot: 1194478)										
WT2333885-001	Anonymous	Carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand [CBOD]		E555	2.0	mg/L	2.0	2.1	0.0%	30%	
Aggregate Organics	(QC Lot: 1196136)										
WT2333533-001	Anonymous	Phenols, total (4AAP)		E562	0.0010	mg/L	<0.0010	<0.0010	0	Diff <2x LOR	



Method Blank (MB) Report

A Method Blank is an analyte-free matrix that undergoes sample processing identical to that carried out for test samples. Method Blank results are used to monitor and control for potential contamination from the laboratory environment and reagents. For most tests, the DQO for Method Blanks is for the result to be < LOR.

mayingCAS NumerKenordLoreLoreResultQuerierNyscall 1999571-Flo3mgl.ResultMSolas, total supported [TS]-Flo3mgl.ResultMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM<	Sub-Matrix: Water						
by big b	Analyte	CAS Number	Method	LOR	Unit	Result	Qualifier
Solids. to a suppreded [TISS]•••FEGO00mgL<-3.00.9.0none and Nutrients (ACLot: 1196132)E3180.0500.050mgL0.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.00.050.0 </td <td>Physical Tests (QCLot: 1199957)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Physical Tests (QCLot: 1199957)						
E18 0.08 mgl <0.050 <0.000 Notions and Nutrients (OCLot: 1196135) 0.002 mgl 0.0000 mgl<	Solids, total suspended [TSS]		E160	3	mg/L	<3.0	
Kipkiah minogene, total [TKN]E3190.05mgl.0.40.090.40.090.40.09Honse AN Utrients (ACLot: 1196138)7723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-1405723-140	Anions and Nutrients (QCLot: 1196134)						
Progebours, toll7732-14§372-J6.0020.002mg.L9.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.00209.0020	Kjeldahl nitrogen, total [TKN]		E318	0.05	mg/L	<0.050	
Phosphola, totalPhospholaPhospho	Anions and Nutrients (QCLot: 1196135)						
Initial Autitants (QCLot: 1200237) Fluoride 16984-48-8 E285.F 0.02 mgl. 0.020 mgl. 0.0000 mgl.	Phosphorus, total	7723-14-0	E372-U	0.002	mg/L	<0.0020	
FluorideTipolog	Anions and Nutrients (QCLot: 1200237)						
Inions and Nutrients (OCL t: 120024) Ideas Color Restrict of State Color Restrict of S	Fluoride	16984-48-8	E235.F	0.02	mg/L	<0.020	
Cholos16887-008E23.C I0.5mg/L0.40.500nions and Nutrients (QCLot: 1203710)123.5040.3mg/L0.0020.00200yanides (QCLot: 1203730)53.30.0020.002COUDENColose (Colose (Co	Anions and Nutrients (QCLot: 1200240)						
Iniona and Nutrients (QCLct: 1200241) States SOA 0.3 mg/L <0.30 mg/L <0.300 mg/L <0.300 mg/L <0.300 mg/L <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.300 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000	Chloride	16887-00-6	E235.CI	0.5	mg/L	<0.50	
Sulfate (as SO4) 14808-79 E23S.SO4 0.3 mg/L <0.30 mg/L <0.30 mg/L <0.30 mg/L <0.300 mg/L <0.300 mg/L <0.3000 mg/L <0.3000 mg/L <0.3000 mg/L <0.3000 mg/L <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 <0.3000 Mg/L <0.3000 <0.3000 Mg/L <0.3000 <0.3000 Mg/L <0.30000 <0.3000 Mg/L <0.30000 Mg/L <0.3000 <td>Anions and Nutrients (QCLot: 1200241)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Anions and Nutrients (QCLot: 1200241)						
synides (QCLot: 1203730) E33 0.002 mg/L <0.0020 <0.0020 <0.0020 icrobiological Tests (QCLot: 1196479) E012.FC 1 CFU/100mL <1	Sulfate (as SO4)	14808-79-8	E235.SO4	0.3	mg/L	<0.30	
Cyanide, strong acid dissociable (Total) E333 0.002 mg/L <0.002 mg/L <0.003	Cyanides (QCLot: 1203730)						
bit in the second secon	Cyanide, strong acid dissociable (Total)		E333	0.002	mg/L	<0.0020	
Collforms, thermotolerant [fecal] CPL / 2CP CPL / 2CP <thcpl 2cp<="" th=""> CPL / 2CP <thcpl< td=""><td>Microbiological Tests (QCLot: 1196479)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></thcpl<></thcpl>	Microbiological Tests (QCLot: 1196479)						
Aluminum, total 7429-90 F420 0.003 mg/L <0.0030	Coliforms, thermotolerant [fecal]		E012.FC	1	CFU/100mL	<1	
Aluminum, total 7429-05 F429 F429 <td>Total Metals (QCLot: 1195791)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Total Metals (QCLot: 1195791)						
Antmony, total 7440-36-0 E420 0.0001 mg/L <.0.0010 Arsenic, total 7440-38-2 E420 0.0001 mg/L <.0.00050	Aluminum, total	7429-90-5	E420	0.003	mg/L	<0.0030	
Arsenic, total7440-32F4200.0001mg/L<0.00010Bismuth, total7440-69F4200.00050mg/L<0.00050	Antimony, total	7440-36-0	E420	0.0001	mg/L	<0.00010	
Bismuth, total740-6996200.00005mg/L<0.000050mg/L<0.000050Cadmium, total740-4396400.00005mg/L<0.000050	Arsenic, total	7440-38-2	E420	0.0001	mg/L	<0.00010	
Cadmium, total 7404-34 Fe20 0.000005 mg/L <0.0000000	Bismuth, total	7440-69-9	E420	0.00005	mg/L	<0.000050	
Chromium, total 7440-473 E420 0.0005 mg/L <-0.0050 Cobalt, total 7440-484 E420 0.001 mg/L <0.0010	Cadmium, total	7440-43-9	E420	0.000005	mg/L	<0.000050	
Cobalt, totalT440-44E4200.0001mg/L<0.00010Copper, totalT440-50E4200.0005mg/L<0.0050	Chromium, total	7440-47-3	E420	0.0005	mg/L	<0.00050	
Copper, total7440-50884200.0005mg/L<0.00050Iron, total7439-8664200.01mg/L<0.010	Cobalt, total	7440-48-4	E420	0.0001	mg/L	<0.00010	
Iron, total 7439-86 8420 0.01 mg/L <.0.010 Lead, total 7439-86 8420 0.00050 mg/L <.0.00050	Copper, total	7440-50-8	E420	0.0005	mg/L	<0.00050	
Lead, total7439-92184200.00050mg/L<0.00050Manganese, total7439-96584200.0001mg/L<0.00010	Iron, total	7439-89-6	E420	0.01	mg/L	<0.010	
Manganese, total7439-9684200.0001mg/L<0.00010Molybdenum, total7439-98784200.00050mg/L<0.00050	Lead, total	7439-92-1	E420	0.00005	mg/L	<0.000050	
Molybdenum, total 7439-87 E420 0.0005 mg/L <0.00050 Nickel, total 7440-20 E420 0.0005 mg/L <0.00050	Manganese, total	7439-96-5	E420	0.0001	mg/L	<0.00010	
Nickel, total 7440-20 E420 0.0005 mg/L <0.00050 Selenium, total 7782-49 E420 0.0005 mg/L <0.00050	Molybdenum, total	7439-98-7	E420	0.00005	mg/L	<0.000050	
Selenium, total 7782-49-2 E420 0.00050 mg/L <0.00050 Silver, total 7440-22-4 E420 0.0001 mg/L <0.00010	Nickel, total	7440-02-0	E420	0.0005	mg/L	<0.00050	
Silver, total 7440-22-4 E420 0.00001 mg/L <0.00010 Tin, total 7440-31-5 E420 0.0001 mg/L <0.00010	Selenium, total	7782-49-2	E420	0.00005	mg/L	<0.000050	
Tin, total 740-31-5 E420 0.0001 mg/L <0.00010	Silver, total	7440-22-4	E420	0.00001	mg/L	<0.000010	
	Tin, total	7440-31-5	E420	0.0001	mg/L	<0.00010	

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Work Order	:	WT2333881
Client	:	WSP Canada Inc.
Project	:	CA0010884/PHASE: 200



Sub-Matrix: Water

Analyte	CAS Number	Method	LOR	Unit	Result	Qualifier
Total Metals (QCLot: 1195791) - continued						
Titanium, total	7440-32-6	E420	0.0003	mg/L	<0.00030	
Vanadium, total	7440-62-2	E420	0.0005	mg/L	<0.00050	
Zinc, total	7440-66-6	E420	0.003	mg/L	<0.0030	
Total Metals (QCLot: 1196080)						
Mercury, total	7439-97-6	E508	0.000005	mg/L	<0.000050	
Aggregate Organics (QCLot: 1194382)						
Oil & grease (gravimetric)		E567	5	mg/L	<5.0	
Aggregate Organics (QCLot: 1194383)						
Oil & grease, mineral (gravimetric)		E567SG	5	mg/L	<5.0	
Aggregate Organics (QCLot: 1194478)						
Carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand [CBOD]		E555	2	mg/L	<2.0	
Aggregate Organics (QCLot: 1196136)						
Phenols, total (4AAP)		E562	0.001	mg/L	<0.0010	



Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) Report

A Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) is an analyte-free matrix that has been fortified (spiked) with test analytes at known concentration and processed in an identical manner to test samples. LCS results are expressed as percent recovery, and are used to monitor and control test method accuracy and precision, independent of test sample matrix.

Sub-Matrix: Water						Laboratory Co	ntrol Sample (LCS)	Report	
					Spike	Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)	
Analyte	CAS Number	Method	LOR	Unit	Concentration	LCS	Low	High	Qualifier
Physical Tests (QCLot: 1199957)									
Solids, total suspended [TSS]		E160	3	mg/L	150 mg/L	89.2	85.0	115	
Physical Tests (QCLot: 1200232)									
рН		E108		pH units	7 pH units	100	98.0	102	
Anions and Nutrients (QCLot: 1196134)									
Kjeldahl nitrogen, total [TKN]		E318	0.05	mg/L	4 mg/L	105	75.0	125	
Anions and Nutrients (QCLot: 1196135)									
Phosphorus, total	7723-14-0	E372-U	0.002	mg/L	0.393 mg/L	95.6	80.0	120	
Anions and Nutrients (QCLot: 1200237)									
Fluoride	16984-48-8	E235.F	0.02	mg/L	1 mg/L	100	90.0	110	
Anions and Nutrients (QCLot: 1200240)									
Chloride	16887-00-6	E235.Cl	0.5	mg/L	100 mg/L	101	90.0	110	
Anions and Nutrients (QCLot: 1200241)									
Sulfate (as SO4)	14808-79-8	E235.SO4	0.3	mg/L	100 mg/L	100	90.0	110	
Cyanides (QCLot: 1203730)									
Cyanide, strong acid dissociable (Total)		E333	0.002	mg/L	0.25 mg/L	99.9	80.0	120	
Total Metals (QCLot: 1195791)									
Aluminum, total	7429-90-5	E420	0.003	mg/L	0.1 mg/L	98.7	80.0	120	
Antimony, total	7440-36-0	E420	0.0001	mg/L	0.05 mg/L	96.1	80.0	120	
Arsenic, total	7440-38-2	E420	0.0001	mg/L	0.05 mg/L	102	80.0	120	
Bismuth, total	7440-69-9	E420	0.00005	mg/L	0.05 mg/L	97.3	80.0	120	
Cadmium, total	7440-43-9	E420	0.000005	mg/L	0.005 mg/L	98.4	80.0	120	
Chromium, total	7440-47-3	E420	0.0005	mg/L	0.0125 mg/L	99.0	80.0	120	
Cobalt, total	7440-48-4	E420	0.0001	mg/L	0.0125 mg/L	99.7	80.0	120	
Copper, total	7440-50-8	E420	0.0005	mg/L	0.0125 mg/L	97.9	80.0	120	
Iron, total	7439-89-6	E420	0.01	mg/L	0.05 mg/L	97.1	80.0	120	
Lead, total	7439-92-1	E420	0.00005	mg/L	0.025 mg/L	99.5	80.0	120	
Manganese, total	7439-96-5	E420	0.0001	mg/L	0.0125 mg/L	99.4	80.0	120	
Molybdenum, total	7439-98-7	E420	0.00005	mg/L	0.0125 mg/L	95.3	80.0	120	
Nickel, total	7440-02-0	E420	0.0005	mg/L	0.025 mg/L	98.6	80.0	120	
Selenium, total	7782-49-2	E420	0.00005	mg/L	0.05 mg/L	96.6	80.0	120	

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Sub-Matrix: Water						Laboratory Co	ntrol Sample (LCS)	Report	
					Spike	Recovery (%)	Recovery	v Limits (%)	
Analyte	CAS Number	Method	LOR	Unit	Concentration	LCS	Low	High	Qualifier
Total Metals (QCLot: 1195791) - continued									
Silver, total	7440-22-4	E420	0.00001	mg/L	0.005 mg/L	88.8	80.0	120	
Tin, total	7440-31-5	E420	0.0001	mg/L	0.025 mg/L	92.6	80.0	120	
Titanium, total	7440-32-6	E420	0.0003	mg/L	0.0125 mg/L	95.0	80.0	120	
Vanadium, total	7440-62-2	E420	0.0005	mg/L	0.025 mg/L	101	80.0	120	
Zinc, total	7440-66-6	E420	0.003	mg/L	0.025 mg/L	98.4	80.0	120	
Total Metals (QCLot: 1196080)									
Mercury, total	7439-97-6	E508	0.000005	mg/L	0.0001 mg/L	99.5	80.0	120	
Aggregate Organics (QCLot: 1194382)									
Oil & grease (gravimetric)		E567	5	mg/L	200 mg/L	94.0	70.0	130	
Aggregate Organics (QCLot: 1194383)									
Oil & grease, mineral (gravimetric)		E567SG	5	mg/L	100 mg/L	89.0	70.0	130	
Aggregate Organics (QCLot: 1194478)									
Carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand [CBOD]		E555	2	mg/L	198 mg/L	106	85.0	115	
Aggregate Organics (QCLot: 1196136)									
Phenols, total (4AAP)		E562	0.001	mg/L	0.02 mg/L	105	85.0	115	



Matrix Spike (MS) Report

A Matrix Spike (MS) is a randomly selected intra-laboratory replicate sample that has been fortified (spiked) with test analytes at known concentration, and processed in an identical manner to test samples. Matrix Spikes provide information regarding analyte recovery and potential matrix effects. MS DQO exceedances due to sample matrix may sometimes be unavoidable; in such cases, test results for the associated sample (or similar samples) may be subject to bias. ND – Recovery not determined, background level >= 1x spike level.

Sub-Matrix: Water							Matrix Spik	te (MS) Report		
					Spi	ike	Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)	
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Analyte	CAS Number	Method	Concentration	Target	MS	Low	High	Qualifier
Anions and Nutri	ents (QCLot: 1196134)									
WT2333338-001	Anonymous	Kjeldahl nitrogen, total [TKN]		E318	28.2 mg/L	2.5 mg/L	113	70.0	130	
Anions and Nutri	ents (QCLot: 1196135)									
WT2333525-001	Anonymous	Phosphorus, total	7723-14-0	E372-U	ND mg/L	0.1 mg/L	ND	70.0	130	
Anions and Nutri	ents (QCLot: 1200237)									
WT2333869-001	Anonymous	Fluoride	16984-48-8	E235.F	0.964 mg/L	1 mg/L	96.4	75.0	125	
Anions and Nutri	ents (QCLot: 1200240)									
WT2333869-001	Anonymous	Chloride	16887-00-6	E235.CI	99.5 mg/L	100 mg/L	99.5	75.0	125	
Anions and Nutri	ents (QCLot: 1200241)									
WT2333869-001	Anonymous	Sulfate (as SO4)	14808-79-8	E235.SO4	101 mg/L	100 mg/L	101	75.0	125	
Cyanides (QCLo	t: 1203730)									
WT2333422-004	Anonymous	Cyanide, strong acid dissociable (Total)		E333				75.0	125	
Total Metals (QC	:Lot: 1195791)									
HA2300873-002	Anonymous	Aluminum, total	7429-90-5	E420	0.0866 mg/L	0.1 mg/L	86.6	70.0	130	
		Antimony, total	7440-36-0	E420	0.0481 mg/L	0.05 mg/L	96.2	70.0	130	
		Arsenic, total	7440-38-2	E420	0.0508 mg/L	0.05 mg/L	102	70.0	130	
		Bismuth, total	7440-69-9	E420	0.0471 mg/L	0.05 mg/L	94.2	70.0	130	
		Cadmium, total	7440-43-9	E420	0.00493 mg/L	0.005 mg/L	98.6	70.0	130	
		Chromium, total	7440-47-3	E420	0.0129 mg/L	0.0125 mg/L	103	70.0	130	
		Cobalt, total	7440-48-4	E420	0.0121 mg/L	0.0125 mg/L	96.8	70.0	130	
		Copper, total	7440-50-8	E420	ND mg/L	0.0125 mg/L	ND	70.0	130	
		Iron, total	7439-89-6	E420	0.051 mg/L	0.05 mg/L	101	70.0	130	
		Lead, total	7439-92-1	E420	0.0242 mg/L	0.025 mg/L	96.8	70.0	130	
		Manganese, total	7439-96-5	E420	0.0126 mg/L	0.0125 mg/L	101	70.0	130	
		Molybdenum, total	7439-98-7	E420	0.0120 mg/L	0.0125 mg/L	95.9	70.0	130	
		Nickel, total	7440-02-0	E420	0.0239 mg/L	0.025 mg/L	95.7	70.0	130	
		Selenium, total	7782-49-2	E420	0.0488 mg/L	0.05 mg/L	97.5	70.0	130	
		Silver, total	7440-22-4	E420	0.00438 mg/L	0.005 mg/L	87.7	70.0	130	
		Tin, total	7440-31-5	E420	0.0233 mg/L	0.025 mg/L	93.1	70.0	130	
		Titanium, total	7440-32-6	E420	0.0118 mg/L	0.0125 mg/L	94.8	70.0	130	
	1	Vanadium, total	7440-62-2	E420	0.0247 mg/L	0.025 mg/L	98.6	70.0	130	

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Sub-Matrix: Water							Matrix Spik	e (MS) Report		
					Spi	ike	Recovery (%)	Recovery	Limits (%)	
Laboratory sample ID	Client sample ID	Analyte	CAS Number	Method	Concentration	Target	MS	Low	High	Qualifier
Total Metals (QCL	_ot: 1195791) - continue	əd								
HA2300873-002	Anonymous	Zinc, total	7440-66-6	E420	ND mg/L	0.025 mg/L	ND	70.0	130	
Total Metals (QCL	_ot: 1196080)									
WT2333760-002	Anonymous	Mercury, total	7439-97-6	E508	ND mg/L	0.001 mg/L	ND	70.0	130	
Aggregate Organi	cs (QCLot: 1196136)									
WT2333533-001	Anonymous	Phenols, total (4AAP)		E562	0.0210 mg/L	0.02 mg/L	105	75.0	125	

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APPENDIX F

HYDROGRAPHS



APPENDIX F

Dewatering Calculations

Construction Dewatering Assessment - Unconfined Conditions

from Powers, 1992

North Site underground parking - Anticipated Conditions

Lateral Flow through the Till and Interbedded Sequence









